

THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

"THE LOVE OF COUNTRY GUIDES."

VOL. VII.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1898.

NO. 22.

LABOR AND INDUSTRY

SOME ITEMS OF INTEREST TO UNION WORKMEN.

What Entry of American Goods Into China Means—Every Wheel Could Merrily Whirl—It Is the Market That Can Afford Profit to America.

The Lost Bibles.

Come, my wife, lay down the Bible,
Lay your glasses on the book;
Both of us are bent and aged—
Backward, mother, let us look.
There is still the homestead,
Where I brought you long ago,
When the hair was bright with sunshine
That is now like winter's snow.
Let us talk about the babies,
As we sit here all alone;
Such a merry troop of youngsters—
How we lost them one by one.

Jack, the first of all our party,
Came to us one winter's night.
Jack, you said, should be a parson,
Long before he saw the light.
Do you see the great cathedral,
Filled the transept and the nave,
Hear the organ gladly pealing,
Watch the silent hangings wave?
See the priest in robes of office,
With the altar at his back,
Would you think that gifted preacher
Could be our own little Jack?

Then, a girl with curly tresses
Used to climb upon my knee
Like a little fairy princess,
Ruling at the age of three.
With the years there came a wedding—
How your fond heart swelled with pride
When the lord of all the country
Chose your baby for his bride!
Watch that stately carriage coming,
And the form reclining there—
Would you think that brilliant lady
Could be our own little Clara?

Then, the last, a blue-eyed youngster—
I can hear him prattling now—
Such a strong and sturdy fellow,
With his broad and honest brow.
How he used to love his mother!
Ah! I see your trembling lip!
He is far off on the water,
Captain of a royal ship.
See the bronze upon his forehead,
Hear the word of stern command—
That's the boy who clung so fondly
To his mother's gentle hand.

Ah! my wife, we've lost the babies,
Ours so long, and ours alone.
What are we to do, dear people,
Stately men and women grown.
Seldom do we even see them;
Yes, a bitter tear drop starts
As we sit here in the twilight,
Lonely hearts, and lonely hearts.
All their lives are full without us,
They'll stop long enough one day
Just to lay us in the churchyard,
Then they'll each go on his way.
—Anon.

The Chinese Markets.

Possibly the greatest problem that confronts the captains of American industries is to find markets sufficiently large to keep all American plants running all the time. At present, and for some years past, the demand for products has been inadequate to warrant the employment of full forces of men and continuous operation. Cotton mills are running so slack that some cotton growers are refusing to even pick this year's crop. What this means to the employee or to him who would be an employee needs no long explanation. The greater the demand for employees, the better situated they are. The question is one that concerns capitalists and laborers alike. In very great degree both prosper and languish together.

The introduction of labor-saving machinery is the chief cause of this condition. It carries its ultimate remedy with it, because labor-saving machinery is making it possible to gratify desires that the masses could not heretofore gratify, and the consequence will be that as human desires and their means of gratification increase, employment will be at hand for all. Hours no doubt will be much shorter, compensation reckoned per hour greater, and efficiency per hour so much enhanced that the products of labor will be even lower in price than now.

While this is true, it is also true that this adaptation to new conditions is not progressing as fast as could be desired, and as would be necessary in order that every person thrown out of employment by labor-saving machinery might immediately have at command a position even as good as the one lost.

But a manner of obtaining instant relief is at hand. It lies in the extension of American markets, not so much in the direction of Europe, where our possibilities are by the nature of things limited, as in the creation and opening of Asiatic markets, of which China is the chief. Few people in the United States have the slightest conception of what the opening of China will mean to their commercial interests. The competition for the trade of the Orient is becoming more fierce every year, one might say almost every month, and when the gates are finally opened and it becomes possible to trade with China as we now trade with Europe, the rush for commercial concessions will be something terrific. At present England is far in the lead, followed by America, Germany, Japan and Russia in the order named. Germany is exerting all its influence toward obtaining and maintaining commercial supremacy in China, and where, years ago, the shopkeepers would say, "This is English," they now point to the familiar stamp "Made in Germany." As a result of this effort it may be noted that three years ago the number of vessels entering and clearing from Chinese ports showed 21,140 flying the British flag, while in 1897 flying the German flag, while in 1897 the number of British vessels fell to 18,973, while the Germans increased to 2,061. Japan and Russia are also rapidly forging ahead.

Japan has been so busy in the last few years in supplying its own market that it has not entered into full competition with the other nations of the world for the China trade. Japan has still a considerable home market to

supply, and it is to this market that her energies will be devoted principally for the next decade. The Japanese, however, are well aware of the commercial opportunities of China and the advantages which will result to the nation first occupying the ground. As they are the shrewdest people of the eastern world, the readiest to adapt themselves to European customs, the most skillful workmen and the best traders, they have amply earned the title of the Yankees of the Orient.

Russia will not enter into competition in manufactures for many years to come, but in other lines her competition is more than all the other nations combined. Russia has vast wheat fields, the products of which she will be enabled by the new Trans-Siberian railroad, with its connections, to lay down at the doors of the Chinese as far south as Peking, and by means of the new American railroad, so far as Canton. By the same means she will be enabled to transport the products of her iron mines and coal mines and her oil wells, and by exerting her power, force the Chinese to admit them at the lowest rate of import duty. Already Russian petroleum has begun to undersell American oil, and between the Russian and Sumatran oils American oil is apt to be forced out of the market entirely. Although 1897 was a bad year for import and export trade of China, the importation of oil increased 32,000,000 gallons. In 1894 the importation of American oil amounted to 51,000,000 gallons, of Russian oil to 17,000,000, and of Sumatran oil only 500,000 gallons. In 1897 the importation of American oil had fallen off to 48,000,000, while that of Russian oil had increased to 36,000,000 gallons and that of Sumatran oil to 14,000,000.

When one stops to think of the immensity of the Chinese market which still is yet untouched by European commerce, one is lost in wonderment. The most conservative estimate of the population of China is 400,000,000 souls. China proper is about 1,475 miles in length and 1,355 miles in breadth, and contains an area of 1,348,870 miles, covering a territory in which the tea plant and the cocoon are produced at one extreme and fur-bearing animals at the other. At present its agricultural resources have been only slightly developed, so far as commercial purposes are concerned, although, owing to the density of the population, it has been necessary that every available foot of territory should be highly cultivated. The mineral wealth of China, which is vast, has practically never been touched. Although, owing to the great population and the cheapness of living, manufacturing in China could be carried on at less expense than anywhere else on the globe, and the raw materials, such as cotton, silk and iron, are right at hand, manufacturing as we know it has never been undertaken in China, and the day must come when the primitive handloom must give way to the machinery driven by steam and electricity.

The density of the population and the possibility of the agricultural and mining resources of interior China not only guarantee that railroads will be extremely profitable, but offer the greatest field in the world for electric railroads, which could run from town to town and village to village, forming a system which could be spread all over China like a network. The building of such roads would keep armies of Chinamen employed for years and would furnish work for millions of American mechanics. Thousands of steam engines, freight cars and locomotives, millions of tons of rails, hundreds and thousands of miles of wire, thousands of electric motors, a million street cars and other accessories would be needed for this purpose alone. The opening up of China would soon be followed by the adoption by the Chinese of American customs, as has been the case in Japan. This alone means millions and millions of dollars' worth of trade to America.

Notes.

A colony of 3,000 Russians will settle in the Canadian Northwest. Experiments made in Paris show that an electric wagon costs forty-seven per cent less to run than a horse wagon and thirty-two per cent less than a petroleum motor.

So far this year 75,240 acres of land have been taken up in the Swan river district of Manitoba for settlement. This district is just being opened by the extension of the Dauphin railway. The employees of the Rankin rod mills, at Pittsburgh, have been breaking records for rod production. Recently the day turn made 410 tons of finished rods in 10 hours, which broke the record of any mill in this country for the same length of time. The night turn surpassed the day turn's record by six tons, and later the day turn produced 425 tons.

The largest cargo ever carried on the lakes was taken last week by the schooner Roebing of the new iron ore fleet from the docks at Duluth. It consisted of 7,865 net tons of ore. The vessel was towed by the steamer Stevenson of the same fleet, which also towed the schooner Nacmyth, the combined cargo of the three vessels being 19,761 net tons, the largest tonnage ever drawn by one engine on the lakes.

Municipal ownership of electric light plants is one of the phases of progressive city government that have shown marked development in Maryland during the past few years. It is now being agitated in Hagerstown, where the municipal authorities have declined to renew a 10-year contract with a private electric light company, and the people are considering the feasibility of purchasing a municipal light plant.

He Can't Change the Issue.



NOT MONEY ENOUGH.

ALTGELD HITS MONEY POWER IN VITAL SPOT.

They Can't Get Over the Argument That There Is Not Enough Money to Keep the People at Work, and Thereby Stimulate Enterprise and Invention.

Do we want the civilization of the Portuguese, for they have the gold standard? The truth is that there are many things which determine the civilization of a nation, the most important of any being climate; and I apprehend that there is no danger of bringing the climate of Mexico to the United States. But these silver-standard nations, compared to their former condition of five years past, are marvelously advanced. In the last five years the exports of Mexico have increased more than 50 per cent. The number of manufactures in Japan and Mexico have more than doubled, and the railroad building in every silver-standard country has been increasing enormously, while in the gold standard countries, instead of an increase of manufactures, there has been, during these five years, a shutting down and closing of them to an extent unknown before in the history of the nation. It is true that on account of the famine in India, the shortage of crops in Europe, and the war between the United States and Spain there has, in the last eighteen months, been an upward tendency in the price of some commodities, but when conditions become normal the same low prices must again prevail. These silver-standard countries, by reason of the increase in their commerce and manufactures, are in need more and more of a greater circulating medium, and consequently it becomes pertinent to inquire whether nations having such need for increase of money can easily yield up any quantity of money they have now for the purpose of bringing it to our mints for coinage into American dollars. When we look into the monetary statistics of those countries, we are struck with the fact that they have entirely too small a circulating medium for their own use to be able to part with any of their money. Mexico has a circulating medium of but \$4.71 per capita, Japan but \$4.09 per capita, the Central American states but \$3.78 per capita and China but \$2.03 per capita, while the United States has a circulation, according to the statement of the Secretary of the Treasury, of \$24 per capita, and France has a circulating medium of nearly \$40 for each inhabitant. Is it possible that those silver-standard countries with a shortage of circulating medium now would be willing to part with that circulating medium in order to flood the United States with silver? Why, if Mexico should send all her silver here, it would be but a bagatelle. The total circulating medium of Mexico in 1895 was but \$50,000,000, and that is only about one-fourteenth part of the demand caused by the withdrawal of the \$696,000,000 of gold.

JOHN P. ALTGELD.

Bein' squandered jublatin' by a horde that loafs around,
While the half of them is homeless,
ownin' not a foot of ground,
And dependin' on the loafers for a beggar's chance to earn
Jist enough to keep from starvin',
making that their main concern.

'S'id o' standin' up like freemen and demandin' what is theirs
And insistin' on their power to conduct their own affairs,
'S'id o' askin' furrin nations what they may and mayn't do
In what was a land of freedom 'fore we had this furrin crew.

Parson, I believe this frolic got up by this furrin crowd
Ain't to celebrate the freedom they talked about so loud;
But to jubilate their gittin' wider fields for them to rule;
And to make the job more certain git up doin's for to fool

People into half-believin' that we ort to own the moon.
Parson, if they're in for freedom they should sing another tune;
If they're in for freein' Cubans let them up and show their hand
Givin' freedom to the toilers in our own dear, blood-bought land.

—George McA. Miller in Democratic Magazine for October, Chicago, October 15, 1898.

Credit Money.
There are in existence \$346,000,000 of credit money, called United States notes, the existence of every dollar of which is due to the fact that we have not enough circulating medium without those notes. Every dollar of those notes could be retired by the substitution of the silver dollar or the silver certificate, and thus there would be a demand which the government could create for \$346,000,000 more of silver. I am free to say that if the law providing for the free coinage of silver were passed today, under President McKinley's administration, with the secretary of the treasury discriminating against silver, as he has in the past, this government could not establish the parity of the metals. But under an administration that would use the powers of the government for the purpose of establishing the parity of the metals, I have no doubt of the ability of this nation to establish that parity.

I've been readin' in the papers what they're goin' to have to eat,
And when I took up that program I own up that I felt beat;
I've been readin' of the papers somethin' over sixty year,
And when all that I could master was four words I did feel queer.

But on furdur down the column, writ in plain United States,
I found out jist what's the matter, and jist why the price of plates

fliggers up to fifteen dollars; it's a furrin fandango,
So the program must be furrin—plain American don't go;

And the wine from royal cellars of the European kings,
And the dresses made in Paris and the other furrin things
Shows that them that runs this country, them that boss in war and peace
Are a set of furrin barons living' here jist for to lease

Out their lands and other interests to a set of native fools
Who are glad to have the honor to be cheap and handy tools
For the buildin' up of fortunes that are mostly spent abroad;
And I somehow can't help thinkin' that we're on the downward road.

When I read that in this country sich a feast was never spread,
That the ball-togs of the women fetched from Europe for to shed
Royal glory on our nation are the finest ever seen
And will make all former frolics common, low and cheap and mean,

And then think of starvin' families of our soldiers out of jobs
And the millions of our workmen that this furrin power robs
Of their wages; then their claimin' all the credit for the war
Sounds a heap like Betsy's husband tellin' how he killed the "bar"!

Parson, I believe in eatin' and can always make a hand
At the table, but I tremble for the fate of this fair land
When our haughty furrin rulers lay Belshazzar in the shade
With their feastin', while the people see the wealth that they have made

Bein' squandered jublatin' by a horde that loafs around,
While the half of them is homeless,
ownin' not a foot of ground,
And dependin' on the loafers for a beggar's chance to earn
Jist enough to keep from starvin',
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'S'id o' standin' up like freemen and demandin' what is theirs
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ALABAMA STATE NEWS.

Happenings of General Interest Within Our Own Commonwealth.

Great Activity in Birmingham District.

The greatest activity in iron and coal industries continues in the Birmingham district. Every furnace that is in operation has a demand for every pound of iron that it can make, and consequently the furnace capacity of the district is being kept as nearly the top notch as is practicable. The Pioneer Mining and Manufacturing Company is preparing to let a contract for the construction of a railroad from its furnaces at Thomas to its new coal mines at North Birmingham, and will also build 300 houses at the mines to be occupied by the men employed there.

The state mine inspector estimates that this year's coal production will go considerably past the 6,000,000 ton mark, thus breaking the "bumper" records of last year and the year previous. Every mine in the district is working to its full capacity, and some half a dozen new ones are being opened. Since the quarantines have been lifted Walker county coal has begun again to move to the Mississippi river for shipment down that stream to New Orleans and other Louisiana points. Four and a half miles of new railroad is to be built at once in Walker county to connect the various mines of the Ivy Coal and Coke Company with the Southern railway.

Iron shipments to Europe continue active. Furnaces are sold a long time ahead, and in consequence prices continue stiff with a decided upward tendency.

Will Meet in Chattanooga Next.

The Tri-State Medical society concluded its tenth annual convention in Birmingham last week. The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Dr. George A. Baxter, of Chattanooga; first vice-president, Dr. V. P. McGannon, of Nashville; second vice-president, Dr. W. B. Travis, of Covington, Ga.; third vice-president, Dr. George S. Brown, of Birmingham, Ala.; secretary, Dr. Frank Trester Smith, of Chattanooga; treasurer, Dr. Cooper Holzclaw, of Chattanooga.

Chattanooga was selected as the next place of meeting.

Carnival Will Be Made a State Affair.

The Birmingham Carnival society has inaugurated a movement to make the next Mardi Gras celebration in that city, which occurs February 14 and 15 next, a state affair and accordingly, invitations have been sent to the commercial bodies of the various cities and towns of importance throughout the state to participate. The request is made that each have a float in the parade representing the particular town.

Fatal Fight at Oak Level.

A serious difficulty occurred at a political meeting held at Oak Level, a small place twelve miles north of Edwadsville. During the row Robert L. Baber was severely and perhaps fatally out in the fight by some one in the crowd. Hamp Bell was severely on the hand and wrist, Will Cole was severely beaten and bruised, and others were seriously hurt in the fight.

By-Product Plant in Operation.

The Smet-Solway By-Product Coke oven plant at Ensley City has ninety ovens now in blast and preparations are being made to put the second battery in operation. The demand for coal to supply the ovens will be met by the Tennessee company, who has begun to put wire rope into mine No. 6 at Pratt City to increase the output 600 tons per day.

Boy Killed in a Runaway.

Edward Houston, 15 years of age, was accidentally killed near Mounton last week. Edward and a companion younger than he had gone out to the farm in a two-horse wagon to gather corn. The horses became frightened and ran away, and the boy, being unable to check them, either jumped or was thrown from the wagon and his head was crushed beneath the wheels.

Dashed to Death in a Runaway.

While Mrs. Mary Ann Roberts was driving through the town of Blocton the horse attached to her buggy became frightened at a bicycle and dashed away. The horse ran under a trestle and very close to a post, dashing Mrs. Roberts from the buggy. Her head struck the post and she was instantly killed.

Last Days of the First Alabama.

The work of examining the members of the First Alabama preparatory to mustering them out of service is going rapidly forward, and it is announced that by Monday night it is expected the entire regiment will be mustered out. The partial disability list is said to be surprisingly large, even Colonel Higdon being on it.

BRIEFLY MENTIONED.

An important meeting was held at New Decatur in the office of a real estate firm, the object being the location of a cotton factory in that town.

Gurley Sellers, aged 96, died at Johns, Jefferson county, last week. He was born in North Carolina, and moved to Alabama in 1826. He leaves a wife, 94 years of age.

The government now has three crews of surveyors near Athens, making a careful measurement of Elk river, testing it at every point with a view of seeing if it can be made navigable.

Steve Collins, about 28 years of age, residing near Hillsboro, attempted to commit suicide by gashing his throat with a razor, but was unsuccessful in his effort, and it is thought he will recover.

CAUSE FOR THANKSGIVING.

Proclamation by the President Naming Thursday, November 24,

IS A DAY FOR REJOICING AND PRAISE.

Abundant Harvest, Increased Commerce, Better Public Credit and a Victorious War Cited as Blessings for Which to Give Thanks to God.

The president after the cabinet meeting Friday issued the following Thanksgiving proclamation:

"A Proclamation.

"By the President of the United States.

"The approaching November brings to mind the custom of our ancestors, hallowed by time and rooted in our most sacred traditions, of giving thanks to Almighty God for all the blessings He has vouchsafed to us during the past year.

"Few years in our history have afforded such cause for thanksgiving. We have been blessed by abundant harvests, our trade and commerce have been wonderfully increased, our public credit has been improved and strengthened, all sections of our common country have been brought together and knitted into closer bonds of national purpose and unity.

"The skies have been for a time darkened by the cloud of war, but as we were compelled to take up the sword in the cause of humanity, we are permitted to rejoice that the conflict has been of brief duration and the losses we have had to mourn, though grievous and important, have been so few considering the great results accomplished, as to inspire us with gratitude and praise to the Lord of Hosts. We may laud and magnify His holy name that the cessation of hostilities came so soon as to spare both sides the countless sorrows and disasters that attend protracted war.

"I therefore invite all my fellow-citizens, those at home as well as those who may be at sea or sojourning in foreign lands, to set apart and observe Thursday, the 24th day of November, as a day of National Thanksgiving, to come together in their several places of worship, for a service of praise and thanks to Almighty God for all the blessings of the year; for the readiness of the seasons and the fruitfulness of the soil; for the continued prosperity of the people; for the devotion and valor of our countrymen, for the glory of our victory and the hope of a righteous peace, and to pray that the Divine guidance which brought us heretofore to safety and honor may be graciously continued in the years to come.

"In witness whereof, etc.
[Signed] "WILLIAM MCKINLEY.
"By the President:
"John Hay, Secretary of State."

TWO SCHOONERS LOST.

Sunk on the Coast of Cuba and Were Total Losses.

The schooner "Cora Dunn" went ashore on Sunday morning on the shoals close to Diana Key, Cardenas, and has proved to be a total loss. Her cargo consists of 3,500 tons of coal.

The schooner Kate, which left Key West on October 19 with a cargo of stores and medical supplies for the Cuban forces under General Jose Miguel Gomez at Sancti Spiritus, was overtaken by a storm on October 22 and struck on the San Carlos reefs, province of Pinar del Rio. Bolio and Lera and the members of the crew escaped death almost by a miracle. After swimming ashore they took refuge in a swamp, remaining buried in mud up to their waists for eight hours. They were eventually rescued. The cargo was a total loss. The Kate belonged at Key West.

May Visit Santiago.

A letter received at Washington from a member of the investigating commission now in the south conveys the information that the members think they may be able to reach the city from their present tour about November 4. It has been reported that the commission may afterwards visit Santiago and Porto Rico. This will be settled definitely after its return.

Colored Woman Law Instructor.

Lutie A. Lytle, Topeka's colored woman lawyer, has been appointed a member of the faculty of the law department of Central Tennessee college, Nashville. She is said to be the only female law instructor in the world. She will teach the law of the domestic relations, evidence, real property, crimes and criminal procedure. She is 24 years old.

Fire at Lexington, Tenn.

Nearly all the business portion of Lexington, Henderson county, Tennessee, burned Friday morning. The loss is between \$25,000 and \$35,000, about half insured.

Pera Will Pay McCord.

The Peruvian government has asked congress to vote the sum of \$40,000 to pay the claim of Victor H. McCord, consular agent of the United States, Arequipa, Peru, in 1885, against the government for damages sustained by reason of imprisonment.

Waring Has Yellow Fever.

Colonel George E. Waring, Jr. formerly street commissioner of New York, is sick in New York with yellow fever, contracted in Havana.

IN THE LAST DITCH.

Spain Will Make a Tremendous Effort to Secure Pecuniary Compensation for the Philippines.

The Madrid correspondent of the London Standard says: "The government has good reasons to believe that the United States intends to retain the Philippines on the ground that President McKinley must satisfy public opinion. The government believes that the American commissioners will argue the necessity for thus deviating from the spirit and text of the protocol.

"Spain, however, cannot yet believe she will be deprived of the Philippines without some pecuniary compensation in addition to a recognition of the Philippine loan of 1896. Therefore, upon the question of the Philippines the Spanish commissions will make even stronger resistance than they have made over the Cuban debt."

MAD MAN'S DEED.

Cuts a Citizen's Throat and Wounds Two Atlanta Police Officers.

W. G. Shockly, an insane farmer of Abbeville county, Georgia, cut the throat of J. D. Bishop, and wounded Police Captain John Thompson on a street car in Atlanta Friday. Robert McCoy, an ex-policeman, in effecting the capture of the demented murderer, was seriously, but not fatally stabbed. Bishop died instantly.

Shockly called at the police station during the morning and asked to be locked up as he was going insane, but was thrown out of the station. Shockly then called on Governor Atkinson and asked for protection from lynchers, and while the governor was telephoning the police, the insane man departed.

Shockly was sitting next to Bishop in the car, and without a word drew a razor, reached around and nearly severed the head from the body.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS.

Easy and Inexpensive Treatment of Hog Cholera.

During the past two years the department of agriculture has conducted a series of experiments in the use of serum as a remedy for hogs affected by cholera or swine plague. The experiments were conducted by the chief of the bureau of animal industry, and the results were eminently satisfactory, proving that the dread disease can be successfully and inexpensively treated. The losses suffered by the farmers of the United States annually from hog cholera aggregate an enormous sum. In Iowa alone during 1896 it is estimated that hog raisers lost through the ravages of the disease \$15,000,000.

CASE OF FANATICISM.

Colored Woman Dies From Practicing Doctrine of Fasting.

A case of fanaticism of the extreme type has been discovered at Los Angeles, Cal., when Nell Thompson, colored, died while being taken from the home of Mrs. Minerva Williams, who is said to call herself a representative of Christ, and who has been preaching the doctrine of fasting as a means of grace. The Thompson woman practiced this doctrine, having gone without food for eight days and sleeping in the river bottoms on a piece of matting in pursuance of what is said to be Mrs. Williams' teachings.

DISGRACEFUL MISMANAGEMENT.

Out of 700 Inmates of a Havana Hospital 632 Died.

HAVANA.—The Mazorra, an asylum for the insane, which is a municipal hospital, appears to have been disgracefully managed. The records of the last fifteen months show there were 632 deaths out of 700 inmates. The directors will at once hold a meeting for the purpose of investigating the condition of the institution.

Warning Heeded by Spaniards.

Information has been received by the United States government that the Spanish officers have ceased to break up and carry away things that are regarded as immovable property in Cuba.

Second Georgia Will Remain in Service.

Senator Bacon, of Georgia, has obtained the consent of the president to the Second Georgia Volunteer regiment remaining in the United States service.

To Raise the Maine.

The Acme Wrecking company of San Francisco has made a request upon the navy department for authority to raise the battleship Maine. The company has had experience in raising vessels on the Pacific coast and representations have been made to the department as to its ability to accomplish the task in Havana harbor.

Case of Yellow Fever in Third Immunes.
Major Norman, surgeon of the Third Immunes at Guantanamo, Cuba, reports that there is only one case of yellow fever among the men, and that the victim in this instance is already convalescent.

Tennesseeans to Sail.

SAN FRANCISCO.—Orders have been issued by

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One copy one year, \$1.00
One copy six months, .50
One copy three months, .25

COLUMBIANA, NOV. 3, 1898.

FOR CONGRESS

W. F. ALDRICH,
of Shelby.

OFFICIAL BALLOT.

Federal Election Tuesday Nov. 8, 1898.

Make a cross mark (X) before the name of candidate of your choice as below.

For Representative in the 56th Congress of the United States from the Fourth Congressional District of Alabama:

Vote for one:

X WILLIAM F. ALDRICH.
GASTON A. ROBBINS.

Aldrich is the watchword.

Vote for Aldrich and good government.

If you endorse rascality and fraud vote for Robbins.

For the sake of your children vote to have honest elections.

Aldrich and representation or Robbins and misrepresentation.

Aldrich and prosperity or Robbins and black belt Democracy.

They know they are not in it if they do not count fraudulent votes.

This may be your last vote, therefore cast it for the reform ticket.

Every man owes his vote to his wife and children. Vote for W. F. Aldrich.

Men that will stuff ballot boxes in Dallas county will tell lies in Shelby county.

Vote for Aldrich and leave Robbins to stay at home with his 6000 fictitious votes.

Every Democrat that is in favor of honest elections will vote for W. F. Aldrich.

The Democrats will preach honest elections in Shelby and steal us out in Dallas.

Aldrich has never failed to have our votes counted as cast yet, and he will do it again.

Don't say that I know the Democrats will not have me for returning officers, and then vote for them.

If you expect ever to have fair elections, you must cast your ballot against Robbins and Democracy.

The white supremacy racket of the Chronicle will do to preach to ignoramuses, but not to intelligent people.

It has been proven beyond a doubt and to a moral certainty that the Democrats have stuffed ballot boxes.

Did you ever see a party come square out and beg for votes before like the Democratic chairman. He wants votes.

We thank you Mr. Gist for the invitation to vote the Democratic ticket. No black belt Democracy in ours if you please.

Mr. Gist has got a big job on hand just now. He is trying to act chairman for the Democrats and the Populist both.

This is the last issue of the Advocate until after the election, and we hope to hear a good report from every beat in the county.

The white counties will go for Aldrich and the black belt Dallas for Robbins. This fact shows where the white people are.

Don't forget how they count us out of our votes in every election in Dallas county. Vote for Aldrich and let's do away with them.

The Populist should go to the polls and vote for Aldrich. We have no candidate, and the Democrats have none, and you will either have to vote for Aldrich or stay at home.

This may be the last election that you will get to vote at. The Democrats you know are intending calling a constitutional convention.

Mr. Gist says Mr. Aldrich voted for the Dingley tariff bill that was passed six or seven months before Mr. Aldrich got Mr. Plowman out of his seat. Hence he did not vote for it.

Dallas county with a white vote of less than 2000 usually goes Democratic by about 6000 majority, and still the Chronicle calls for white supremacy and practices negro supremacy.

The Democrats of Dallas are crying white supremacy, and yet the Age-Herald says Dallas will come up with 6000 votes for Robbins, with a white vote in that county of only 1800. Comment is unnecessary.

The Age-Herald said a few days ago that Dallas would come up with 6000 votes for Robbins to offset the vote for Aldrich in the white counties. Wonder how the Age-Herald knew how many votes the Democrats would steal in Dallas.

Look out for all sorts of lies to be sprung on election day. Some will say Aldrich has come down, and any other kind of a lie a Democrat can think of, and they can think of more of them than anybody. But we will stay in advance anything bad they may get up are lies.

The alwise chairman of the Democratic campaign committee has give up the negro in this campaign, and has decided to let them vote for Aldrich, but you can tell from his piteous wails that his only hope is to whip the Populist into the Democratic party with negro supremacy.

The editor of the Chronicle could not muster up courage enough to hear Mr. Aldrich and Parsons speak last Thursday, but that makes but little difference with a Democrat, they can write up a speech just as well to not know anything about it. Look out for their howl this week. People that will stuff a ballot box will tell a lie or unstuff a pocketbook.

We desire to ask the People's Advocate the following questions: Do you think a single one of the Democratic inspectors or returning officers appointed for this county will steal a vote? If so, have you the manhood to designate him by name?—Chronicle.

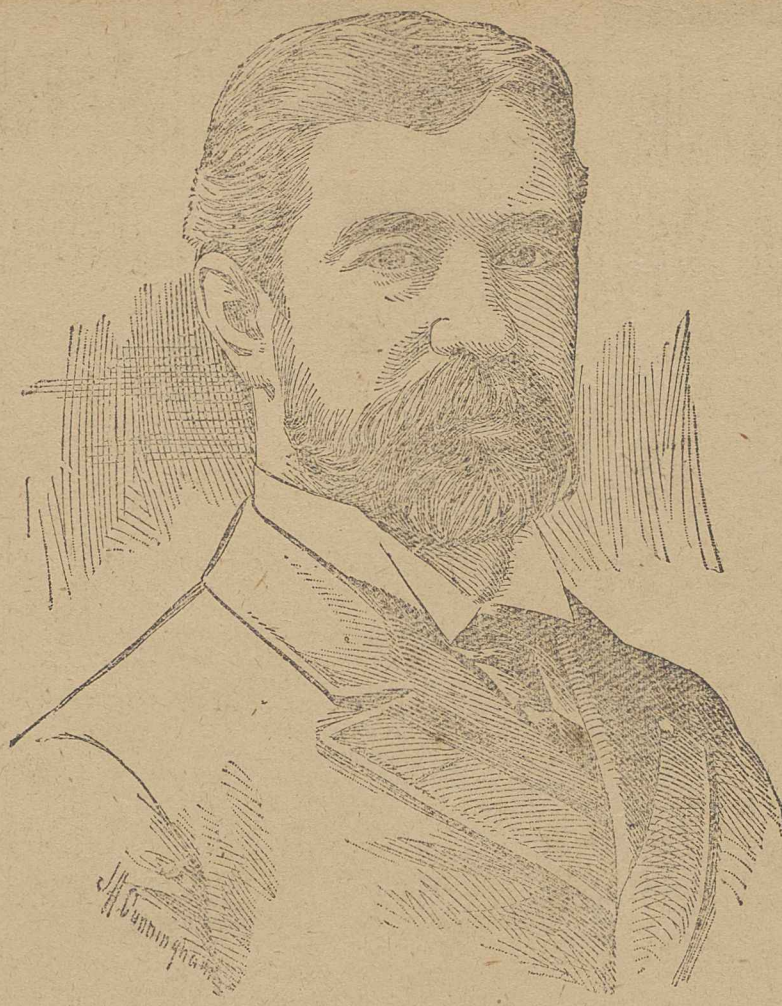
It is not so much what the Advocate thinks of the Democrats, but what the Democrats think of the Republicans and Populist. It shows very conclusively that the Democrats think that the Populist and Republicans will steal the votes if they are appointed inspectors and returning officers. Therefore the Democrats will not give us any more representation than the law requires them to.

The speaking at the court house last Thursday was a success. There was quite a crowd in attendance. Hon. Louis E. Parsons was the first speaker introduced; he first discussed the national issues, and then he sailed into Mr. Robbins and the ballot box stuffers. There was a small sprinkling of Democrats occupying the back seats in the beginning of Mr. Parsons speech, but as he began to shell down the truths to the audience it hit the Democrats so hard they could not stand his battery, and like the dew before the morning sun they soon stole away. Mr. Aldrich made a short speech but to the point. He took up his time telling the people how the Democrats conducted elections in Dallas county and that within itself is enough to make every honest man vote for Aldrich.

How the mighty have fallen. The oracle of the people and apostle of reform, who used to draw immense crowds and make them howl with enthusiasm, has been given the cold shoulder by his own people. They have evidently found out at last that he is a traitor to the cause of silver and they refuse to hear him speak for a gold-bug Republican candidate for Congress.—Chronicle.

Judge Longshore will get the crowd on the 8th of November, and the Chronicle says they have found out he is a traitor. Now you know that is too thin, when he has just beat your man for judge of probate. Do you think the people are that fickle to go back on him? The Populist know Mr. Longshore is solid. If he was a Democrat he could turn in twenty-four hours to something else.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich Endorsed by the Populist.



The Populist of the Fourth Congressional District endorsed Hon. W. F. Aldrich in the convention at Talladega September 14th. They could not have acted wiser. He has carried our banner to victory in the two last campaigns, and will do it again. He is a man that will work for the interest of the people.

Morgan in 1892.

It is the most heinous of all crimes he said, unless we except murder or rape, and a man who would aid in doing it would steal the bread from the altar or the sacred vessels from the communion table. A man who would reject a legal ballot, throw it out or make a false return is not fit for human society. He would rob his mother. He would steal the savings of a beggar, I would not trust him, watch everything. He not only robs the man whose vote he suppresses, but the whole nation.

Remember that three Democrats that were on the committee investigating Aldrich and Plowman's contest said that there were three thousand and four hundred fraudulent votes counted in the Fourth District two years ago. Can you afford to vote with a gang that says themselves that they are not honest.

When the Republicans were in power in this State they passed a law making it a penitentiary offense to challenge a voter. As a result every negro voted two or three times on election day, and nobody dared to even object.—Chronicle.

And now since the law has been repealed the Democrats votes the negroes without them going to the polls at all and stuffs in about ten for every one that votes and counts them all Democratic, and not a one of them ever sees the penitentiary. And the Chronicle knows it is not true that the negroes did not vote any more than the whites, and even then it is better to vote two or three times than to stuff them in by the hundreds. We had fair elections in those days, the ballot was numbered with the poll list and there was no chance to vote more than once and it was not done unless by a Democrat.

Aldrich was nominated by negroes and Longshore was elected by the negro vote of the county; hence the support of Aldrich by Longshore, and the co-operation will wind up by both of them having to reward the negroes with something more substantial than a dollar a head for their votes.—Chronicle.

Aldrich was nominated by the Republican party in regular convention, let them be white or black. One thing we do say, we know that there was some as good men as there is in the county that participated in that convention. And Longshore was elected by a majority of the voters of the county. He does not do like the editor of the Chronicle, honey around to get the colored vote and then deny getting any of them after the election is over. No paper ever worked harder for the colored vote in the August election than did the Chronicle, and it seems that it knows the price of those that are for sale. We presume that their money gave out before they got enough votes bought, or else they could not find enough for sale at one dollar per head, as he says this is the price. We do not have to buy men to vote our ticket, ours is based on principle and the people vote it to better themselves and others with no other object in view.

Invitation of Chairman Gist.

The Democratic Executive Committee, through its Chairman F. W. Gist, has gall and effrontery to issue a circular, addressed to the Populists of this district and is mailing to well known and influential Populists. This circular, such stuff is mere rot and full of lies made out of whole cloth and contrary to his expectations, will rebound upon its authors and to the discomfiture of their weakling candidate because true to Democratic bent manipulations and teachings it is but a tissue of lies from beginning to end, in that it charges Mr. Aldrich with having voted for the Dingley tariff bill and against the Stanley Mathews resolution for the coinage of silver seigniorage. Mr. Gist knew when he signed and issued this circular that Mr. Aldrich was not in Congress, but that others, through theft and Democratic ballot box stuffing were filling the seat in Congress out of which Mr. Aldrich had been defrauded and robbed by Democrats of the Robbins strife, and that as a matter of fact Mr. Aldrich had not been given his seat at the time Congress voted on these matters. Chairman Gist was in Washington at the time and knows such to be the fact, still true to Democratic theft and ballot box stuffing he blushing attempts to palm his lying circular off on honest people. You cannot do this Mr. Gist, for the people of this district are already sufficed with Democratic lies, ballot box stuffing and general inefficiency.

That lying circular of Mr. Gist's was intended to be a ten strike, and it was as a lying machine. The people of this district have no patience with liars and falsifiers of the public records.

X. X. X.

The Chronicle has been rearing back on its hind legs clawing the air, because Mr. Aldrich voted to issue bonds in time of war, and goes so far as to charge him with being a gold bug, and yet the editor as chairman of the Fourth District committee invites Senator Morgan here to teach the people true Democracy, and Senator Morgan voted for the same bond bill that Mr. Aldrich did; if it was wrong for Mr. Aldrich to vote for it, why was it not equally wrong for Senator Morgan to do so. The editor knew, if he is capable of understanding anything, that there never has been a war prosecuted without the issue of bonds. Facts are facts and there is no use for the Chronicle to try to deceive the people.

Before the issue of another Advocate the fight will be over, let it be for weal or woe. And in this, our last appeal to the Populist and Republicans is to do your duty, take one day and go to the polls, and insist on your neighbor going and voting the ticket that will give us good government. You cannot entertain for one moment the idea of voting for the party that says we are anarchists and all other vile names and count our men out when elected. They will tell any lie to deceive you into voting of their ticket.

The Democrats tried to jump on our platform and now want us to vote for them.

Do you hear that pitiful howl? That is the Chronicle begging Populists to vote for Robbins.

Judge A. P. Longshore and Hon. John P. Pearson takes charge of their offices today as Probate Judge and Circuit Clerk.

We believe that every Populist and Republican will rally to the polls on the 8th of November and vote for W. F. Aldrich.

Always reverse what a Democrat says if you want to get at the truth. They have made us hundreds of promises and have broken just as many.

Was Mr. Gist fool enough to think that Mr. Aldrich was in Congress when the Dingley tariff bill was passed or did he think the Populist did not know any better.

Do you believe that Robbins is in favor of fair elections? If he is, why was it that he accepted a certificate of election. He knew he was not elected and the office belonged to Mr. Aldrich.

The Democrats do not expect to get their ticket elected by telling the truth to the voters of the district. For instance, read Mr. Gist's appeal to the Populists in last week's Chronicle.

Late reports brings the news that Mr. Robbins is losing ground day by day throughout the district and Mr. Aldrich of course is gaining. The people have become tired of this Democratic rot and are going to give Mr. Robbins the go by on the 8th of November.

Mr. Aldrich explained his views on the money question to the satisfaction of every one present last Thursday. He is in favor of more money, let it be gold, silver or paper. He says it is money we want, and this is where he has stood all the time. More money.

Mr. Gist seems to know all the crowds at our speakings. Why don't he tell about some of those large gatherings that Mr. Robbins is having. He has had from nothing to five at every place in the county, with the exception of the court house he had about 35 there.

It behooves every Populist and Republican to be up and doing. Our enemy, the Democratic party, are stirring night and day to carry this election. They will tell anything, do anything and say anything to carry their point. They have no sympathy for the fix that it will leave the voters in. If they dared to tell the truth and if they were made that way they would say themselves that it is to the interest of the common people for Mr. Aldrich to be returned to Congress.

Yesterday was Mr. Aldrich's day at Wilcoxville. It was also tax day. The people came in early, paid their taxes and went home, leaving Aldrich to tread the streets like one deserted. He was accompanied by Lew Parsons, the rottenest radical in Alabama. No wonder the people would not stay to hear him.—Chronicle.

Why did Mr. Aldrich and Mr. Parsons not speak? It was this. The day was very cold and a Democrat was asked for the use of the school house to speak in and was refused, knowing they could not stand the truths shelled out to them by Mr. Parsons and Aldrich. While the Populist and Republicans have an interest in the school house, it is alright for the Democrats to object and say who shall occupy it. But we will get the votes on the 8th just the same Mr. Chairman.

It is common for a chairman of a campaign committee to issue an address to his own party, but Mr. Gist is the first Democratic chairman we ever seen issue an address to the Populist and come square out and beg them to vote the Democratic ticket. He says by doing this we are following the precedent established by our state committee. What does he mean? Does his state committee advise the chairman to beg for votes? No, we do propose to align ourselves with the Democratic party, and what could we gain by voting for Robbins and discarding our own candidate, the man that our party has endorsed; and now asks us to vote for him, the man that has done more for the Populists than any other one man. It certainly would look very silly for a Populist to turn his back on Mr. Aldrich and vote for Robbins, the man that had to be ousted out of Mr. Aldrich's seat by contest.

What the Ladies Like.

Beautiful Hats.
Pretty Ribbons.
Nice Kid Gloves.

We Have Them.

And we will have more in a few days.

Hats From 25 Cents

to \$6, and higher if you want them.

Kid Gloves in Tan,

Black and White, to which we call your Special Attention.

L. C. Armstrong & Company.

Election Managers.

Judge McMillan, Wm. R. A. Miller and E. F. Vest met last Saturday and appointed the following election managers and returning officers for each voting place in the county to conduct the congressional election on November 8.

The following is a list of the managers and returning officers appointed:

Beat 1—E. B. Nelson, W. F. Thetford, B. L. Moore. Returning officer, E. F. Vest.

Beat 1, box 2—J. H. Cross, Bremond Bristow, F. B. Finch. Returning officer, Sam Harrell.

Beat 2—John Carden, H. Pearson, W. P. Lovett. Returning officer, Ben DuPree.

Beat 3—John Ingram, S. H. Gist, Wiley J. Nelson. Returning officer, C. H. Fields.

Beat 4, box 1—W. S. Cary, A. J. Gentry, John M. Fancher. Returning officer, R. T. Newton.

Beat 4, box 2—Sam Lawley, J. C. Harmon, John Striplin. Returning officer, J. G. Harris.

Beat 5—John Harmon, Bert Payne, W. H. Sturdivant. Returning officer, John Waddell.

Beat 6—J. L. Tucker, L. N. Roy, W. D. Lacy. Returning officer, Daniel Lambert.

Beat 7—C. P. McLane, C. L. O'Neal, M. S. Wilson. Returning officer, H. C. Fulton.

Beat 8—Andrew Jackson, G. W. Dye, L. R. Kendrick. Returning officer, R. S. Martin.

Beat 9—J. W. Millstead, Amos Daniel, J. F. Hill. Returning officer, G. W. Taylor.

Beat 10, box 1—B. S. Rowe, W. E. Millender, M. M. Robertson. Returning officer, Wm. Bradley.

Beat 10, box 2—L. H. Cosper, G. W. Wallis, Jr., S. K. Cross. Returning officer, Geo. Glazener.

Beat 11—J. E. Adams, J. S. Walton, J. M. Spearman. Returning officer, W. A. Wilder.

Beat 12—A. J. E. Cross, Tom Cross, Wm. Allen. Returning officer, E. B. Jones.

Beat 13—W. N. Lee, A. J. DeShazo, S. R. Krider. Returning officer, C. A. Bass.

Beat 14—J. P. Kemett, J. M. Bobb, John Dorrough. Returning officer, R. E. Collins.

Beat 15—J. W. Moore, R. M. Hollis, R. J. Byers. Returning officer, Joel Falkner.

Beat 16—E. C. Lide, J. E. Elliott, Eugene Williams. Returning officer, Robert Taylor.

Beat 17—W. C. Denson, W. H. Dennis, Jason Powell. Returning officer, Paul Nabors.

Beat 18—D. B. Campbell, P. N. Holcomb, W. W. Lowery. Returning officer, J. T. Davis.

Deputy Sheriff's.

The following is a list of deputy sheriff's appointed by E. F. Vest to serve on election day:

Beat 1, box 1, Sheriff; beat 1, box 2, John C. Williams; beat 2, W. M. Connell; beat 3, J. W. Pilgreen; beat 4, box 1, W. E. Harrison; beat 4, box 2, H. N. Howard; beat 5, Robt. Atchison; beat 6, L. E. Lee; beat 7, C. E. Hale; beat 8, T. B. Holcomb; beat 9, J. S. Jackson; beat 10, box 1, W. M. Robertson; beat 10, box 2, J. J. Fleming; beat 11, M. V. Phillips; beat 12, R. F. Johnson; beat 13, R. F. Cox; beat 14, J. L. Vandiver; beat 15, H. J. Coshatt; beat 16, D. C. Davis; beat 17, A. W. Cost; beat 18, W. G. King.

The Chronicle says a man must be honest and consistent if he would hold the respect of his own party. What puzzles us is how the editor of the Chronicle knows, he has never tried neither, unless he has learned from past experience. Judge Longshore was honest and consistent both in the last campaign and the Chronicle sees with regret that it brought him out right. If Mr. Gist will try them both awhile it might be that he would come out better. We advise him to try them once, he will have a clear conscience if nothing

Election Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County: Notice is hereby given that there will be an election held at the various voting places in Shelby County, Alabama, on

Tuesday, the 8th day of November, 1898,

for the purpose of electing a Member of the Fifty-sixth Congress of the United States, from the Fourth Congressional District of Alabama. Witness my hand, this 28th day of September, 1898.

E. F. VEST,
Sheriff.

Tax Collector's Notice.

I will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting the State, County and Poll taxes for the year 1898:

SECOND ROUND.

Helena, beat 6, Monday, November 14.
Bond, beat 6, Tuesday, November 15.
Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, November 16.
Aldrich, beat 4, Thursday, November 17.
Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, November 18.
Calera, beat 3, Saturday, November 19.
Bold Springs, beat 13, Monday, November 21.
Highland, beat 12, Tuesday, November 23.
Pelham, beat 17, Wednesday, November 25.
Ganadrague, beat 7, Thursday, November 26.
Martin's, beat 8, Monday, November 28.
Day's X Roads, beat 11, Tuesday, November 29.
Sterrett, beat 13, Wednesday, November 30.
Dunnavaun, beat 18, Thursday, December 1.
Vandiver, beat 14, Friday, December 2.
Vincent, beat 16, Saturday, December 3.
Creswell, beat 10, Monday, December 5.
Harpersville, beat 10, Tuesday, December 6.
Wilsonville, beat 9, Wednesday, December 7.
Columbiana, beat 1, Thursday, December 8.
Spring Creek, beat 2, Friday, December 9.
Shelby Iron Works, beat 1, Saturday, December 10.
Will be in Columbiana from December 19 to last of December, excepting the 25th. On all taxes not paid by January 1, 8 per cent interest and collector's fee will be charged. Poll taxes are delinquent after December 1.

JOHN H. ROBERTSON,
Tax Collector Shelby County.

Notice No. 19952.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., September 20th, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on November 14th, 1898, viz: Lewis P. Bradshaw, Homestead entry No. 25,924, for the E½ of NE¼, section 22, tp. 17 south of range 2 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Riley Howard, Henry J. Gazaway, Robert F. Lawley, Henry J. Coshatt, all of Sterrett, Ala.

ROBERT BARBER,
Register.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of Fi. Fa. issued from the Circuit Court of Shelby County, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell in front of the Court House, in the town of Columbiana, on the 28th day of November, 1898, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit: NW¼ of SE¼, section 30, township 19, range 1 west, All in Shelby county, Alabama.

Levied upon as the property of E. D. Hall, to satisfy said Fi. Fa. in my hands in favor of Birmingham Dry Goods Company.

This 24th day of October, 1898.

E. F. VEST, Sheriff.

THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

"THE LOVE OF COUNTRY GUIDES."

VOL. VII.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1898.

NO. 23.

DEMAND FLATLY REFUSED.

Spaniards Assert Demand of Philippines Is a Violation of Protocol.

CLAIM WE HAVE NO RIGHTS IN ISLANDS.

Charge a Wrongful Application of Public Monies Belonging to Spain, and Demand the Return of a Million Dollars.

PARIS.—The Spanish commissioners, in the course of a two hours' session of the peace conference Friday, flatly refused to accept Monday's proposition by the Americans to take the entire Philippine group and to reimburse Spain for her "pacífico" expenditures there.

This negative decision was expected. The Spanish commissioners had also a number of positive declarations which filled some thirty-seven sheets of a type-written presentation. In this statement the Spaniards hold that the United States had no ultimate rights in the Philippines and could have none even by the consent of Spain in these negotiations and upon terms satisfactory to her. According to the Spanish contention in the formal statement, the United States entertained no thought of annexing the Philippines when the protocol was signed, or it would have been expressed in the protocol as clearly as the conditions regarding the cessions of territory in the Antilles and the Orient. M. Cambon, before the signing of the protocol, received from Madrid—the present ambassador—a cable message clearly setting forth that the maintenance of Spain's authority over the Philippines should not be affected by the protocol, to which reservation the United States made at that time no protest or objection.

M. Cambon, as the Spaniards claimed, embodied also the view that the United States had no valid basis for claims in the archipelago.

It was further held by Senor Rios and his colleagues that the capitulation of Manila, which occurred after the signing of the protocol, and thus after the disposition of peace, was invalid.

All this for a ground work, the Spaniards made their first positive move against the Americans, and it constituted their counter proposition. They charged upon the United States a wrongful appropriation of public money belonging to Spain, by seizing the tariff duties at Manila, and they formally demand the return of this money in the sum of nearly a million dollars.

The Spanish presentation also cited the refusal of the Americans to consider the Cuban debt on the ground that it was not sanctioned in the protocol, and demand an adherence to this as a precedent in the discussion of the Philippines regarding a cession of which the Spanish commissioners held the protocol to make no mention.

In support of these assertions, arguments and demands, the Spanish presentation invokes Spain's record in the correspondence by mail and telegraph, though it is not known officially whether the Spaniards produced the message said to have been sent from Madrid to M. Cambon at the time the protocol was signed, in which it was affirmed Spain reserved her Philippines sovereignty.

At the close of the reading the Americans said they wished to have the Spanish statement rendered into written English for more careful consideration, and an adjournment was taken to Tuesday.

WILL ABANDON THE WORK.

Government to Make No Further Attempt to Raise Spanish Ships.

Secretary Long said Friday evening the government would take no further steps to raise the rest of the Spanish war ships destroyed by Admiral Schley's fleet off the coast of Santiago, but that the department would receive propositions to that end from any private firm that desired to undertake the work. He added that this determination was based upon the report of the board of construction, which recently held a convention on the subject with Naval Constructor Hobson, who was personally supervising the wrecking operations.

ADMIRAL DEWEY'S FLEET

Will, Except England's, Be the Most Formidable in Eastern Waters.

Admiral Bunce telegraphed the navy department that the cruiser Buffalo, Commander Hemphill, had sailed at noon Friday for the Philippines via Suez. The gunboat Helena sailed the day previous for the same destination. With these additions coming immediately upon the heels of Captain Barker's squadron of battleships and colliers, Admiral Dewey will have a formidable fleet, probably second in offensive power to only one European power—England—in eastern waters.

ONE HUNDRED DEATHS AT SEA.

The Spanish transport steamer Gran Antilla, Captain Bayona, from Havana on October 13, via Porto Rico, with repatriated Spanish troops on board, has arrived at Malaya, Spain, reports 100 deaths among the soldiers during the voyage across the Atlantic.

EXPLOSION KILLED TWO.

By the explosion of a new boiler at the Oil City boiler works, at Oil City, Pa., shortly before noon Saturday, two men were killed, two fatally injured, and a dozen more slightly hurt.

BRITISH WAR PREPARATIONS

Are Connected With the Philippine Question, Says Berlin Correspondent of the Daily News.

LONDON.—Despite the jubilation of the country over the favorable announcement by Lord Salisbury regarding Fashoda at the Kitchener banquet, there is serious uneasiness as to the real object of continued war preparations, which can hardly be justified even by Lord Salisbury's warning that there are still matters in dispute with France.

A dispatch from Hong Kong comments upon the usual naval and military activity there.

The Berlin correspondent of the Daily News says: "It is asserted in well informed quarters that the British war preparations are connected with the Philippine question, in which the United States government is acting in accord with England. The rumor is revived that the United States intends ceding to England some of the islands or granting coaling stations there."

FRANCE HAS YIELDED.

Will Withdraw the Marchand Mission From Fashoda in the Interest of Peace.

PARIS.—A semi-official note issued Friday says the government has resolved not to retain the Marchand mission at Fashoda, adding that this decision was arrived at by the cabinet after an exhaustive examination of the question. The government, replying to an intimation to be asked in the chamber of deputies, will avail itself of the opportunity to explain the motives for this reason.

The chamber of deputies reopened with a crowded assembly, after its adjournment on October 25, the day of the fall of the cabinet presided over by M. Brisson.

Amid great animation the new premier, M. Dupuy, read the ministerial declaration. He began by declaring that the cabinet fully recognized the difficulties and responsibilities of the task undertaken and affirmed the supremacy of civil power as the fundamental principle of a republican state and expressed confidence in the army, which, he added, would faithfully respect the laws of the republic.

OCCUPATION OF CUBA.

Order Directing Movement at Once, But First Landing Will Not Be Made Before November 22.

Secretary Alger has issued the first order looking to the military occupation of Cuba by the United States troops. The order was issued only after very careful consideration of the reports of the military officers now in Cuba and of the Hecker board and other expert commissioners, which have been in the field. The order looks to the occupation of two points to begin with, namely, Nuevitas and Puerto Principe, but the occupation will be extended as rapidly as the Spanish evacuation proceeds. The order directs the movement to begin at once, but according to the calculations of the department it will scarcely be feasible to make the first landing before November 22.

PENSION FOR EX-CONFEDERATES.

Constitutional Amendment, Voted on Tuesday in Texas, Carries.

The constitutional amendment voted on last Tuesday in Texas authorizing the pensioning of ex-Confederate soldiers has been carried, though full returns are not in. It provides that all ex-Confederates who settled in Texas prior to 1880, are eligible to pensions, but no one shall receive more than \$8 a month, and the appropriations for pensions shall not exceed \$250,000.

Secretary of State Madden estimates there are 48,000 ex-Confederates in the state, a majority of whom settled in the state since 1880, and are therefore not eligible to pensions.

A majority of the ex-Confederates voted against the amendment. The negroes also voted against it.

WILL DISSOLVE THE JOINT TRAFFIC ASSOCIATION

The board of control of the Joint Traffic association has decided to dissolve the organization. This step was taken because of a recent decision by the supreme court of the United States that the efforts of the association to control rates were illegal.

WILL GO TO CUBA.

General Carpenter's Brigade Will Sail at an Early Date.

The quartermaster's department of the army has begun arrangements for the shipment of General Carpenter's brigade to the province of Puerto Principe. It is probable that Nevitts will be selected as the place of landing, but the transports will not be able to get within ten miles of the port, and the troops and supplies must all be landed with lighters. The troops are to be in Puerto Principe on the 22d. It is intended to have the troops embark at Savannah.

CUBANS STRIKE.

Islanders Employed in Cleaning Santiago Demand Higher Wages.

The Cubans who have been employed in cleaning and repairing the streets of Santiago have gone on a strike for higher wages, though they have been receiving \$1 a day; or 50 cents and two rations—higher wages than they have ever been paid before for similar work. The Cuban laborers at the best are lazy and slothful. They want an increase of 50 cents a day. General Wood absolutely refuses to accede to this demand.

MARIA TERESA GOES DOWN.

The Rescued Spanish Cruiser Sinks in the Midst of a Furious Storm.

NO LIVES LOST IN THE DISASTER.

Rents in Her Hull Which Had Been Patched Gave Way and She Rapidly Filled With Water—Abandoned Near Watling Island.

The ocean tug Merritt put into Charleston Saturday morning for supplies. She reported the loss of the cruiser Maria Teresa, raised by Constructor Hobson recently, off San Salvador, Bahamas, November 1, in the midst of a furious storm.

The cruiser left Caimanera, Cuba, on the morning of October 30, in tow for New York. She had already passed Cape Maysi and started northeast around the Bahamas. A furious storm, warning of which had already been sent out, overtook her, and in her condition she was unable to brave the gale. The strain opened rents in her hull which had been patched to enable her to make the journey and she began to fill rapidly. The Merritt took off Captain Harris and the crew from the sinking ship and she soon went down. The Merritt brought the captain and 136 men, who will proceed north by rail. No lives were lost.

The survivors of the Maria Teresa lost all their clothing and personal effects and are supplied scantily. The Teresa sunk thirty miles off Watling Island at midnight Tuesday after battling with the gale six hours.

She met the storm Tuesday morning and the vessel began to strain in the high seas. Parts of the hull thought to be safe became weakened, rivets broke and the water made rapidly in the hold, and finally extinguished the fires in the engine room. The pumps would not work. The whole vessel showed signs of a collapse and the men stood stripped, awaiting orders to quit the ship. The Vulcan was towing the Teresa, while the Merritt rescued 114 of her crew, made up of volunteers from the Cincinnati, Newark and Vulcan. The ropes were then cut and the Teresa rapidly filled. The Vulcan and Leonidas deserted the Merritt, which put into Charleston with the rescued. Captain Crittenden and Captain Ladsde, of the Merritt, had their arms sprained.

ILLNESS AND STARVATION

Continue Their Work of Death Among the Poor of Havana.

Illness and starvation still continue their work of death among the poor of Havana. The direst misery prevails in every direction, and the necessity for an organized system of relief was never more urgent than at present. Trade is at a standstill, owing to the uncertainty regarding the introduction of the new tariff. Employment is difficult to obtain, and the almost complete cessation of municipal work and the gradual withdrawal of the Spanish administration preparatory to evacuation has closed many avenues of subsistence.

Added to this, the winter weather has set in with cold northern squalls and a sharp fall in the temperature, increasing the wretchedness of the miserable beings, who are homeless and homeless, and whose huddled forms nightly crowd the pavements.

STEAMER BURNED AT SEA.

Five of Twenty-Seven Persons on Board Were Drowned.

A disaster at sea, fortunately with a small loss of life, five persons in all, was made known at Vineyard, Haven, Mass., Friday by the landing of twenty-two persons, who escaped from the burning steamer Croatan, of the Clyde line, bound from New York for Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C. The disaster occurred November 1, about eighteen miles north of Cape Charles. Of the twenty-seven persons who were on board twenty-two survived. These passengers were landed by the schooner Alice Clark, of Portland, Me., which had been in the vicinity of the Croatan at the time she was burning.

DEATH RATE IN THE ARMY.

Of the 250,000 soldiers who enlisted for the war with Spain in response to the call of the president, 247,000 are alive today. Less than 3,000 soldiers, all told, have died. War was declared more than six months ago, and in the whole six months fewer than 3,000 out of 250,000 have died. The world's history contains no parallel for the record of the United States in this war.

THIRD ILLINOIS SAILS FROM PONCE.

The United States transport Roumanian, with the Third Illinois on board, sailed from Ponce, Porto Rico, Friday for New York.

AUSTRALIAN SYSTEM TO BE INVESTIGATED.

The Georgia legislature is determined to study the Australian ballot system. A resolution was adopted Friday by the senate and concurred in by the house providing that a joint committee shall visit some state where the system is now employed and observe its workings Tuesday. The resolution provides that the trip shall be made without any cost to the state.

The following is General Wood's fever report from Santiago for Saturday. Fever cases, all kinds, 619; total sick, 1,154; deaths, none.

THE NEWS OUR OWN STATE.

WIRE AND NAIL PLANT.

Contracts Let for a Great Industry at Birmingham.

It is stated authoritatively that the contract for the erection of the much talked of wire, rod and nail plant at Ensley City has been let by the newly formed Alabama Steel and Wire company to the Garrett-Cromwell Engineering company. The mill will have a daily output of six hundred tons and will join the steel plant of the Alabama Steel and Shipbuilding company now in process of erection. The new wire company is closely identified with the steel company, and has a number of northern men behind it. It has acquired twenty acres of land upon which its plant will be built. The company has a capital stock of \$2,000,000. It is expected at an early date to increase the capacity of the plant to 900 tons if the mill proves a success. The enterprise is a large one. Work will begin at once and the expectation is to have the plant ready for operation by the time the Alabama Steel and Shipbuilding company's steel mill is completed.

WILL NOT GO TO CUBA.

Troops Will Go to Southern Camps, as Originally Intended.

The order which designates the troops to occupy different portions of Cuba has raised a question as to whether the intention of the war department to have the troops go direct from their nearest camps to Cuba in stead of occupying their southern winter camps selected some time ago. It can be stated that such is not the intention, and that the troops will be removed from Knoxville and Lexington and Middleton to these camps very soon. It will be nearly two months before all the troops designated for Cuba are sent to the island, so there will be quite a long time for them to remain in Georgia and South Carolina.

A LYING-IN IN AUTAUGA COUNTY.

News of a lynching in Autauga county reached Selma Saturday. Mrs. Stridler, wife of a merchant and justice of the peace at Jones' Switch, while preparing to retire Friday night discovered a negro under her bed. Upon her screaming for help the man sprang for the door and made his escape, leaving behind a strip of bar iron with which he intended to do his murderous work. A negro section hand, John Williams, living near by, was suspected and placed under arrest. He was tried and committed to jail. Constable Queen started to Prattville with him, and when about a mile from Jones' Switch was met by a crowd who took the negro and swung him to a tree. The negro admitted that the iron bar and some clothing found in Mrs. Stridler's room were his property.

BOY ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Clarence Mealy and his brother, of Bessemer, went out hunting in the country near that place last Saturday. The first named, who carried the gun, thought he saw a squirrel, and cocked his gun. However, he was mistaken, as no squirrel was to be found. He forgot to let down the hammer of the gun, and a few moments later began pulling the stock of the weapon into a bush pile to frighten a rabbit. The gun fired, the entire charge passing through the boy's body, killing him instantly.

FLORENCE TO HAVE A CAMP.

Florence will get a camp of United States soldiers during the winter, having been selected over a large number of cities which were after the location. The secretary of war has stated to Florence representatives in Washington this week that he would send troops to that place as soon as possible. It is thought that not less than five regiments will spend the cold season in that city.

STILL RAIDED.

The destruction of a small distillery near Studevant, in Tallapoosa county, has been reported to the office of the internal revenue collector. It was of fifty gallons capacity, capable of turning out about eight gallons of "moonshine" per day. T. M. Milner and Sam Ray were arrested.

Dr. J. B. Bass will erect a \$25,000 flouring mill at Ashville. There is also good prospects for that town to get an improved ginny and feed grinding machinery erected in the near future.

ALABAMA BRIEFS.

A young son of Ike Holt was killed by being run over by a wagon near Florence.

The war department has notified the corps commanders at Huntsville that no applications for discharging of enlisted soldiers who enlisted in the regular army for the war are to be forwarded to the department until after the ratification of the peace treaty.

The tax collectors of the different counties are sending in small collections of the October taxes. The state treasurer is paying vouchers for Confederate pensions at the rate of from \$300 to \$400 per day.

THE COURT OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

which meets on Monday, will consider the question of a new court house for Lauderdale county, and will act upon the report of a committee, which was appointed at the last session of the court to look into the matter.

IRON AND COAL COMPANY RECEIVER.

Chancellor Carmichael has appointed W. E. Leake receiver for the Gilbreth Coal and Iron Company, of Walker county. The appointment was made upon the petition of the Union Bank and Trust Company.

MOBILIZING CHINESE TROOPS

In Large Numbers in the Neighborhood Of Pekin—Dowager Empress' Rule.

PEKIN.—In spite of the formal promises of the Chinese foreign office, there is every indication of a concerted move of Chinese troops in the neighborhood of the capital.

DOWAGER EMPRESS' RULE.

WASHINGTON.—Recent edicts of the dowager empress of China, copies of which have been received by Mr. Wu, the Chinese minister here, show with what a strong hand the empress is directing the affairs of the government, and overcoming some of the ultra-reform tendencies of the young emperor, which cropped out just before the empress assumed the reins of office. One of the recent edicts restores the ancient departments of Pekin and the governorships of the outlying country, which had been abolished not many weeks ago by an edict of the emperor. These places were since-cures.

Another edict by the empress dowager directs that the temple be used exclusively for the religious rites and not as schools. The emperor had previously inaugurated a marked reform in directing that many of the old temples throughout the empire be turned into school houses, in order that education might be fostered. But the empress dowager, while upholding the desirability of education, does not want the ancient temples of China turned into school houses if it is possible to secure schools elsewhere. She therefore directs that the temples be used exclusively for worship, except when no school facilities are available elsewhere, or when the temples have been turned into immoral uses.

In each case the action of the empress dowager is a return to the ancient methods of the country.

NICARAGUA CANAL.

Commission Will Unanimously Report That the Project Is Feasible.

The Nicaraguan canal commission appointed by the president under an act of congress directing a complete inquiry into this project with particular reference to its practicability and cost, has about completed its work, and the present prospect is that the report will be handed to Secretary Hay in about a month.

FIFTEEN LIVES LOST.

Crushed to Death by the Falling of a Five Story Theater.

The new five-story Wonderland theater building at Detroit, Mich., collapsed Saturday and fifteen or more lives were sacrificed. Shortly before 2 o'clock, while some thirty-five men were at work in various parts of the roof left in without a moment's warning. Nearly every one of the workmen were carried down into the theater pit. The top gallery was crushed down upon the lower gallery, carrying along a struggling company of men into the pit below, very few of whom escaped injury.

ENGINEER WAS CARELESS.

Seven Men Killed by an Accident in a Pennsylvania Mine.

Seven men were killed and three fatally injured at the Exeter colliery of the Leigh Valley Coal company, at West Piston, near Wilkesbarre, Saturday. The accident was due to the alleged carelessness of Engineer David Price, who, acting in disobedience to positive orders, caused three cars to run into the top of the shaft. These cars, loaded and weighing eleven tons, fell down the 360-foot shaft and crashed with frightful force upon the carriage carrying ten men. Seven were almost instantly killed.

DEMAND FOR ARMS AND AMMUNITION.

The demand for arms and ammunition in eastern North Carolina of late has been enormous. The stocks in near-by towns were soon exhausted, and large quantities have been imported this week. Every gun store and hardware establishment in Richmond, Va., has been emptied of rifles, pistols and cartridges.

DUKE OF ORLEANS SHADOWED.

The Duke of Orleans, who is now at Brussels, is being closely shadowed by French government detectives, as the French government has been warned that he is preparing for some important movement.

STEEL RAIL COMBINE.

A report is current in Philadelphia that a contract has been consummated between the Federal Steel company, the Cambria Iron company, the Pennsylvania Steel company, the Lackawanna Iron and Steel company and the Colorado company to cover a period of five years for the maintenance and regulation of the production of steel rails. It is said the price is to be advanced from \$18, the present price, to \$20 a ton.

LABOR AND INDUSTRY

SOME ITEMS OF INTEREST TO UNION WORKMEN.

Great Progress of Arbitration—Big "Little" Industries, in Some of Which America Has a World Monopoly—Notes of Important Events.

SCHOOL DAYS.

Ages ago with sober dread I heard their rules and reasons read, Then passed the timid, tearful state To mysteries of book and slate.

My early fear to fondness grew And seasons all too quickly flew, Until my school-day time had sped And left me with my part unsaid.

Ah! classic days of long ago, When I was farthest from the row And never thought a harder rule Would guide me through life's higher school.

Dear study days of pranks and pains, And dog-eared books with dingy stains, Little knew how much I'd miss The parting from my youth and you.

As dreamily I doze and sigh Those dear old school days come trooping by, With all their merriment and noise, Their romping rows of girls and boys.

Whose helter skelter runs to rout Me from my dreams, to cure my doubt; To tell me life is young and gay And I am part of it today.

And when one lassie seeks my knee And makes her "good" report to me I new delight I can't restrain, Fills old school days revived again.

—George E. Bowen in Chicago Record.

PROGRESS OF ARBITRATION.

Arbitration has been tried in many cases and worked with a gratifying success. Strikes are the characteristics of the feudal age of capital and labor, and arbitration will be characteristic of the age of law. It must be plain to every intelligent workman that \$10 is lost as often as \$1 is gained by the policy of strikes.

Apparently successful it amounts to but little in the long run, for anything that is forced against the natural laws of trade can only be of temporary duration. If there was better understanding between labor and capital a great many differences which arise between them could be settled, and the result of such settlement would be productive of much good to both employer and employee. Capital and labor should try to be honest with each other at all times. Retribution in some form is sure to follow any departure from the principles of truth and justice. The oft-occurring conflicts between labor and capital must be settled and reduced to a minimum upon the broad platform of equity and justice to both sides to the controversy. The vast gulf between them must be closed. Employer and employee should believe in arbitration of disputes as a matter of principle. It is an advancement in civilization and progress, and can labor organizations do anything to clog the wheels of progress and survive? No demand made by them, if based on justice, can long be refused.

Though often used as a synonymous term, there is a wide difference between arbitration and conciliation. To arbitrate is to determine a cause from a hearing of parties interested and weighing impartially all matters truthfully set forth. To conciliate is to win over one side to the other. With this understanding of the two terms and applying them to the uses or requirements of organized labor, it becomes evident that arbitration should be resorted to in all cases of industrial strife. In no single instance has there ever been a strike or lockout where all the right was vested with one side and all the wrong on the other. While the culminating steps may be taken by one party the fault primarily must be shared, not equally perhaps, but in some degree or other. At least two people are necessary to a quarrel; a man will soon weary quarreling with himself.

The subject of arbitration is receiving more study at the present time than ever before. The old idea among trade unions was that of force. It was a question of might altogether. Right seldom entered into the question of a strike. If the union felt strong enough to compel acquiescence in a demand, the demand was made without regard to the rights of employers or anybody else involved. As a result of such methods strong opposition to the trade unions developed in the public mind, and there was scarcely a public print in the country that dared to utter one word of encouragement or sympathy. As a result one after another the trade organizations, even powerful ones like the Knights of St. Crispin and the Knights of Labor, went by the board.

Of all the old trade organizations the typographical union (as a national and international body) alone has had a continuous existence, having been organized in 1852, for the simple reason that it early in its career adopted arbitration as a method of handling disputes, and its growth has been more rapid and satisfactory to all parties interested since the introduction of methods more in harmony with good sense and intelligence of the times in its treatment of craft interests in all questions between employer and employee. While the strongest as well as oldest organization for the upholding of wages in the country, yet notwithstanding its strength, it has never been guilty of injustice to capital; it has never been drawn into a wrangle with the authorities, and has always given a justifiable reason for whatever antagonism that was found necessary. The union is a business institution, is carried on on business principle, and its chief officer is always approachable. There is a flexibility about its regulations that accords with general business principles.

Of late years many labor unions have followed the example of this organization with signal success, and it is now generally conceded that labor troubles should be settled by arbitration, and it is to be hoped that employers and employees will both assist in tearing down the wall of selfishness which has so long divided their interests. Let them meet each other as man and man, and let the disposition of each be to adjust differences upon a basis of equality and fairness.

Big "Little" Industries. It's the little things which count, so averred the amateur statistician, and especially is this true of the manufacturers, imports, exports and commercial pursuits of New York, where the trade in the insignificant trifles of personal use or articles common to the economy of the household requires an expenditure of millions and millions of dollars every year.

For instance, said he, consider the number of handkerchiefs annually sold. A prominent dealer estimates that the daily consumption of the United States is about 25,000 dozens, or 27,375,000 dozens yearly—28,500,000 single handkerchiefs. Even this estimate is regarded as entirely too low, for it allows only between four and five handkerchiefs to each person in the country. There are at least 1,000,000 lace handkerchiefs imported every year and their value is in the neighborhood of \$5,000,000.

When you go to buy clothespins at the corner grocery they give you 50 for 5 cents and you are, perhaps, inclined to wonder how they can afford to sell so many for so little money. But your nickel goes to swell a total of millions which are annually spent for these articles, for wherever the wash is hung out to dry the world over it is generally secured to the line with clothespins of American manufacture. They are turned out entirely by machinery, counted by machinery into boxes containing 720 each, and the boxes are nailed up by machinery. From the time the prepared blocks of wood enter the machines until as perfected clothespins they are packed in cases, not a human hand touches them. Two grades are made, firsts and seconds. First grade pins cost but 35 cents a box.

Between 13,000,000 and 14,000,000 cigar boxes are annually used in the United States. Of this number about nine-tenths are made in New York, and the trade rivals the great clothing industry in point of capital invested and the number of people employed. Mirrors are seldom lost and never intentionally broken; therefore, it is inexplicable that the annual sales should amount to \$3,000,000; but it is true, nevertheless. There are more than 2,000 persons employed in the manufacture of looking glasses. Of that number, which is composed almost entirely of men, fully one-half are in the state or city of New York. The industry is controlled by metropolitan capital.

New York yearly exports to Europe, Africa, South America, and Australia tons of wooden meat skewers, and while they are made principally in the west, the bulk of the trade is controlled in that city. Skewers are almost exclusively made of hickory, and like most manufactures of wood, they are turned out by factories located in close proximity to the forests whence the wood of which they are made is taken. Skewers are made in several lengths, 4½, 5, 5½, 6, and 7 inches, and up to gigantic fellows 16 inches long. They are made entirely by machinery, like the clothespin, and sold very cheap. Completed skewers are put up in bunches, which vary in the number contained, according to their size. Billions of them are annually used, and in New York city no less than 250,000 are consumed every year.

LABOR NOTES.

Mr. R. E. Coffey of Lynchburg, Va., is said to have invented a machine to strip tobacco which will revolutionize the business.

The strides made in silk manufacturing in America during the past few years have been very great, and imports of this class of foreign made goods are gradually diminishing.

Mr. W. H. Barret, superintendent of the Kansas and Texas Coal company, is endeavoring to secure white union members at Pana, Ill., to go to Huntington, same state, to work. He is meeting with little success. The men say they are determined to remain at Pana and fight the operators and blacks to the bitter end. They say they expect to win the strike, but can accomplish nothing so long as the military are kept there. Capt. Craig, the military commander, says the troops will be continued at Pana indefinitely.

Prominent members of the Liberty Dawn Association of Cab Drivers of New York city say that an international organization made up of all cab, coach, delivery wagon, express wagon, truck and ash cart drivers and all street railway employees is being perfected. The new organization will be known as the Vehicle and Traffic Trades council.

America grows 70 per cent of the world's cotton crop, and year by year a larger proportion of it is manufactured in this country, and in the south, near the cotton fields, have the spindles multiplied most rapidly. Such an increase in the cotton manufactures means a greater demand in America for American cotton, the market for our goods will be enlarged and the price of raw cotton will be stimulated. Its market price will be fixed on this side of the Atlantic rather than in Liverpool, and the grower will reap the benefit.

There are 1,750,000 volumes in the library of the British museum and more than a thirty-nine miles of shelving.

A bad cigar after a good dinner is like a beautiful woman with a black eye.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One copy one year, + + + \$1.00
One copy six months, + + + .50
One copy three months, + + + .25

COLUMBIANA, NOV. 10, 1898.

Col Theodore Roosevelt, Repub-
lican, was elected Governor of New
York Tuesday.

The election passed off quietly
throughout the county Tuesday.
There was a very small vote polled
by all parties. Mr. Aldrich carried
the five white counties by a good
majority.

Within a year the United States
has obtained from abroad about
\$140,000,000 of gold and still ex-
changes rule in our favor, while
gold continues to flow towards our
shores. And that it does not come
in large volume is due entirely to
the large sale of American securi-
ties by European holders, a sale
that provides the means for settling
the great merchandise balances
that are being built up in our favor
and in excess of all charges against
such balances. The securities
dumped on our markets the big
banker, backed up by the banks,
take up and thus hold the price.
Thus we have the explanation of
an expansion in the loan accounts
of the New York banks of from
\$635,000,000 on October 1st to
\$667,000,000 on October 29th, an
increase of \$32,000,000 in loans in
four weeks. Commenting on this
the Philadelphia press asserts that
"this expansion really measures the
striking fact that New York, in
the present stringency abroad, has
been loaning on a larger scale to
European purchasers of American
exports." But considering the
sale of securities to us and the
making of loans by the banks up-
on such securities we would say
this expansion means hardly loan-
ing by us to foreigners but rather
the paying of debts held by fore-
igners. While we have gained gold
at an unparalleled rate during the
last year the banks of Europe have
lost in the aggregate about \$100,-
000,000, of which the Imperial
Bank of Russia has lost \$68,000,-
000, and the Bank of France the
greater part of the balance.—
The American.

Out of 346 Democratic Congres-
sional conventions held this year,
222 endorsed the Chicago platform
and free silver and 124 dodged the
question. Thus we see that the
free silver wing of the Democratic
party was uppermost in nearly
twice as many Congressional con-
ventions as the gold wing. It is
further pointed out that of the 124
conventions in which the question
was dodged 57 were held in Penn-
sylvania and New York. In these
two states every effort is being
made to bring the gold Democrats
back into the party, or perhaps it
would be more correct to say to
bring the Democracy of those
states back to the position held by
the gold Democrats. But however
we may put it, the undoubted fact
is that the gold Democrats, both in
New York and Pennsylvania, have
gone back into the party, which be-
lieved they captured before they
went back, almost in a body. The
Democratic conventions in both
states ignored the Chicago plat-
form and the question of free sil-
ver. Mr. Van Wyck, candidate
for Governor in New York, stead-
fastly refuses to consider national
questions, while Mr. Jenks, Demo-
cratic gubernatorial candidate in
Pennsylvania, and having a show
to win because of revolt against
the misrule of the Quay machine,
has gone one step further to ex-
pressly declare that his election
would not be a victory for free
trade or free silver but would
"simply mean economy and reform
in state affairs," and that if elect-
ed he would in no way use his in-
fluence as Governor, or permit the
power of the state government to
be used in a way to keep the Penn-
sylvania state democracy in line for
free silver in 1900. "My election,"
he writes, "should not and shall
not be used to affect the next Pres-
idential election or the issues
which may then arise, so far as I
can prevent." In other words he
does not regard the Democratic
party of Pennsylvania as wedded to
silver and proclaims his purpose to
raise no hand against the selection
of a gold delegation to represent
the state at the next Democratic
national convention, but rather by
keeping his hands off to keep the
path to the selection of such a de-
legation if the state Democracy
wills such selection.—The Ameri-
can.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich Is the Man.



Aldrich carries Cleburne, Chilton, Shelby, Talladega and likely
Calhoun, and goes to the black belt with a handsome majority. The
ballot box stuffers cannot down him.

A "Bryanite in 1896."

Editor Advertiser.—It is said
the People's Party is dead in Ala-
bama, and The Montgomery Adver-
tiser is one of the papers making
this assertion. It is further said
by many papers "all the Populists
have returned to the home of their
first love, the Democratic Party."
We do not propose to discuss in
this article either of the two propo-
sitions, but we wish to ask, in all
candor, where the Democratic Par-
ty is, and what it is?

There may be some honest Popu-
lists that left the party for honest
purposes, who, if the People's Par-
ty is dead, might like to, at least,
vote with the Democratic Party if
he knew where to find it.

Senator Morgan said in a speech,
speaking of the Democratic banner
"raised by Thomas Jefferson,
defended by Andrew Jackson, and
sustained by Grover Cleveland." Senator
Morgan alluded to Wm. J.
Bryan as the "Young Samson of
Democracy." The Montgomery
Journal says, "Classing Cleveland's
name with those of Jefferson and
Jackson is like comparing Christ to
Judas Iscariot." Governor John-
son says, "The people asked for
bread, and Mr. Cleveland gave
them a stone."

Mr. Bryan said, "No power in
heaven above or on the earth be-
neath could induce him to support
a gold standard man on a standard
platform, for President."

The Montgomery Advertiser said
"With respect to the platform
adopted by the convention, allud-
ing to the late State convention,
in so far as its approval of the Chi-
cago platform is concerned, there
is no power on earth which can in-
duce The Advertiser to support
the revolutionary principles that
platform announces."

Bryan is worshiped and the Chi-
cago convention is still being en-
dorsed, whilst The Advertiser and
those who think as it does are be-
ing cursed. Jefferson, Jackson,
Cleveland, Morgan, Bryan, Mont-
gomery Journal, Montgomery Ad-
vertiser, Governor Johnston and
The Journal's "Judas Iscariot," all
marching under the Democratic
banner Morgan says was "raised by
Jefferson, defended by Jackson and
sustained by Cleveland. Tune,
"The Senate is delighted," chorus,
is "gratified."

The Senate was a little previous,
nevertheless the telegrams passed.
Delight and gratification came, and
under its mighty shadow and "busi-
ness" the need of 16 to 1 vanish-
ed.

In the First district the Taylors
both Democrats, made charges
against each other. A Populist
said: "If half they told on each
other was true, they are not wor-
thy to be trusted, because their
characters are bad." The Mont-
gomery Advertiser's correspond-
ent says "good."

In the Sixth district, The Mont-

gomery Journal says, "Action of
the State Democratic Committee
Ignored. High Handed Proceed-
ings. "All Democrats."

The same paper says, "The usur-
pation of authority by the Sixth
District Committee is more pro-
nounced and more flagrant than the
late lamented game played by the
committee of the First district,
which the State committee was
compelled to rebuke in plain lan-
guage."

Now, Mr. Editor, somebody is
wrong about this thing called De-
mocracy, and if we should per-
chance meet some poor wayfaring
Populist who hasn't gotten back to
the home of his Papas, and he were
to inquire of us where to find it,
we could not give him directions,
we could only tell him what Mr.
Morgan said about the "banner,"
Governor Johnston about Cleve-
land, Montgomery Journal about
Judas Iscariot, Mr. Bryan about
"gold standard" and "gold stand-
ard" candidates, Montgomery Ad-
vertiser about our State Conven-
tions, 1-5-6, etc., districts and
"usurpation" and "flagrancy" of
committees and "business" wiping
out necessity of 16 to 1. "Delight"
and "Gratification," and send him
on his way to ponder and meditate.

We think some Populist left the
Democratic party mainly on ac-
count, so far as state politics is
concerned, of "intolerance usurpa-
tion flagrant" acts and dishonest
elections. The Democrats from
Chairman of State Executive Com-
mittee, up or down as case may be,
and all Democratic papers admit
there is still fraud in elections and
Gov. Johnston's organ and others
admit there is still "intolerance,
usurpation and flagrant" acts and
can a Populist who was honest and
sincere in quitting the Democratic
party on these grounds, be consist-
ent in returning, even if he could
find it?

As we view it, the intolerance
and usurpation of Executive Com-
mittees in the so called Democrati-
c party is worse than ever, and as
for Bossism, there is no parallel
to existing conditions. As to elec-
tions, one Democrat says, "it is
best to buy;" another says, it is
"cheaper to steal;" another says
"put offices up to highest bidder
and put proceeds of sales in Edu-
cational Fund;" another says "bul-
doze" and a Democratic negro says
when taunted by another negro for
voting Democratic ticket and ask-
ed if he wasn't afraid to sell his
vote for liquor on the grand day of
the election, replied by saying,
"You fool nigger, Judge is on my
side."

Is there any wonder at these
things when we remember the
great thirst for place and power,
and the open violation of law?
"The wickedness of the wicked
shall come to an end."

Bryanite in 1896.

Awkward Man.

The most awkward man in the
world without a doubt, lives in Ten-
nessee. He recently shot a neigh-
bor's dog, and in explaining the ac-
cident to the dog's owner, shot him.
Later, in showing how the
tragedy occurred, he shot the coun-
ty coroner. He has been liberated
now for fear he will try to explain
it to somebody else.—Ex.

COLUMBIANA
MERCANTILE
COMPANY.

This store grows greater and better every day. Selling reliable
goods at the very lowest possible prices; with the choicest selected
stock of up-to-date merchandise always on hand; courteous treat-
ment and your money refunded if purchases are not satisfactory are
strong factors which cannot fail to build our business and increase our
popularity.

Read these prices and be convinced:

Good cotton checks, per yard	3 1/2	Mens' Imported Black Worsted	
10 balls of thread for	5	Suits, worth \$10.00 at	\$5.50
30 yards soft finish Bleaching for	\$1.00	Mens' heavy half-wool Suits	2.35
25 yards, yard wide Sea Island for	1.00	Fancy Clay Worsted Suits	3.75
5000 yards short-length Calicoes, per yard	3	Heavy Wool Overcoats	2.00
2 cases Turkey Red and English Gray, and Fancy Dress Cali- coes, 10 yards for	35	Art-Wool Pants	1.00
Fancy Dress Outing Flannels at	5	Heavy Buckskin Working shirts	25
Hickory or Cheviot Shirtings at	5	Fancy Laundered Overshirts, col- lars and cuffs attached	25
Brown Drill Canton Flannel at	12 1/2	White Unlaundered Shirts, linen bosom	25
10-4 Brown Shirtings at	5	Heavy quality Undershirts	12 1/2
All-Wool Filling, double-width, Twilled Cashmeres, or Fancy Figured, per yard	10	Extra heavy leather trimmed Suspenders	10
Ladies' Hose, per pair	5	Wool hats, real 50-cent quality	25
Children's Hose, all sizes, per pair	5	We have on hand 100 mens' and boys' single Vests, to close at	15
Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs	5	125 heavy half-wool boys knee suits in dark patterns, sizes 4 to 12	50
1 Box Linen Writing Paper and Envelopes	5	Children's undershirts and draw- ers, per suit	25
2 spools Machine Thread	25	We have the best line of chil- dren's school shoes from 50 cents up	
60-inch wide Turkey Red Table Cloth, at	25	GROCERIES.	
Ladies' Corsets, all sizes, at	35	Good green Coffee, per pound	8
Ladies' double Capes, Collars and Upper Capes, trimmed with Santache fur, at	50	Lions or Leverings Roasted cof- fee, per pound	10
Heavy Melton Capes, trimmed with braid and fur	2.00	Y. C. Sugar, 20 pounds for	1.00
Ladies' Buckle Black capes	1.75	Soda, in pound packages, 6 for	25
Ladies' Silk Plush Capes	65	25 cent bars of soap for	5
Ladies' shoes, Lace or Button, Dongola or Calfskin, bought in a job, sizes 3 to 5, worth from \$1.00 to \$1.75, your choice at		Our Big-Deal soap, 1 1/2 pound bars	5
		Good Chewing Tobacco, per pound	28

On Flour, Meat and other heavy gro-
ceries we will give you the lowest
market prices. We also handle a good
line of furniture, bedroom suits, tin-
ware and crockery and the O. K. cook-
ing stoves, which are the best for
DURABILITY.

We buy cotton and all marketable produce at highest prices.

We ask for your trade on the strength by the irresistible force
of our bargains. We feel justified that no buyer who means business
can leave our store unsuited or unsatisfied. We only want an opportu-
nity to show our goods, to put them into your hands, that you may
prove the correctness of all we claim for our styles, qualities and val-
ues.

To each purchaser we will give a ticket which will entitle the
holder to one share in a barrel of full patent flour to be given away by
us on the 1st and 15th of each month.

Don't be misled, but call and see just what this offer means.
You cannot afford to pass it. Hoping to see you soon, we are, yours
respectfully.

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE COMPANY.

DO YOU WEAR TEETH?

A queer way of attracting your attention, but we want it. We are
kept busy making other people teeth, but will make yours also.

Have you teeth to fill?

Then don't wait until they ache, thereby saving much pain and
expense. It pays to have teeth filled.

Do you have indigestion?

Stop taking medicine to cure this trouble until you have removed
the cause. Have your teeth put in good condition and it will do
you more good than all the medicine about which anything is
known. Then your food will be assimilated, your blood made rich-
er and purer, and you will feel like a new person.

Do you appreciate good dentistry?

If you do we want to serve you. We have served hundreds of
others successfully and will serve you to the very best of our abil-
ity. Our prices are the same to all and are as reasonable as is con-
sistent with good work.

Fine Gold, Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty, and Satisfaction Guaranteed

OFFICE OVER PAGE & SON'S STORE.

DR. W. A. LOVETT, DENTIST,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

We lead, others try to follow!

We keep a full and complete line of Drugs, Chemicals, Toilet Articles,
Staple Drugs, Paints, Oils—in fact everything usually kept in a
FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE. If we haven't got exactly what
you want we make it a point to get it for you.

OUR PRICES—

are regular eye-openers, and are made with a view of catching
your trade, and when once you become a customer of ours you
will always be a customer if honest goods and fair prices count
anything with you.

OUR PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT—

is complete in every particular. Prescriptions carefully filled
day or night. Only the purest drugs that can be had are used
and the utmost care and precision are exercised in compounding.

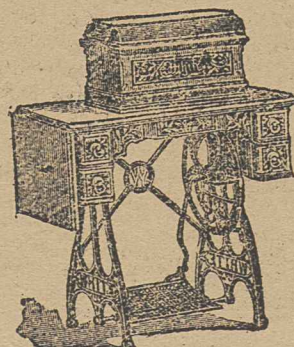
HALL DRUG COMPANY,

Columbiana, - Ala.

KEEP YOUR EYE
ON THIS SPACE. IT
WILL SAVE YOU
MONEY AND DO
YOU GOOD.

DON'T SACRIFICE . . .

Future Comfort for present seeming Economy, but BUY
the Sewing Machine with an established reputation that
guarantees you long and satisfactory service:



The WHITE.

ITS BEAUTIFULLY FIGURED WOODWORK,
DURABLE CONSTRUCTION,
FINE MECHANICAL ADJUSTMENT,

coupled with the Finest Set of Steel Attach-
ments, makes it the

MOST DESIRABLE MACHINE IN THE MARKET.

Dealers Wanted where we are not represented.

White Sewing Machine Co.,
CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Send for our beautiful half-tone catalogue.

SOCIAL AND LOCAL NEWS.

Points About People You Know and Some You Don't Know. News From Different Beats.

S. J. Large spent Sunday in Calera.

W. A. Parker spent Sunday in Montevallo.

J. W. Dykes spent Sunday in Montevallo.

J. H. Strickland is on the sick list this week.

J. L. Peters, Esq., spent Tuesday in Montevallo.

George Porter, of Calera, was in the city Tuesday.

Jim Evans, of Wilsonville, spent Sunday in the city.

E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, was in the city Tuesday.

Horace Hammond visited friends in Montevallo Sunday.

Tobacco at less than factory prices at J. H. Hammond.

Miss Pauline Nelson visited relatives at Renfro this week.

Miss Mattie Kidd, of Vincent, is the guest of Miss Eva Davis.

Supt. Eugene Williams, of Vincent, was in the city Saturday.

Col. Will Page spent a short while in Childersburg Sunday.

Shoes, Shoes at factory prices at J. H. Hammond.

Max Lefkowitz and Phillip Erick spent Sunday on Yellow Leaf.

Sugars sold at cost by J. H. Hammond.

Mrs. I. W. Bailey, of Calera, visited relatives in the city this week.

Dr. Payne, of Ensley city, was here on business Monday and Tuesday.

J. W. Moore and J. H. Falkner, of Sterrett, were in the city last Friday.

Mr. Elam, of Elam Drug Co., Anniston, was here on business Saturday.

Miss Lola Strickland, of Fourmile, visited relatives in the city this week.

Miss Hattie Thomas returned Saturday from a visit to relatives in Wilsonville.

Coffees at 12-11-9-8-7 pounds to the dollar at J. H. Hammond.

Some steps should be taken to seat the chapel of the Public School comfortably.

Sam Vest and wife, of Belle-Elle, visited the family of E. F. Vest last week.

Don't forget that I sell 12 pounds roasted coffee for one dollar. J. H. Hammond.

Mrs. Charlie Brooks, of Birmingham, is visiting relatives and friends in the city.

Miss Susie McGehee left Tuesday for Opelika to attend the Baptist State convention.

Meat, Lard, Flour and all other groceries for sale by J. H. Hammond.

Rev. W. I. Sinnott filled his regular appointment at the Presbyterian church Sunday.

Captain Hugh Kennedy, of Birmingham, was in the city one day last week on business.

Remember the business men's meeting in the Probate Judges' office Friday night at 7 o'clock.

Misses Sallie Seabrook and Olla Offord, of Childersburg, visited Mrs. L. C. Armstrong last week.

Pride goeth before a fall. Be not conceited in thinking yourself better than your neighbor. May be you are mistaken.

When old acquaintance be forgot, and Chapman is dead and gone, he'll walk right up to the golden gate—to the tune of the "Coffee Pot" song.

Miss Louie Longshore returned home last Saturday, after an absence of several months spent in Atlanta attending the Southern Female College of Music.

The city marshal, or somebody, ought to look after the accumulation of trash in the business portion of town. It is getting to be an eye sore. Why not keep our streets clean and neat. It is just as easy as to have them strewn with papers, etc., which the city ordinances say shall be burned at 9 a. m. each morning.

List of Jurors.

The following is a list of petit jurors drawn to serve at the fall term of county court, which convenes November 28th:

B. F. Thomas, Eli Crim, T. P. Payne, John Weldon, S. B. Bradley, S. M. Adams, J. H. Pennington, W. G. Lee, J. B. Comer, W. M. Harless, W. L. Crim, W. J. Florey, W. J. Andrews, J. R. Jones, W. H. Prestridge, S. C. Fulton, Wm. Bradley, Jason Powell, J. O. Alexander, R. E. Collins, D. F. Stone, J. H. Frost, R. B. Jordan, H. C. Henderson.

Lecture on Sabbath Observance.

Dr. Thompson, representing the National Sabbath Observance Association, will be in Columbiana and lecture at the Presbyterian church on the evening of 18th inst., at 7 o'clock.

The question of Sabbath Observance is one of the greatest national importance. Good morals are more essential to the permanency of good government, and to the preservation of all its own interests, and those under its care and protection, than all the police power and regulations which it may authorize and control. Good morals are of more importance than congress or the legislature of the states; than the President and the Governor, for the President and the Governors have no power to enforce their authority in the administration of the laws enacted by congress and the legislatures over a people void of good morals. A faithful observance of the Sabbath and its privileges and immunities is the surest way to insure good morals and perpetuate them to other generations.

Let everybody therefore of every religious and political creed come out and hear Dr. Thompson at the time and place announced.

Redlawn News.

The farmers are gathering up their little 4 cent cotton this beautiful weather.

E. B. Lyon and H. T. Taylor went to Yellow Leaf Sunday to see their best girls.

Several of the Redlawn people attended service at Nelson's Chapel Sunday.

Bill Spearman was in our midst Sunday. Come again Bill, you are welcome.

C. W. Spearman was the guest of Miss Mattie Bradley Sunday.

W. J. Miner was the guest of Miss Alma Jackson Sunday.

J. W. Powell went to Vincent Sunday to see his best girl.

Miss Lola Strickland spent Sunday in Columbiana, much to the regret of some of our boys.

Shell Taylor was in our community Sunday.

From the way the top buggy goes to Mr. Hadaways, we will get to eat some cake soon.

J. W. Spearman was the guest of Miss Eva Farr Sunday.

Success to the Advocate and its many readers.

Through mistake, the oysters for the supper given by the Parsonage League arrived one day earlier than was intended, and not having time to thoroughly advertise the forced change, not as much money was realized as these ladies had expected.

It is a fact that our merchants here sell goods as cheap, if not cheaper, than a great many of our larger merchants in the cities. They are in for your business and if you appreciate the value of a dollar, you cannot help but do your trading in Columbiana.

See in another column the big advertisement of the Columbiana Mercantile Co. These gentlemen have been in business here for the past three years, and they are noted for their fair and upright dealings. They are enterprising and up-to-date merchants, and we bespeak for them a liberal patronage.

The performance given by Richardson Bros., minstrel company here Monday and Tuesday nights was good. The young men composing this minstrel company are genteel and nice, and acquit themselves well on the stage. There music is good and their imitation of the southern negro is splendid. Both performances were entirely different one from the other, and evoked laughter and applause continually.

Subscribe for the Advocate if you want the news.

Wilsonville Items.

Speer Kyle has been on the sick list, but is able to be up again.

Walter McGowing has returned home from the war.

Will Hadaway, of Fourmile, was in town Saturday.

Several of our young people attended the speaking at Columbiana last Thursday.

B. Crumpton, of Fourmile, was in town Saturday.

Drummers have been plentiful in our city for the last week.

The singing given by Miss Blossom Densler Friday night was a success.

E. Williamson is on the sick list this week.

"Sager" you must not neglect to put in your appearance every week. Your articles are immensely interesting, and I must congratulate you over all the communications of the Advocate.

J. M. Brown made a business trip to Montgomery last week.

The young people of this place anticipate organizing a singing choir to sing every Friday night. The writer suggests that it is a very judicious idea. We need to practice music, and therefore let us all attend this organization, so we will have no confusion about who shall lead the choir.

Jack Pool.

Vandiver.

Health good.

Rufus Adams, of Weldon, spent several days in our community last week on business.

J. L. Vandiver, who was on the sick list last week is able to be out again.

A. C. Wilder, of Vincent, was in our town one day last week buying cotton.

Dr. Babb made a business trip to Birmingham one day last week and supplied himself with a lot of drugs, and is now ready to do all kinds of medical work.

Mr. Hambright and wife, of Leeds, visited the family of Dr. Abercrombie Sunday.

J. T. Davis, of Dunnivant, was in our community one day last week on business.

Prof. Mundine, one of our business young men left last Sunday to take charge of a school at Cobb.

We wish him success.

G. E. Brasher, the noted pumpkin grocer, made a business trip to Birmingham last week.

Rev. Linder preached a very interesting sermon at this place last Sunday.

LITTLE JOE.

Weldon.

Cotton picking is all the go now.

Mrs. N. S. Hester and daughter Miss Mattie, were the guests of Mrs. D. W. Sharbutt Sunday.

Bert McDonald, V. R. Coward and John Marrier spent Sunday evening with Mex Sharbutt.

John Coward went to Wilsonville last Friday on business.

J. M. Spearman made a business trip to Birmingham last Friday.

The way one of our boys goes over to the widows, we will get to eat some cake soon. How about it R?

J. E. Adams went to Columbiana Monday on business.

F. Sullivan, of Montevallo, is visiting in our community this week.

J. M. Baldwin's school will start next Monday at Union.

J. A. Blankenship, of near Lewis, was in our community last week. Come again Jim, we are always glad to see you in our midst.

O. S. and J. H. Lybrand and Berry Spearman went to Wilsonville last Saturday.

The singing at Col. C. M. L. Fancher's Saturday night was a success. Quite a crowd of young folks from Weldon were there.

Mr. Editor what has become of our Coalville writer?

Rufus Adams went to Vandiver one day this week.

WILD BILL.

Fourmile.

All are cordially invited to attend the marriage of Miss Luna Jackson to Mr. Thos. Walton at Liberty Baptist church on Nov. 16th, 1898.

EDGE.

We are agents in this district for the New Royal sewing machine, the best on the market, with all new improvements, which we will sell for cash or on easy payments. Columbiana Mercantile Co.

FALL OPPORTUNITIES.

Now is the Time to Test the Value of Our Experience in Buying and Selling Goods. It is Extensive and Thorough.

We have told you that we can be of great use to you. We are waiting for the opportunity to prove it. Never before have we been so thoroughly in command of the lowest possible prices. The hard times have had something to do with it, but our accumulated experience has done more. Our rapid increase in business has rendered it necessary for us to make larger purchases than ever before for the Fall and Winter Trade. Our prices are so low that no merchant dare claim to meet them.

Items of Interest Concerning Our New Stock:

5 cent, good quality bleaching a yard, 3 cents.
8 cent, best yard-wide bleaching, a yard, 4 cents.
6 cent, yard wide, extra heavy domestic, 4 cents.
5 cent, best cotton checks, now 3 cents.
8 cent, Southern Satin, dress plaids, beautiful designs, now only 5c.
8 cent, heavy brown drilling, now 5 cents.
Childrens handkerchiefs, fast colors, 1 cent.
Ladies' hemstitched handkerchiefs, all colors, 3 cents.
Gents' bordered handkerchiefs, many designs, 4 cents.
\$1.50 ladies glove grain shoes, button or lace, all sizes, now 99 cents.
\$2.50, good quality, boys overcoats, with detachable capes just for your boys, now 99 cents.
\$5.00 youth's fine overcoats, with velvet collars, all wool, the best value, \$2.50.
\$4.00 men's suit, well made, now \$1.90.
\$1.50, all wool, men's pants, very good for the price, 90 cents.
50 cent, boys fine knitted overshirts, all colors, 25 cents.
Men's heavy working overshirts 25 cents.
"Stainless," the well known \$1, Negligee shirt, 47 cents.
10 cents men's good seamless hose, now 5 cents.

25 cent ladies' imported hose, fast black, full seamless 10 cents.
\$1.50, the best 10-4 blanket you ever saw, for 70 cents.
1000 yards of short length sateens, all colors, 10 and 15 cent goods, now at 5 cents.
Fine men's suspenders, regular price 25 cents, now 10 cents.
25 cent, solid brown all wool flannel, now 12 cents.
Pure silk ribbon, lovely colors, 10, 15 and 20 cent goods, now 3 cents.
1 box, 30 balls sewing thread, No. 1, for 15 cents.
Good thread, white and black, 200 yards on a spool, 2 cents.
Balls of calico, about 50 yards, for 90 cents.
Bundles of ducking, 50 yards, for 90 cents.
A big lot of short length Sateens, Organdies and Silklines, 10 and 15 cent goods, a yard wide, now at 3 cents.
A sample lot of Capes, sixty different styles, from 35 cents to \$2.00.
35 cent, Ladies' black hose, all wool, full seamless, 15 cents.
25 cent, Windsor ties, pure silk, artistic patterns 36 inches long, for 10 cents.
25 cent, Black Broadened Silk scraps 10 cents.
All wool breakfast shawls, 10 cents.

Only space forbids us a detail account of the Boy's and Men's clothing, and tremendous line of Boy's, Misses, Ladies and Men's shoes. While we cannot describe or enumerate our variety of elegant assortments, we are very glad to show them to our visitors.

Come and look at our new magnificent stock. You will find reliable goods at unparalleled values. You will find friendship, as we esteem every visit from you a personal favor. We are building business on the Great and strong Power of Low Prices.

Money spent with us gets more genuine value, goes farther, lasts longer, gets more style, more quality and does more actually good service than it is even possible so to get elsewhere.

THESE ARE THE OPPORTUNITIES WE OFFER. S. STARK, Shelby, Ala.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease CONSUMPTION, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription (need, Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, and all throat and lung Maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is valuable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address: Rev. Edward A. Wilson, Brooklyn, New York.

W. A. PARKER'S LIVERY STABLE. OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE And Have Your Teams Cared For.

McCALL'S PATTERNS. THE STYLISH PATTERN. Original, Perfect Fitting. Price 10 and 15 cents. None higher. None better at any price. Some reliable merchant sells them in nearly every city or town. Ask for them, or they can be had by mail from us in either New York or Chicago. Stamps taken. Latest Fashion Sheet sent upon receipt of one cent to pay postage.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE. Brightest ladies' magazine published. Invaluable for the home. Fashions of the day, Home Literature, Household Hints, Fancy Work, Current Topics, Fiction, all for only 50 cents a year, including a free pattern, your own selection any time. Send two-cent stamps for sample copy. Address: THE McCALL COMPANY, 142-146 West 14th Street, New York, 189 Fifth Avenue, Chicago.

Brightest ladies' magazine published. Invaluable for the home. Fashions of the day, Home Literature, Household Hints, Fancy Work, Current Topics, Fiction, all for only 50 cents a year, including a free pattern, your own selection any time. Send two-cent stamps for sample copy. Address: THE McCALL COMPANY, 142-146 West 14th Street, New York, 189 Fifth Avenue, Chicago.

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Tax Collector's Notice.

I will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting the State, County and Poll taxes for the year 1898:

SECOND ROUND.

Helena, beat 6, Monday, November 14.

Bond, beat 5, Tuesday, November 15.

Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, November 16.

Aldrich, beat 4, Thursday, November 17.

Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, November 18.

Calera, beat 3, Saturday, November 19.

Bold Springs, beat 13, Monday, November 21.

Highland, beat 12, Tuesday, November 22.

Pelham, beat 17, Wednesday, November 23.

Ganadarque, beat 7, Thursday, November 24.

Martin's, beat 8, Monday, November 28.

Day's X Roads, beat 11, Tuesday, November 29.

Sterrett, beat 15, Wednesday, November 30.

Dunnivant, beat 18, Thursday, December 1.

Vandiver, beat 14, Friday, December 2.

Vincent, beat 16, Saturday, December 3.

Creswell, beat 10, Monday, December 5.

Harpersville, beat 10, Tuesday, December 6.

Wilsonville, beat 9, Wednesday, December 7.

Columbiana, beat 1, Thursday, December 8.

Spring Creek, beat 2, Friday, December 9.

Shelby Iron Works, beat 1, Saturday, December 10.

Will be in Columbiana from December 19 to last of December, excepting the 25th. On all taxes not paid by January 1, 8 per cent interest and collector's fee will be charged. Poll taxes are delinquent after December 1.

JOHN H. ROBERTSON,

Tax Collector Shelby County.

Notice No. 19952.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., September 20th, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on November 14th, 1898, viz: Lewis F. Bradshaw, Homestead entry No. 25, 934, for the E½ of NE¼, section 32, tp. 17 south of range 2 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Riley Howard, Henry J. Gatzaway, Robert F. Lawley, Henry J. Coshatt, all of Sterrett, Ala.

ROBERT BARBER,

Register.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of Fi. Fa. issued from the Circuit Court of Shelby County, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell in front of the Court House, in the town of Columbiana, on the 28th day of November, 1898, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit: NW¼ of SE¼, section 30, township 19, range 1 west. All in Shelby county, Alabama.

Levied upon as the property of E. D. Hall, to satisfy said Fi. Fa. in my hands in favor of Birmingham Dry Goods Company.

This 24th day of October, 1898.

E. F. VEST, Sheriff.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Condensed Schedule in Effect Sept. 15, 1898.

No. 19 STATIONS. No. 20

6:00am Lv. Birmingham Ar. 7:45pm
8:30am Lv. Birmingham Ar. 4:55pm
10:25am Lv. Birmingham Ar. 3:10pm

No. 21 STATIONS. No. 22

4:30am Lv. Akron Ar. 7:45pm
5:30am Lv. Greensboro Ar. 6:4

English in Chinese Customs Service. The Chinese customs service is headed by an Englishman. It is chiefly manned by Englishmen. It was created and organized by an English army officer and diplomatist, Sir Thomas Francis Wade. At Hong Kong and Wei-Hai-Wei, England has ports, and in the former case a tract of mainland has been recently added to the possessions of England. The Chinese navy has been built in English shipyards, and much of the time has been commanded by Englishmen. The native steamship lines have English commanders.

Tools Used by Pyramid Builders. The laborers who built the pyramids did not work under such disadvantages as have long since been attributed to them. Recent research shows that they had solid and tubular drills and lathe tools. The drills were set with jewels and cut into the rocks with keenness and accuracy.

There are 165 registered trades unions in New South Wales, almost every branch of industrial activity being represented.

In Daniel Shaw, of Kingsbury, who is 85 years old, and looks but 60, the people of Indiana claim to have the oldest justice of the peace in the United States.

Beauty is Blood Deep. Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets thoroughly clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving out impurities from the body. Get rid of banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly yellow complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 25c, 50c.

At the Strozzi palace, in Rome, there is a book made of marble, the leaves being of marvellous thinness.

Dr. C. J. MOPPETT, Dear Doctor: We gave your "Cathartics" (Teething Powders) to our little grandchild with the happiest results. The effects were almost magical, and certainly more satisfactory than any other medicine we have used. Yours, very truly, JOSEPH S. KEY, Pastor of St. Paul Church, (New Bishop Southern Methodist Church).

Admiral Dewey is a collector of butterflies, and is said to have one of the finest private collections in the United States.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, \$1. All druggists.

A photograph is being made for use at the Paris exposition, which is expected to be of sufficient dimensions to be heard by 10,000 people.

Lyons & Co's "Pick Leaf" Smoking Tobacco is the best for Pipe and Hand-made Cigarettes. Rich, ripe, mellow, fragrant. Beats the world. Try it.

An eating-house proprietor in Tacoma, arrested for selling game out of season, escaped on evidence, satisfactory to the jury, that his wife could prepare mutton to make it taste like venison.

Chatterton Dix, who died recently, was the author of many popular poems, among others "As With Gladness, Men of Old."

Catarrh Cured

Blood Purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla and Health is Good.

"I was troubled for a long time with catarrh and a bad feeling in my head. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it did me a world of good. My sufferings from catarrh are over and my health is good." Mrs. A. A. Libby, Pownal, Maine.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is America's Greatest Medicine. \$1.50 for \$3. Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

In some of the less accessible parts of Norway visited by tourists there are no inns in the villages. The government has now decided to grant in such cases a certain annual sum to the owner of a spacious house in each village, pledging it in return to take in four or more guests if called upon.

The cost of the railway from Guayaquil to Quito, in Ecuador, which is now being built by American capitalists, is estimated at \$18,000,000 for 400 miles. It will be the highest railway in the world, with stations at an elevation of 8,250, 9,360 and 10,000 feet above the sea level.

Within the past five years several millions of Pacific coast salmon have been placed in Lake Superior. They are now frequently caught, weighing from ten to fifteen pounds, and of excellent flavor; a little milder than that of salt-water salmon.

War risks this year helped the marine insurance companies to the extent of \$150,000.

TUMOR EXPELLED.

Unqualified Success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. ELIZABETH WHEELER, Magnolia, Iowa, in the following letter describes her recovery from a very critical condition:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been taking your Vegetable Compound, and am now ready to sound its praises. It has done wonders for me in relieving me of a tumor. My health has been poor for three years. Change of life was working upon me. I was very much bloated and was a burden to myself. Was troubled with smothering spells, also palpitation of the heart and that bearing-down feeling, and could not be on my feet much. "I was growing worse all the time, until I took your medicine. "After taking three boxes of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Lozenges, the tumor passed from me. "My health has been a distance since, can now walk quite a distance and am troubled no more with palpitation of the heart or bloating. I recommend your medicine to all sufferers from female troubles."

"It is hardly reasonable to suppose that any one can doubt the efficiency of Mrs. Pinkham's methods and medicine in the face of the tremendous volume of testimony."

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in Cough, Cold, Whooping Cough, Consumption. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

FOR FARM AND GARDEN.

Bolled Apples for Pigs. It is far better to cook fallen apples with pieces of pumpkin, beets, carrots and other vegetables from the garden than to feed them to pigs raw. Then if some meal or wheat middlings is stirred in with the apples it will make a feed that will not only be greedily eaten, but will fit the pig for the heavier feeding on corn that is needed to make this pork solid, and not liable to waste in the frying pan.

Press Drilling for Grain. One of the troubles in drilling grain is that unless this seed is put in deeper than it should be, there is only a small amount of dry soil dropped over it, and this is made so loose that sometimes when dry weather follows, the grain does not get moisture enough to germinate it. Sometimes the whole surface is rolled down. But this covers the seed much too deeply. To obviate this, an attachment to the drill has been devised, which is a wheel following in the track of the grain tubes, and pressing the soil closely about the seed just so soon as it is covered. This leaves the ridge for protection to the young grain in winter or spring, as the ridge will be broken down by freezing, making a fine covering for the wheat roots, should they be having up by alternate freezing and thawing.

How to Clean a Poultry House. Remove everything, nests, perches, and all. Put a pound of sulphur in an iron kettle; set it in the middle of the house, put a shovelful of red hot coals into it, close the house up tight and don't open it for two or three hours. The house should be made tight so as to hold the fumes inside.

While this is going on, take all the straw from the nests and burn it, then paint the boxes with hot coal tar. Now prepare a good whitewash and whitewash every square of surface to be seen, both inside and outside, and you have a complete victory over the mites. This is the only way that you can do if you are bothered with them. A good spray pump is quite useful to force the wash in the cracks, and a little carbolic acid and coal oil will be found beneficial when added to it. The more you use the better.

Rapid Milking. It is a common mistake to suppose that the faster a cow is milked the better is the milk product drawn from the udder. It is certainly not so until practice has been acquired, and the muscles of the hand have been trained so that the teats may be compressed gently and without apparent effort. The pulling and hauling of teats which the beginner usually makes, worries the cow, and often causes her to hold up the milk so that no one can rapidly draw it. As a rule cows should be milked always by the same person. If a change is made the cow at once discovers it, and makes the milking harder. The operation of milking, if gently performed, is a pleasure to the cow. This pleasure promotes milk secretion, so that it is not an absurdity to say that a good milker will get more milk from a cow at the same milking than an unskillful one could get, though each secured all that the udder would afford to him or her. The change from one milker to another is never made without some loss. Therefore where a large herd of cows have to be milked, and several men are employed, each milker should have assigned to him the cows he shall milk, instead of milking one or another indiscriminately. The cow will discriminate even if the milker does not.

Setting Posts in the Fall. It is often difficult to dig post holes in the fall because the ground is then much dryer and harder than it usually is in the spring. But this is offset on very wet land by the fact that the post hole dug in spring often strikes veins of water one or two feet deep, which prove that the land needs thorough underdrainage before any post fence can be depended on. If the post is set in the fall it is difficult to so pack the soil around it that much water from winter rains will not sink down through the loosened earth, and this freezing in winter will lift the post one or two inches each winter, until it will fall over from the weight of top and the slight hold the post has in the soil. When frost once begins to raise a post it will not stop until it has lifted the post out unless it is reset. Under the post lifted up is a vacant space which each fall fills with water and freezes. Sometimes when a fence is made and the posts seem to be rising each winter, the farmer goes beside the fence with a low wagon, on which he stands so as to strike all the heavier blows on the top of the post to drive it down. In our experience spring-set posts are least likely to be heaved out in winter, and if post holes are dug in spring they will show plainly where underdrains are needed. The post hole three feet deep will often show springs of water on high land that has somehow been always cold and thin, but because it was high land was not often thought to be in need of underdrainage.—American Cultivator.

Feeding Calves. The matter of feeding calves would seem to be no trick at all; but really the health of the calf depends upon the way it is fed. Some calves, like infants, are small and puny, while others are strong and hearty. The puny calf should be allowed to run with the cow a couple of days before trying to feed it; but the strong calf, after sucking once, may be safely taken away from the cow and fed. It should be given fresh milk until it has well learned the manner of drinking, when milk may be skimmed after standing twelve hours. It should be warmed to the temperature of cows' milk when first drawn.

When first trying to teach the calf to drink, put two fingers in his mouth and with the right hand gently push his head into the pail. It is natural for calves to look up for their milk, and this seems to be the most difficult part in teaching them to drink. After they begin to suck the fingers and draw the milk, the fingers may be

gradually withdrawn from the mouth. Most calves will learn to drink in a couple of days, but once in a while there will be a stubborn one, and although it seems most cruel they have to be starved to it. A tin or galvanized pail is better to feed calves in than wood. They are lighter and easier to handle, may be kept clean with much less work, and when one wishes to warm the milk it may be poured into the pail and set on the back part of the stove until warm enough. When milk is warmed in cans or pans, it sometimes so adheres to them that it is almost impossible to get them clean enough to hold milk again.—Agricultural Epitome.

Pruning Roses. In the cases of climbing or running or pillar roses the end desired is as great an amount of bloom as the plants are capable of bearing. Such plants are, as a rule, strong growers, and if the soil fertility is kept up they are capable of producing an immense number of good blooms. Perfection of form and large size of bloom is not a direct object, as in the case of hybrid perpetuals, hybrid teas and hybrid tea roses, where close pruning is resorted to to attain such results. However, the gardener or pruner must use his judgment in regard to the capacity of the plant. Knowing the plant to be of a vigorous variety, and in good condition, as shown by the growth of wood of the previous year, it is safe to assume that it will be able to carry nearly as much bloom as can set on the strong canes and shoots of the last year's growth. It is always to be understood that the soil fertility is maintained in the highest condition by the use of stable manure or artificial fertilizers. The essential pruning, therefore, of climbing roses, in the condition mentioned, consists in shortening the long canes by removing some of the smaller growth at their tips, which was made late in the season, and also shortening in last year's growth from the older canes, allowing as many buds to each shoot as, in the judgment of the pruner, may be well developed the coming season. Thus it will be seen that the work of pruning roses demands the exercise of the judgment of the pruner, based on a knowledge of the plant. But to formulate pruning directions as closely as possible the following statements may be observed:

1. Cut away entirely all dead wood and all old canes that are no longer serviceable, and all weak shoots.

2. Leave as many principal canes as the plant appears capable of supporting.

3. Shorten the principal canes to strong, sound wood.

4. Shorten the shoots of last year's growth to a few buds (four to six) from which the plant will be able to produce new shoots sufficient to cover the whole space of the trellis, or that occupied by the main canes.—Vick's Magazine.

Poultry Notes. Don't feed too much. Fat hens are inactive and do not lay.

Watch with care the young turkeys or they may wander away and become lost.

Let the hen work for all she gets and you will soon have her laying eggs.

Millions of lice are being bred every day, and how many of them do you breed?

Save the small potatoes for the chickens and do not leave them to go to waste in the patch.

If the ducks are loosing their feathers, pick them, and you will be well paid. Do not let them waste their feathers.

Lime, either dry or as a whitewash, is the most excellent disinfectant that can be used in the poultry house. Dab every single thing with it.

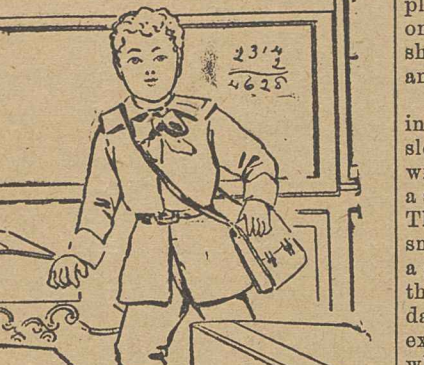
"Crowding is a foe to thrift." How true is this maxim. When farmers once learn of the value of twenty-five hens will be more profitable than a flock of one hundred they will find more ready cash in the business. Crowded quarters invite disease, grow lice, make hens unprofitable, and soon make the venture a financial failure.

What Cuba Cost Spain. From March, 1895, to June, 1898, Spain has sent to Cuba 108,431 soldiers, 6222 officers, 615 high officials and 10 generals; or, with 12,000 men already in Cuba before the rebellion broke out, a total of 200,000 men. The fighting losses have been proportionately very small, viz.: Two generals, 141 officers and 2008 soldiers killed; 463 officers and 8164 soldiers wounded, making losses equal to 5 per cent. of the whole Spanish army. The victims from yellow fever have been 813 officers and 13,000 men, and from other diseases the number of deaths has been given as 127 officers and 40,000 men.

Therefore, the total losses of the Spanish army in Cuba from the beginning of the rebellion up to June 30 of this year amount to over 104,000 men. These figures do not include the losses in the Philippine Islands nor those of Santiago and Porto Rico. The total expenses of the campaign on the Spanish side amount to \$350,000,000, not inclusive of losses in property, ships, merchandise, indemnities, etc., all of which is as yet impossible to assess.—Paris Messenger.

The Archbishop's Check. Here is a capital story about the Archbishop of Canterbury. He wished, sometime ago, to make improvements in his palace at Lambeth, including the decoration of his reception hall. He asked an architect to submit to him designs for this work. This artist was one of the most distinguished in London. He presented his plans, which were greatly admired. Some time afterwards the archbishop asked the architect what was due him for his designs. "One hundred and twenty-five pounds, my lord," was the answer. "One hundred and twenty-five pounds!" protested Dr. Temple. "You certainly have not considered that many of my clergy do not get as much as that in a year." "Pardon me," replied the architect, seriously, "all my associates will tell you that in my profession I count as an archbishop." "Indeed," replied the archbishop, "then one cannot pay you too much!" And he signed the check.—St. James's Gazette.

A Father's Story. From the Evening Crescent, Appleton, Wis. A remarkable cure from a disease which has generally wrecked the lives of children, and left them in a condition to which death itself would be preferred, has attracted a great amount of attention among the residents of the west end of Appleton. The case is that of little Willard Creesh, son of Richard D. Creesh, a well known employer of one of the large paper mills in the Fox River Valley. The lad was attacked by spinal disease and his parents had given up all hope of his ever being well again when, as by a miracle, he was healed and is now in school as happy as any of his mates. Mr. Creesh, the father of the boy, who, resides at 1062 Second Street, Appleton, Wisconsin, told the following story:



He Goes to School. "Our boy was absolutely helpless. His lower limbs were paralyzed, and when we used electricity he could not feel it below his hips. Finally we let the doctor go as he did not seem to help our son and we nearly gave up hope. Finally my mother told us to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I bought some. "This was when our boy had been on the stretcher for an entire year and helpless for nine months. In six weeks after taking the pills we noted signs of vitality in his legs, and in four months he was able to go to school. "It is two years since he took the first of the pills and he is at school now just as happy and well as any of the other children. It was nothing else in the world that saved the boy than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."

The Champion Stowaway. A young Irishman who recently reached Philadelphia on the British steamer Snowflake is a star in his method of obtaining free transportation by stowing away in some recess of ocean liners. This stowaway has hidden away on steamers two hundred times, circumnavigated the globe seventeen times, and has been to every part of the world where steamers are in the habit of trading.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

There are now over 251,000 words in the English language, according to the best authorities of about 70,000 words in the German, French, Spanish and Italian combined.

\$100 Reward. \$100. The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure for the most stubborn Catarrh. It is a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. It cures Catarrh of the Bladder, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists. 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

C. A. Parsons, the inventor of the turbine engine, is the day's use of the best of the great six-foot reflecting telescope.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail druggists refund money.

American singers are not without honor in England. For the recent Gloucester Festival local wagon company has a special stage carriage for Mrs. Albani.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after Dr. J. C. Williams' Great Nerve Restorer. \$2 trial bottle and treatise free. DR. R. H. KELLY, Ltd., 381 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has saved me many a doctor's bill.—S. F. HARDY, Hopkins Place, Baltimore, Md., Dec. 2, 1894.

Frozen milk is no longer a novelty in Europe. Milk is taken when fresh and frozen in blocks of different sizes and sold by size. The milk is said to be more hygienic than liquid milk.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Safety of Railroad Travel. Last year on American railways one passenger was killed in accidents out of every 2,827,474 passengers carried.

That is to say, you can take a train 2,827,474 times before, on the law of averages, your turn comes to be killed. You will have to travel 72,000,000 miles on the cars before that turn comes to you. If you travel twenty miles every day for three hundred days in the year you can keep on at it for 758 years before your turn comes to be hurt.

The Rock of Refuge. In the Sandwich Islands there is a spot called the Rock of Refuge. If the criminal reaches this rock before capture, he is safe, so long as he remains there. Usually his family supply him with food until he is able to make his escape, but he is never allowed to return to his own tribe.

INTERESTING ITEMS. London enjoys a greater area of open spaces than any other capital in the world.

The next foreign celebrity who will visit our shores is Jehan Rictus, of Paris, known among his friends and admirers as the Poet of the Submerged Tenth. He wears very long hair, and is said to dislike notoriety.

Despite the fact that hundreds of persons have killed themselves because they have been ruined by the Vienna municipal lottery, the Viennese continue to regard the institution with favor. It keeps down the taxes.

RELICS OF GENERAL WASHINGTON

Articles Now Kept in the National Museum at the Capital. One of the most interesting relics in the National Museum at Washington is the camp chest used by Washington throughout the revolution. It is a compact affair, about the size of a tourist's wicker chest for cooking of the present day, two and one-half feet long, two feet wide, one foot high, and it contains an outfit consisting of a tinder-box, pepper and salt boxes, bottles, knives, forks, gridiron and plates. Every bit of the outfit save one bottle, which is broken at the shoulder, looks strong enough to stand another campaign.

Near-by are the tents used by Washington—three in number. One is a sleeping tent, twenty-eight feet long, with walls six feet high and a roof with a six-foot pitch. It is made of linen. The other two are marquees tents of smaller size, one with walls, the other a shelter tent open on the sides. That the tenting material of revolutionary days was good stuff is proved by the excellent condition of these tents, which sheltered the great commander through all his severe campaigns.

Here also is Washington's uniform, worn by him when he gave up his commission as commander-in-chief of the army, at Annapolis, in 1783. It consists of a big shabby coat of blue broadcloth, lined and trimmed with soft buckskin and ornamented with broad, flat brass buttons; buckskin waistcoat and breeches. The size of the garments (which are in a state of excellent preservation) testify to the big stature of the "Father of His Country," and suggest that he had an eye to a fine appearance in his dress.—Washington Post.

A Natural Foghorn.

At the Farallones the erosive agents have worked with queer caprice. This rock lying granite has been noted upon by the sea at all levels, and throughout the long period when it has been rising out of the watery depths. Through a long, narrow hole, slanting, and communicating with the ocean, there comes at intervals a terrific stream of air, followed by the spasmodic heaving of the waves against the lower orifice. The government, which uses this island for lighthouse purposes, inclosed the upper end with the nozzle of a foghorn, and every few seconds there was blown an ear-splitting brawl, which was heard far out at sea, and above the din of the breaking rollers. It was allowed to roar only in foggy weather, but it was eccentric in that it would only sound at high tide. When the tide was low, although the weather might be thick, the thing was silent. For lack of its warning, the ship went ashore upon the island rocks, and then it was that the government abandoned its location on the windhole and erected a steam siren, or mechanical foghorn, which has since very faithfully performed the necessary service.—From "Our Seaboard Islands on the Pacific," by John E. Bennett, in Harper's Magazine.



THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the composition, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

BUSINESS EDUCATION PAYS. If you expect to take a business course, send for interesting booklet No. 3 and rate card established ten years. The leading business college of the South. BIRMINGHAM BUSINESS COLLEGE, Birmingham, Ala.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives relief in 10 days. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. DR. H. H. GREEN'S BONS, Atlanta, Ga.

Am. N. U. No. 45, 1898.

Framed with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water.

Chickens EARN Money

IF YOU GIVE THEM MILK. You cannot do this unless you understand them and know how to cater to their requirements, and you cannot spend years and dollars learning by experience, so you must buy the knowledge acquired by others. We offer this to you for only 25 cents. YOU WANT THEM TO PAY THEIR OWN WAY. If you merely keep them as a diversion, in order to handle Fowls judiciously, you must know something about them. To meet this want we are selling a book giving the experience of only 25c. This book will teach you: Twenty-five years. It was written by a man who put all his mind and time, and money so making a success of Chickens raising—no a pasture, but as a business—and if you will profit by his twenty-five years' work, you can save many Chickens annually, and make your Fowls earn dollars for you. This point is that you must be able to select the best of the Poultry Yard as soon as it appears, and know how to remedy it. This book will teach you: It tells how to detect and cure disease, to feed for eggs and also for fattening; which fowls to select for breeding purposes; and everything else, indeed, you should know on this subject to make it profitable. Sent post paid for twenty-five cents in stamps. Book Publishing House 124 Leonard St., N. Y. City.

WE PAY THE FREIGHT.

This Couch, freight paid, \$9.75. The above COUCH is covered with the best imported leather. The entire top a deep rich red and with a Couch fringe. It has the finest spring, spring steel, and we prefer to sell it only East of the Mississippi River—points West on an equal basis. Or better promptly.

Do you want to make your house a home? If so, write for our general catalogue of Furniture, Crockery, Silverware, Sewing Machines, Clocks, Mirrors, Baby Carriages, Pictures, Bedding, Refrigerators, Stoves, Upholstery Goods, Tin Ware, Lamps, etc., and it will save you from 40 to 60 per cent. on your purchases. This elegant book will surprise you and nothing will please you more than the price.

We publish an exquisite lithograph catalogue showing exact designs of Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains and Portières in hand painted colors. We carry a large stock of Carpets, Rugs and Curries. Do you think we would spend \$100,000 a year on our catalogues if they were not worth having? Why pay the retailer's profit, when you can buy of the manufacturer? Address this way, JULIUS HINES & SON, Dept. 210 BALTIMORE, MD.

HEADACHE

"Both my wife and myself have been using CASCARETS and they are the best medicine we have ever had in the house. Last week my wife was troubled with headache and two days, she tried some of your CASCARETS, and they relieved the pain in her head almost immediately. We both recommend CASCARETS." CHAS. S. DEFEORD, Pittsburg Safe & Deposit Co., Pittsburg, Pa.



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Grip. 10c, 25c, 50c.

CURE CONSTIPATION. Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Ill., New York, N. Y.

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to cure TOBACCO HABIT.

CURES EFFECTED BY Gerstle's Female Panacea.

One Bottle Cured Where Physician Failed. I sold your GERSTLE'S FEMALE PANACEA (G. F. P.) to a young lady customer whom our physician had given up as hopeless, and told her it did her no good she need not pay for it. After taking one bottle she was entirely cured. Her husband took her home. Write for our 64-page catalogue showing 40c premiums. GERSTLE'S F. P. CO., Box 50, Little Rock, Ark.

J. R. GILLILAND. I was weak and in very bad health and unable to do my work. I used one bottle of GERSTLE'S FEMALE PANACEA (G. F. P.) and it did me more good than anything I ever used. I am now in good health and can do my work. Mrs. S. E. CHANDLER, Gin, Ark.

If there is any Constipation, use St. Joseph's Liver Regulator until the Bowels become regular. Get it from your druggist, or send us 25 cents and we will send you a package, prepaid.

Suffered from Change of Life. My wife was sick for seven years, suffering from the Change of Life. We tried everything we could get from the doctors and paid out a considerable sum for treatment, but no improvement. We then began using GERSTLE'S FEMALE PANACEA (G. F. P.) and it did more good than all else we had used for six years. It is the greatest remedy for suffering females ever placed on the market. J. D. BORDEN, Colmesneer, Tex.

If your druggist does not keep it, send us \$1.00 and will send you a bottle, all charges paid. L. GERSTLE & CO., Chattanooga, Tenn.

HEALTHY MATERNITY.

Two Grateful Women Tell of the Help They Have Received From Mrs. Pinkham.

The climax of life force in woman is capable motherhood. The first requisite for a good mother is good health. Health of body means health of the generative organs.

Read what Mrs. G. A. NONNAMAHER, Bluffton, Ohio, says about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and how well it prepared her for maternity:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I must say a word in praise of your Vegetable Compound. I used three bottles of it when I was pregnant, and labor was not nearly as long as it was with my other babies; and my baby is so healthy to what the others were. I think every woman should use your Compound when pregnant, it will save them so much suffering and misery. I cannot say enough in praise of it. If ever I had medicine again, I shall use your Compound."

The most successful tonic known to medicine for women approaching maternity is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is a safeguard for every woman who uses it, and the fullest benefit comes from its use with Mrs. Pinkham's advice freely offered to all women. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

Here is a convincing statement, bearing directly on this subject, from Mrs. E. RISBOR, of 1848 Pacific St., Brooklyn, N. Y.:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am a great believer in your Compound. I was almost despairing of ever again being well, as I was a great sufferer, and had been for years. I suffered from womb trouble, and had terrible blind fits. After writing to you I tried your Compound. The result was astonishing. I have used it and it has done everything I ever since. In childbirth it is a perfect boon. I have often said that I should like to have it thrown on the sky with a search-light, so that all who were would read, and be convinced that there is a remedy for their sufferings."

A Million Women have been Benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine

6% GOLD BONDS,

Payable semi-annually at the Globe Trust Company, Chicago, Ill.

These bonds are first mortgage upon the entire plant, including buildings, land and other property of an Industrial Company located close to Chicago.

The Company has been established for many years, is well known and doing a large and increasing business.

The officers of the Company are men of high reputation, esteemed for their honesty and business ability. They have made so great a success of this business that the bonds of this Company are rarely ever offered for sale. A few of these bonds came into our hands during the hard times from parties who had purchased them several years ago. We offer them in issues of \$100.00 each for \$80.00 and accrued interest.

For security and a large interest rate these Industrial Bonds are recommended as being among the best.

First-class bonds and securities of all kinds bought and sold.

KENDALL & WHITLOCK, BANKERS AND BROKERS, 52 Exchange Place, New York.

Repairing

We will repair your wheel and deliver it immediately, or store it for 30, 60, or 90 days. Write us or call at our mammoth bicycle house and we will tell you all about it.

The oldest and largest house in the south. All kinds of wheels, all kinds of prices. Repair department complete.

The Loosley Cycle Company, Second Ave., (opp. P. O.), BIRMINGHAM, Ala.

RESULTS OF THE ELECTIONS

Forty-two States Chose Congressmen and Twenty-one Governors.

COLONEL ROOSEVELT WINS

Republicans in New York Elect Their Legislative Ticket.

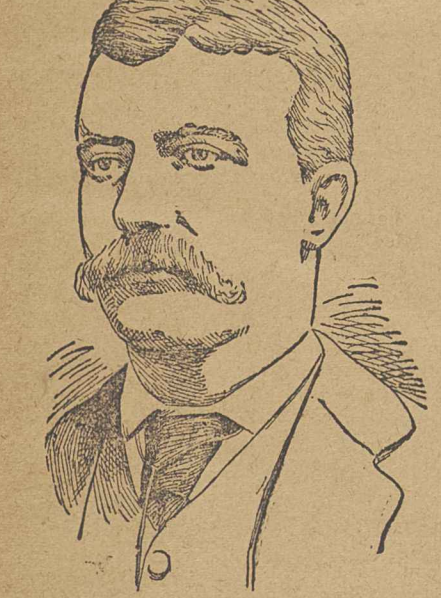
QUAY VICTORIOUS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt Carries New York State by About 20,000 Plurality. M. Foster Voorhees Elected Governor of New Jersey—The Republicans Carry Pennsylvania by About 100,000 Plurality—Governor Pingree Re-elected in Michigan—North Carolina Goes Democratic—Ohio Stays Republican—Democratic Gains in Illinois—Massachusetts is Republican.

Elections for Representatives in Congress were held Tuesday in all of the States, with the exception of Maine, Oregon and Vermont, in which three State Representatives to the Fifty-sixth Congress have already been chosen. In thirty-two of the States more or less important State officials were chosen—twenty-one of the thirty-two electing Governors, and in thirty-one States Legislatures were elected, twenty-three of the Legislatures chosen having the choice of United States Senators. Important constitutional amendments were also voted upon in several of the States. Some particulars concerning the election in the States where other than Representatives in Congress were chosen are given below, as well as the latest dispatches giving the results of the balloting up to the hour this side of the paper was sent to press:

New York.—State officers which will choose a United States Senator to succeed Edward Murphy, Jr. There were five tickets in the field—the Republican, the Democratic, the Prohibitionist, the Citizens' Union and the Socialist League.

New York City (Special).—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt has been elected Governor of the State by about 20,000 plurality. The entire Republican State ticket was also elected. Timothy L. Woodruff, the candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, however, ran behind the ticket. The Legislature will be Republican by about thirty-two on joint ballot, thus insuring a Republican successor to United States Senator Edward Murphy, Jr. The vote in the State for Governor, according to the latest returns is: For Theodore Roosevelt, 167,724; for Augustus Van Wyck, 83,712; Roosevelt's plurality, 84,012.



COLONEL THEODORE ROOSEVELT. (The Governor-elect of New York.)

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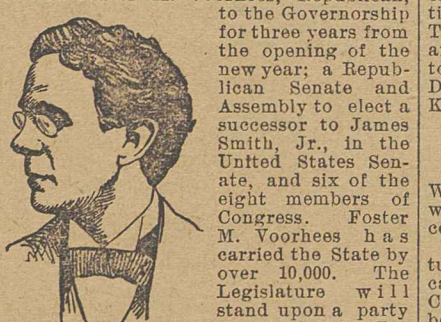
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Massachusetts.—Massachusetts voters chose all of the State officers and a Legislature, which will elect a United States Senator, to succeed Henry Cabot Lodge. Nominations were made by the Republicans, the Socialists, the Prohibitionists, the Democrats and the Democratic Socialists.



FOSTER M. VOORHEES. Republican candidate for Governor of New Jersey.

Connecticut.—In addition to the State officers hitherto chosen, Connecticut voters elected an Attorney-General. The tickets nominated were those of the Republicans, the Democrats, the Prohibitionists and the Socialists. The Legislature was also chosen, which will elect a United States Senator, to succeed Joseph R. Hawley.

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REFUSE TO OBEY ORDERS.

Spanish Troops Refuse to Fire on Mutinous Police Force.

SPAIN MUST CEDE THE PHILIPPINES.

Military Have Control of Havana and Business Resuming Its Normal Condition—Other Pertinent News.

Havana, Cuba.—The Orden Publico force, cavalry and infantry regiments, was disbanded last Friday after a part payment of arrears. The Orden Publico organization has ceased to exist. The trouble leading to the disbandment of the force began with the protest of the third company on Thursday morning before the palace. At that time General Solano, chief of staff of General Blanco, addressed the men and led them back to their places, where the men gave cheers for Spain and General Blanco. General Arolas, military Governor of Havana, ordered more than 4,000 troops to march into the city, where they arrived at nightfall.

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STRIKERS WHIP THE FIGHT.

Coal Company Agrees to Pay the State Scale at Once.

The differences between the Chicago-Virgin Coal company at Viridian and Auburn, Ill., and the striking miners, have been settled, and the shafts will soon be in operation. The company agreed to pay the state scale of 40 cents per ton, but did not want to tear down the stockade. Finally the company accepted the offer of the miners that they would take it down and charge the company nothing for the labor.

General Reese, of Springfield, has notified Sheriff Davenport that the remaining troops guarding the Chicago-Viridian Coal company's shafts at Viridian should be removed. Since the difference between the coal company and the miners has been settled, the troops are no longer needed. The grand jury adjourned. General pressure is being brought to bear by influential persons that nothing shall result from its investigations. A prominent member of the jury admitted that such was the case. He had quietly declared that it was the intention of the grand jury not to be deflected by any outside pressure.

IS CAPT. DREYFUS ALIVE?

French Government Declines to Allow Officer's Wife to Visit Him. Madame Dreyfus appeared at the office of the colonial minister in Paris, Friday, for permission to send her husband some warm clothing for his return home. Her request was refused on the ground that the government would do whatever was necessary. At the same time the authorities read to her a letter from her husband to the effect that having for five months addressed appeals for a revision to General De Boisdeffre without getting any reply, and being wearied and exhausted by his useless appeals, he would write no more to his family or to anybody. He described himself as ill and dying and "bequeathed to the generosity of my country the care of 'habilitating my memory.'"

Madame Dreyfus then asked permission to telegraph her husband the decision of the court of cassation. This request was also refused. Then, through a friend, she appealed to President Faure, but with no better success. Her consul will bring the matter before the court of cassation.

PROUD OF HIS DEED.

Luccheni Convicted of Assassinating the Austrian Emperor. At Geneva, Switzerland, the Italian anarchist, Luigi Luccheni, was convicted of killing Emperor Elizabeth, of Austria, on September 10th last, in that city, and has been sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for life, the full penalty allowed by the Swiss law.

Luccheni admitted that he came to Geneva in order to kill the Duke of Orleans, but he arrived too late. The prisoner then remarked that in spite of this the Duke of Orleans would be killed within a year. The prisoner also said that if he had possessed fifty francs on the morning of the assassination, instead of killing the empress of Austria, he would have started for Italy, with the intention of killing King Humbert.

LAUGHTER AT PANAMA IMMINENT

Negro Miners and the Whites Are Almost Certain to Clash. At Panama, Ill., William Lynch, who was employed by the Panama Coal company up to the time of the strike, has been shot at by negroes and run into the house. Then they shot through the house of a widow, Mrs. McIntyre, who was taking care of her sick daughter.

The negroes in the Flat Hat district came running out and began to shoot in all directions. They kept shooting until the militia arrived on the scene. When the shooting began many women and children ran to Captain Butler, of company B, for protection. As far as known no person was struck by the bullets. Things are such a state that it is dangerous for any one to go out in the mining district at night.

The citizens say if something is not done before long there will be an outbreak and every negro and operator will be killed. The McGregor stove factory at Florence, Ala., will increase its capacity to 5,000,000 stoves per year. Sixty men are employed in the factory.

Presents for the Soldiers.

The 17th of the present month will be the last date upon which the folks at home may send Christmas presents to the soldiers at Manila through government agency. The quartermaster's department has chartered a steamer, which will leave San Francisco on that date, and this will be the last steamer to reach Manila before Christmas. Persons wishing to forward goods to friends in the army at Manila must cause the same to be delivered free of charge to the depot quartermaster at San Francisco, properly directed.

John C. Roth, a millionaire packer at Cincinnati, O., was killed by an elevator crushing his skull Saturday.

MARIA TERESA STRANDED.

The Dismantled Cruiser Lies on a Coral Reef.

BRITISH NAVY CLAIMS THE VESSEL.

American Consul Has Entered Protest—Vessel Rests in an Easy Position, But it is Feared Has Been Badly Damaged.

Wreckers who have arrived at Nasau, N. P., brought with them stores from a stranded vessel off Cat Island, which establishes beyond a doubt that she is the Infanta Maria Teresa. As the vessel is looked upon as being a derelict, the wreckers claim the right to seize the stores which can be saved. They report that the water is up between her decks; that she has a list to the starboard, which side is damaged, and that she is dismasted. The vessel lies between reefs on a smooth bottom and has her anchor out.

The British admiralty authorities are going to take possession of the Maria Teresa as a derelict. The American consul has protested against this course, claiming everything less the salvage. Opinions differ as to the chance of saving the cruiser. Although she has been aground since Thursday, the Maria Teresa rests in an easy position and the weather is moderate.

The officials at the navy department are interested in the news from Nasau identifying clearly the steamship lying off Cat Island as the Maria Teresa. The legal status of the vessel has been considered cursorily, and in the opinion of the department the title of the United States to her is unimpaired; notwithstanding the fact that it was necessary to abandon her for the time. There may be a question involved as to the payment of salvage to the Bahama fishermen, but that depends in a large measure on what terms they have done. If they have simply been looting the vessel, then not only are they not entitled to salvage, but the goods stolen may be recovered. On the other hand, if it was the fishermen who anchored the ship in smooth water, and if they made any endeavor to bring her in, probably they would have a good claim for salvage. The vessel, however, is not subject to detention on this account, international law exempting national vessels from seizure on any score in time of peace. In such case the salvor might, after allowing the vessel to proceed, present their claim to the government of the United States through the diplomatic representatives of the British government.

From the account received it is feared that the damage to the vessel, sustained through the storm and the probable pounding on the coral reefs outlying Cat Island, added to the wounds received by the ship in action, when she was sunk originally are sufficient to render her entirely valueless. Nothing but an expert's examination can determine this point, but as the Merritt experts are already on their way to Cat Island, the question will soon be decided. The navy department has decided that a court of inquiry shall be held to determine whether the abandonment of the Teresa at sea was justifiable, and if not, who was responsible. The report that the water in the hull was up between decks taken in connection with the fact that the vessel was rolling her spousons under when abandoned, is believed to make out a very favorable case for the people aboard the Teresa, unless it should be shown that this great volume of water was admitted through injury sustained on the coral reefs at Cat Island after the vessel was abandoned.

Later—The tug Potomac, from Santiago, which has been visiting the stranded cruiser Infanta Maria Teresa, off Cat Island, has arrived here in order to obtain a permit to work on the ship. She will return to Cat Island.

The official report to the navy department of the finding of the Maria Teresa was contained in a cablegram, received from Commander Craven, of the wrecking tug Potomac, which had been ordered to Cat Island from Santiago.

Emperor William in Syria. A dispatch from Baalbek, Syria, says Emperor William and Empress Augusta Victoria, encamped in the ruins of the temple of Baal, and Emperor William unveiled a marble slab bearing a commemorative inscription in Turkish and German, in front of the temple of Venus. All the ruins were magnificently illuminated.

Express Train Held Up. The Great Northern through train was held up and robbed at Palcan river bridge, near Ferguson Falls, Minn., Thursday night. There were eight robbers in the gang, all well armed. It is thought that they secured considerable money.

Killed His Father-in-Law. Friday evening of last week, at Glasgow, Ky., about 7 o'clock, Robert Brown walked into Louis McClelland's house, in Neil chapel neighborhood, and commenced firing, killing McClelland and wounding his daughter Bertha, who, it is thought will die before morning. An old family feud was the cause of the shooting. Brown, who is McClelland's son-in-law, made his escape. Officers and friends of McClelland are in hot pursuit.

Dashed Down an Embankment. While driving near Ponce de Leon springs, a few miles from Atlanta, Ga., Friday evening last, Norwood Robson and his wife were dashed down a rocky foot embankment, horse and buggy going into a deep hole in an unfinished road. Both sustained painful injuries, one of Mr. Robson's arms being broken, and Mrs. Robson had a high fractured.

John C. Roth, a millionaire packer at Cincinnati, O., was killed by an elevator crushing his skull Saturday.

Entered at the postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One copy one year, \$1.00
One copy six months, .50
One copy three months, .25

COLUMBIANA, NOV. 17, 1888.

Every little dirty Democratic sheet will soon be howling for a constitutional convention. The Chronicle has already set up a whine for it.

How can people expect good times in this great State of ours until we get honest elections. Fraudulent elections is one of the greatest drawbacks that any State has to contend with.

The money burner is not in it in the white counties. And still the Democrats will squall themselves hoarse for white supremacy, and will count us out in the black belt by counting dead negroes and yaller dogs.

The editor of the little dirty hair-lipped mouthpiece cannot write an article in answer to some one opposed to him in politics but what he uses ignorance or some vile name in his reply. And in answer we will say we don't think that we ever saw a more green or idiotic editor than the manager of the Chronicle. He ought to carry shelled corn in his pockets to keep the geese off of him.

We are sorry we can not congratulate the Democracy of Talladega and Calhoun. Some of them, we know, did what they could and did it well; others, we know, did not. Upon them is the responsibility of their own defeat, and they will be the losers.—Chronicle.

You are mistaken. Those Democrats that did not vote for Robbins feels that they have gained a victory by not voting for Robbins. They prefer Mr. Aldrich, a man that will work in Congress to the interest of the people. They do not want a mutton head in Congress for a representative. You had better congratulate them for not voting, and on W. F. Aldrich's election, the man that will work for the whole district.

We dislike to hit the under dog in a fight, but from the fuss the Chronicle is making he has not got enough. He jumps on Judge Longshore, X. X. of Wilsonville and Gov. Pennington of the Home in Anniston, and then gives the Democrats a few jerks. Now if he expects people to vote his ticket he must get a man nominated with some respectability about him and in the next place he must not have a chairman of so small a calibre. The Democrats want brains to run a campaign successfully. How could he expect intelligent people to vote his ticket when he had no candidate nor chairman. The Democrats did have intelligent men before its convention to get a candidate out of, but it failed and it also had good material in which to get a chairman out of, but they failed to do it and had to go through the campaign with a mutton head as chairman, and consequently the brainy part of the Democratic party did not like to be dictated to by a man who sports sawdust for brains and would not work for a ticket that they were ashamed of.

On the 3rd day of November, the day that Senator John T. Morgan spoke here, some of the Democrats buried themselves enough to take out warrants before the Mayor or for the arrest of some of the boys for misbehavior. There was people there that says there was nothing done to disturb anybody. There was a load of shingles being unloaded at the end of the court house, that no doubt the wise editor of the Chronicle thought was some of the boys making a racket. Our people do not want to disturb their sacred body, as we suppose General Morgan was eulogising on the death of the Democratic party. It was alright a few years ago when the General's brother was making a Populist speech at this place to rotten egg him, but this is a horse of a different color. The editor of the Chronicle has so much to say about the boys raising, it may be he will be raised from all indications. We advise the boys to steer clear of Democratic speakings hereafter, as you are liable to get into trouble. No doubt it was the quantity of Aldrich buttons that was being worn by the boys on that day that disturbed the wise editor more than anything else.

Official Vote.

The following is the official vote by beats of Shelby County:

	Aldrich.	Robbins.
Columbiana	116	126
Shelby	100	38
Spring Creek	28	18
Calera	103	88
Montevallo	229	151
Gurnee	10	5
Tyler's	18	23
Helena	78	57
Elliottsville	61	20
Yellow Leaf	54	22
Wilsonville	104	97
Harpersville	21	95
Creswell	75	24
Weldon	27	39
Highland	32	22
Bold Springs	17	16
Vandiver	43	5
Sterrett	33	26
Vincent	54	66
Pelham	29	42
Dunnivant	34	2

Total 1266 982

Aldrich's majority 284.

Thinking Farmers.

To be a successful farmer a man must study farming as he would any other business, watching every point where he can cut down expenses, thereby reducing the cost of production and netting him a better profit when the farm productions are sold.

Not only does it require a good knowledge of the soil with which one has to deal and the kinds of produce best suited to it to be successful, but a man must have some business qualifications. He must be able to calculate in a business way about the different productions of his farm, or else he will soon be "lost in the shuffle."

For instance, a man cannot afford to plant cotton, cultivate it, have it ginned, sell it for 4½ cents and buy meat at from 11 to 15 or 16 cents per pound, or buy shoes, clothing and groceries and pay from 50 to 75 per cent more than any one else who pays cash for his goods. This is true. Say for instance you give a mortgage for \$200.00 at the beginning of the credit season, payable the next fall. Then grant that you are only charged 30 per cent more for your goods than the cash customer. Figure it out and you will find that you have simply thrown away over two bales of cotton—\$60.

Well, there is no use of running down the credit merchant—no, he is looking for just these kinds of success, and he himself will tell you that you are losing all the profit on your years labor under the credit system.

Another disadvantage of the credit system is that you will buy more on credit than you will for cash. You will buy only such things as you absolutely need for cash, while on credit you often get things you think you need and maybe have bought out the limit of your mortgage long before gathering time.

Raise such things at home as will enable you to live at home. Don't put in a big acreage of cotton expecting to buy 40, 50, 60 or 75 cent corn to feed your stock during the winter. Better raise too much corn rather than not enough and you can then supply your neighbor or market it.

Likewise, a farmer should raise his own meat, wheat, oats, wool, chickens—in fact such things as will make him practically independent.

Commence on these plans now so that you can get the benefits immediately. If you have to give a mortgage, cut it down so that you will only give your merchant a half bale extra rather than two, and be very careful about your buying. Nothing is cheap you do not need.

You may hear from the "Country Philosopher" again some time, if you wish.

"C. P."

Mr. Aldrich has been elected by a good majority, but is counted out in Dallas county from the reports, which no doubt is true. The returns has been received from the five white counties and he has carried four out of the five, but not a thing can be heard from Dallas, only she gives 2500 to 3000 Democratic majority. Of course they always wait to see how much is needed to put their man in, and as soon as that is found out they chip in the amount if they have to go to the grave yards to get them. They are a nice set. They squall themselves hoarse in the white counties for white supremacy, and then count negro votes in the black belt that was never voted to elect their ticket. Although Mr. Aldrich will be seated, it is unjust that a man should be robbed thus.

A Fair Exchange.

Every citizen of every city depends on the farmer for the means of life—could not live a week without the results of his labor, says the Appeal to Reason. The farmer is not dependent on the cities—he lived before they were, but none existed before the farmer, in this or any other land. A farmer is therefore the most essential member of society, deserving the greatest reward for his labor, and would get it if he were not so hard dupe and fool. A farmer will work late and early in sun and rain to produce a crop. Then putting twenty bushels of corn in his wagon he will drive ten miles to market and get \$5 for his load. This load represents several day's labor, the capital on his farm and tools and his experience of years. When a farmer goes to the city and wants a hack from the depot, an hour's ride will cost him \$5. In other words, he exchanges several days' labor for one hour's labor. It is not the hack driver who gets it. He is a pauper. It goes into rent, taxes, insurance, licenses, transportation and a thousand other robbery channels. All this can be remedied by a social system that exchanges day's labor for day's labor. In other words, it is a political question, and the farmers and laborers will be skinned until they learn it.

The Legislature met in Montgomery on last Tuesday. The House was organized by electing Hon. C. E. Waller of Hale, as speaker. Dr. Cunningham of Jefferson County, was elected president of the Senate. Both men have long experience in Legislative matters and will make fine presiding officers.

Last year and the present have been great years for the paying off of farm mortgages. Tens of millions of mortgages have been cancelled. The story as it is told is a very cheerful one. Fanny the New England Loan and Trust Company, of Des Moines, Iowa, a loan company that has placed some \$5,000,000 of bonds in Boston, New York and Philadelphia, secured by farm mortgages, did not share in this farm mortgage boom. That it did not is evidenced from the fact that it has just succumbed as nearly all the similar loan companies have succumbed in the last few years, because of the non-payment of interest and principal of farm mortgages. Last year and the present have indeed been great years for the paying off of mortgages—by foreclosure sale.—The American.

Subscribe for the Advocate if you want the news.

Drugs

Must be pure in order to produce the effect that your physician desires when he writes your prescription.

It must also be compounded by a competent prescriptionist. Don't take the chances. BRING IT HERE.

We are now opening up a new drug store with a full and complete stock of pure drugs and chemicals, and everything else usually kept in a first-class drug store.

Nothing in our stock is second-hand but all our drugs, etc., are direct from the laboratory, and are the best to be had anywhere.

We expect some people to say harsh things about us and endeavor to damage us, but remember this is the manifestation of jealousy they bear us, and it hurts.

Be not deceived. It is just as easy to get pure drugs as it is to get drugs that are impure. The strength of a drug will deteriorate by long exposure to light, air, moisture and thermal changes, and the drug become absolutely worthless. The same is true of patent medicines, salts, barks, roots, etc. Even man becomes worthless, so far as strength is concerned, in old age.

We want your trade and will save you money, offering you nothing but new and first-class goods.

Besides drugs, we keep a full line of perfumery, combs, hair brushes, nail brushes, clothes brushes, pens, pencils, tablets, fine stationery, envelopes, inks, mucilage, syringes, cigars, cheroots, tobacco, in fact we can't mention all the different articles you can find here.

SEE THAT YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS ARE DIRECTED TO BE FILLED HERE.

Give us a call and we will treat you fair and square.

COLUMBIANA DRUG COMPANY

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE COMPANY.

This store grows greater and better every day. Selling reliable goods at the very lowest possible prices; with the choicest selected stock of up-to-date merchandise always on hand; courteous treatment and your money refunded if purchases are not satisfactory are strong factors which cannot fail to build our business and increase our popularity.

Read these prices and be convinced:

Good cotton checks, per yard 3½
10 balls of thread for 5
30 yards soft finish Bleaching for \$1.00
25 yards, yard wide Sea Island for 1.00
5000 yards short-length Calicoes, per yard 3
2 cases Turkey Red and English Gray, and Fancy Dress Calicoes, 10 yards for 35
Fancy Dress Outing Flannels at 5
Hickory or Cheviot Shirts at 5
Brown Drill Canton Flannel at 12½
10-4 Brown Shirts at 10
All-Wool Filling, double-width, Twilled Cashmeres, or Fancy Figured, per yard 10
Ladies' Hose, per pair 5
Children's Hose, all sizes, per pair 5
Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs 5
1 Box Linen Writing Paper and Envelopes 5
2 spools Machine Thread 25
60-inch wide Turkey Red Table Cloth, at 25
Ladies' Corsets, all sizes, at 35
Ladies' double Capes, Collars and Upper Capes, trimmed with Santache fur, at 50
Heavy Melton Capes, trimmed with braid and fur 2.00
Ladies' Buckle Black capes 1.75
Ladies' Silk Plush Capes 65
Ladies' shoes, Lace or Button, Dongola or Calfskin, bought in a job, sizes 3 to 5, worth from \$1.00 to \$1.75, your choice at

Mens' Imported Black Worsted Suits, worth \$10.00 at \$5.50
Mens' heavy half-wool Suits 2.35
Fancy Clay Worsted Suits 3.75
Heavy Wool Overcoats 2.00
All-Wool Pants 1.00
Heavy Buckskin Working shirts 25
Fancy Laundered Overshirts, collars and cuffs attached 25
White Unlaundered Shirts, linen bosom 25
Heavy quality Undershirts 12½
Extra heavy leather trimmed Suspenders 10
Wool hats, real 50-cent quality 25
We have on hand 100 mens' and boys' single Vests, to close at 15
125 heavy half-wool boys knee suits in dark patterns, sizes 4 to 12 50
Children's undershirts and drawers, per suit 25
We have the best line of children's school shoes from 50 cents up

GROCERIES.
Good green Coffee, per pound 8
Lions or Leverings Roasted coffee, per pound 10
Y. C. Sugar, 20 pounds for 1.00
Soda, in pound packages, 6 for 25
35 cent bars of soap for 5
Our Big-Deal soap, 1½ pound bars 5
Good Chewing Tobacco, per pound 8

On Flour, Meat and other heavy groceries we will give you the lowest market prices. We also handle a good line of furniture, bedroom suits, tinware and crockery and the O. K. cooking stoves, which are the best FOR DURABILITY.

We buy cotton and all marketable produce at highest prices.

We ask for your trade on the strength by the irresistible force of our bargains. We feel justified that no buyer who means business can leave our store unsuited or unsatisfied. We only want an opportunity to show our goods, to put them into your hands, that you may prove the correctness of all we claim for our styles, qualities and values.

To each purchaser we will give a ticket which will entitle the holder to one share in a barrel of full patent flour to be given away by us on the 1st and 15th of each month.

Don't be misled, but call and see just what this offer means. You cannot afford to pass it. Hoping to see you soon, we are, yours respectfully.

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby Co. Betsy A. Castleberry vs. Willie Castleberry.

In Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division. In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. L. Peters, that the defendant Willie Castleberry is a Non-Resident of the State of Alabama, and that his place of residence is unknown.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in the Peoples Advocate, a newspaper published in the City of Columbiana, Ala. once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Willie Castleberry to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 19th day of December, A. D. 1888, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana, Ala., this 10th day of November, A. D. 1888. J. R. WHITE, Register.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of Fi. Fa. issued from the Circuit Court of Shelby County, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell in front of The Court House, in the town of Columbiana, on the 28th day of November, 1888, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit: NW¼ of SE¼, section 30, township 19, range 1 west. All in Shelby county, Alabama.

Levied upon as the property of E. D. Hall, to satisfy said Fi. Fa. in my hands in favor of Birmingham Dry Goods Company.

This 24th day of October, 1888.

E. F. VEST, Sheriff.



We Employ Young Men

Young Ladies employed on the same terms. If you or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY, ELKHART, IND.

Tax Collector's Notice.

I will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting the State, County and Poll taxes for the year 1888:

SECOND ROUND.

Helena, beat 6, Monday, November 14.
Bond, beat 5, Tuesday, November 15.
Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, November 16.
Aldrich, beat 4, Thursday, November 17.
Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, November 18.
Calera, beat 3, Saturday, November 19.
Bold Springs, beat 13, Monday, November 21.
Highland, beat 12, Tuesday, November 22.
Pelham, beat 17, Wednesday, November 23.
Ganadurque, beat 7, Thursday, November 24.
Martin's, beat 8, Monday, November 25.
Day's X Roads, beat 11, Tuesday, November 26.
Sterrett, beat 15, Wednesday, November 27.
Dunnivant, beat 18, Thursday, December 1.
Vandiver, beat 14, Friday, December 2.
Vincent, beat 16, Saturday, December 3.
Creswell, beat 10, Monday, December 5.
Harpersville, beat 10, Tuesday, December 6.
Wilsonville, beat 9, Wednesday, December 7.
Columbiana, beat 1, Thursday, December 8.
Spring Creek, beat 2, Friday, December 9.
Shelby Iron Works, beat 1, Saturday, December 10.

Will be in Columbiana from December 19 to last of December, excepting the 25th. On all taxes not paid by January 1, 8 per cent interest and collector's fee will be charged. Poll taxes are delinquent after December 1.

JOHN H. ROBERTSON, Tax Collector Shelby County.

The wasplike girl never permits much of her dress material to go to waist.

DO YOU WEAR TEETH?

A queer way of attracting your attention, but we want it. We are kept busy making other people teeth, but will make yours also.

Have you teeth to fill?

Then don't wait until they ache, thereby saving much pain and expense. It pays to have teeth filled.

Do you have indigestion?

Stop taking medicine to cure this trouble until you have removed the cause. Have your teeth put in good condition and it will do you more good than all the medicine about which anything is known. Then your food will be assimilated, your blood made richer and purer, and you will feel like a new person.

Do you appreciate good dentistry?

If you do we want to serve you. We have served hundreds of others successfully and will serve you to the very best of our ability. Our prices are the same to all and are as reasonable as is consistent with good work.

Fine Gold, Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty, and Satisfaction Guaranteed

OFFICE OVER PAGE & SON'S STORE.

DR. W. A. LOVETT, DENTIST, COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALABAMA.

We lead, others try to follow!

We keep a full and complete line of Drugs, Chemicals, Toilet Articles, Staple Drugs, Paints, Oils—in fact everything usually kept in a First-Class Drug Store. If we haven't got exactly what you want we make it a point to get it for you.

OUR PRICES

are regular eye-openers, and are made with a view of catching your trade, and when once you become a customer of ours you will always be a customer if honest goods and fair prices count anything with you.

OUR PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT

is complete in every particular. Prescriptions carefully filled day or night. Only the purest drugs that can be had are used and the utmost care and precision are exercised in compounding

HALL DRUG COMPANY,

Columbiana, - Ala.

SOCIAL AND LOCAL NEWS.

Points About People You Know
and Some You Don't Know.
News From Different Beats.

A. W. Strickland spent Monday at Pelham.

J. L. Peters, Esq., spent Monday in Montevallo.

N. A. Graham, of Calera, was in the city Monday.

J. T. Porter, of Calera, was in the city Monday.

Miss Belle Huyett visited friends at Sylacauga this week.

Mrs. E. B. Nelson visited friends in Montevallo this week.

Advertise in the Advocate and get the worth of your money.

Cheese, fresh and good, at Hammond's, for 15 cents a pound.

Rev. J. L. Ferguson, of East Lake, was in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. W. M. Calahan, of Blocton, is visiting relatives in the city.

Mrs. I. D. Mason visited relatives in Childersburg this week.

Fancy yaller clarifide Shuger at Hammond's, 20 pounds for \$1.

E. D. Hall is adding a fresh coat of paint to the interior of his store.

The best Kaughphy in this town at Hammond's, 9 pounds for \$1.

W. P. Thomas spent several days in Talladega last week on business.

12 pounds uv ether grene or roasted caufy for \$1 at Hammond's.

J. P. Spencer, of Birmingham, was in the city this week on business.

A gud artikkel in broun Shuger at Hammond's, 22 pounds for \$1.00.

Mrs. Sam Lefkovits and children, of Bessemer, are at the White House.

All 5 sent Sopes 4 sents a cake, 11 cakes for a quarter at Hammond's.

W. J. Harper, of Weldon, was in the city yesterday and gave us a pleasant call.

C. E. Greek, of Aldrich, spent Sunday and Monday in the city with friends.

Circuit Clerk J. P. Pearson will occupy the Weaver house vacated by James Dykes.

Mrs. A. D. Wortham, of Atlanta, Ga., is visiting relatives and friends in the city.

James Dykes moved to the Millstead house Tuesday, recently vacated by W. B. Greek.

W. B. Browne and J. T. Leeper spent several days in Montgomery this week on business.

D. R. McMillan and Henry Miller attended the deacon's meeting at Talladega this week.

Mrs. H. E. Reynolds and Miss Georgia Leeper, of Centerville, are visiting relatives in the city.

Have your property insured against loss by fire and lightning. See Dr. W. A. Lovett, agent.

W. W. Albright got the contract to recover the Court House, he being the lowest bidder, \$1.15 per square.

Miss Mattie Kidd who has been visiting relatives in the city, returned to her home at Harpersville Tuesday.

A. J. Gilbert, of Quito, was over Saturday and Sunday on a visit to Dr. W. A. Lovett and wife, North Main street.

Dr. Lovett, dentist, is expecting his new operating chair to arrive in a few days. It is a perfect beauty, costing \$163.00.

Frank Gardner and son Walter returned to Birmingham Saturday, after a pleasant sojourn of several days among friends here.

Quite a number of people from Wilsonville were to be seen here Saturday taking advantage of the bargains offered by our thrifty merchants.

Ticket No. 53 won the barrel of flour at the Columbiana Mercantile Co's, store Tuesday. Call and get your barrel of flour if you have that number.

Mrs. W. W. Walls was notified Monday of the death of her brother, J. S. Brasher, at his home in Aniston. Mr. Brasher had been sick for quite awhile.

Now that the Congressional election is over, nominations are in order for Mayor and Councilmen of the city of Columbiana. We only charge \$5 for announcements.

Mrs. F. W. Gist and children have moved to West Calera, Mr. Gist remaining here at the White House. Mrs. Gist will look after her interest in the lime market.

Several pianos have been bought during the past week or so by citizens of Columbiana, the orders being taken by the Jesse French Piano and Organ Co., of Birmingham, through their teaching salesman, Mr. Chamberlain.

HONOR ROLL

Of Columbiana Public School for Second Month Ending November 11, 1898.

First Grade—Ella Peters.
Second Grade—Lois Mason, Hixie Albright, Susie Stricklin.
Third Grade—Dinnie Mae Rowe, Olive Nelson, Edna Brand, Eddie Barnett, Gertrude DuBose.
Fourth Grade—Nina Millshead.
Fifth Grade—Annie Longshore, Lucie Page, Rufus O'Hara, Cleveland Thomas, Mary Peters, Lily M. Liles.
Sixth Grade—Chester Browne, A. P. Longshore, Jr., John Hallmark.
Seventh Grade—Belle Cromwell, Oza Hammond, Mary Finley, H. C. Hale, Carrie Rowe, Lallage Longshore, Georgia Thomas, Pierce Mason, Bernard Finley, Allie Nelson, Minnie McGiboney.
* Highest average 97.7.
† Second highest average 97.5.
F. MYNATT, Principal.

List of Jurors.

The following is a list of petit jurors drawn to serve at the fall term of county court, which convenes November 28th:

B F Thomas, Eli Crim, T P Payne, John Weldon, S B Bradley, S M Adams, J H Pennington, W G Lee, J B Comer, W M Harless, W L Crim, W J Florey, W J Andrews, J R Jones, W H Prestridge, S C Fulton, Wm Bradley, Jason Powell, J O Alexander, R E Collins, D F Stone, J H. Frost, R B Jordan, H C Henderson.

Missionary Thanksgiving.

At the Methodist church Thursday evening, 24th inst., 7 p. m., will be a thanksgiving service, consisting of songs, readings, recitations, etc. Let all attend.

Will Page and Miss Ethel Leonard spent Sunday at Longview.

The 24th inst., has been set apart as the regular national Thanksgiving day by the President, and truly all of us have much for which to be thankful. But the poor turkey! They are quietly, yet emphatically thinking—well, they are thinking enough.

All are invited to attend the prayer meeting at the Methodist church Thursday evening. All members of the church are urged to attend, as we wish to announce the report on collections, and round up for the year.

SAMUEL N. BURNS, Pastor.

The horse swappers convention here Saturday drew large crowds, and our merchants and professional men had a good day of it. Many seemed to be in the very best of "spirits." Horses changed owners and many went home, no doubt, feeling sorry they had attended.

NEW ARRIVALS.—The home of Mr. and Mrs. F. Mynatt last Friday evening was brightened by the arrival of a fine girl.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Page have a new girl at their home, the birth occurring some time last week.

Congratulations may now be extended.

The eloquent lawyer, Edward Thompson, L. D., will lecture in the Presbyterian church Friday night, 18th inst., as announced last week. His subject will be "True Americanism." No admission fee. All are invited. All professional and business men ought especially to hear this great orator.

Dr. Jim Payne, of Ensley City, has purchased, we presume, for some one else, about 57 acres of land just outside the city limits, from old uncle Peter Carroll, col. for \$400.00. There is some more land around here for sale, and one could do no better than to buy and locate here for several reasons. Good public schools and cheap supplies count a great deal.

A bale of cotton on the cotton platform of the Columbiana Mercantile Co., was discovered to be on fire about four o'clock last Friday evening. As this firm had only bought the bale a short while before the fire was discovered, it is supposed that the spark was packed in the bale at the gin, as it had been burning from the center outward for quite a while. There were about 15 other bales of cotton on the platform, but fortunately none of them were damaged. The Mercantile Co., saved about one-third of the cotton in the bale.

The commercial association met last Saturday night, goodly number of the citizens of the town being present. There are some here, however, who seem to care nothing about the upbuilding of Columbiana, unless, perhaps, they have decided to let somebody else do all the work and then reap the benefits of their labor. We are sorry some people are so disposed. Mr. F. W. Gist was elected president, and J. T. Leeper, Jr., secretary and treasurer, after the constitution was adopted. Next meeting will be held the 2nd Friday night in December.

Wilsonville Items.

J. F. Pope made a business trip to Birmingham one day last week. Josh Baker, of Fourmile, was in town Saturday.

Lon Smith made a business trip to Birmingham last week.

Messrs. E. G. Weldon and J. I. Edwards made a trip to Columbiana Saturday. Perhaps Judge Longshore is more capacitated to give the consequences.

The singing given by Miss Laura Weldon Friday night was a success.

Sam Wallace, a very energetic young man, was the escort of Miss Blossom Densler Friday night to the singing.

We are having plenty of rain and our public roads are getting in a horable condition.

The Wilsonville High School consists of 109 students. They seem to be progressing nicely.

The editor was in our town one day last week. Come again Mr. Editor, we are always glad to have you with us.

W. S. McEwin was missing Sunday evening. Was he on Fourmile "Sager?"

The literary society has about gone dead again.

Rev. A. E. Burns filled his appointment at the Baptist church Sunday night. We are always willing to give him an attentive ear at any time he will honor us with his presence in the pulpit.

McKINLEY.

Fourmile.

Some sickness in our community. W. A. Walton was in our town Sunday.

Russian Riddle, of Lewis, visited relatives here Sunday.

Bill Spearman, of Weldon, was here Saturday.

There was no preaching at Fourmile Sunday, owing to the inclemency of the weather.

Charlie Spearman visited relatives and friends near Weldon Saturday and Sunday.

J. W. Powell contemplates going to Vincent Saturday. We wish him success in his faithful trips.

Miss Eva Farr who has charge of a literary school at Center Hill, spent Saturday and Sunday with home folks.

L. F. Bradshaw and H. J. Gasaway, of Kelley's Creek, spent Sunday night in our community.

Miss Louella Lyon took charge of her school at Fourmile Monday. We wish her much success.

Rev. S. S. Crumpton and family visited relatives and friends at Ebenezer Saturday and Sunday. The Rev. Crumpton filling his regular appointment.

The farmers are still hustling, gathering their crops, but some what discouraged over the present price of cotton. We hope they will become so discouraged that they will learn a lesson and not plant so much of the worthless stuff another year, but use their farms for what they are intended for.

Prof. S. S. Crumpton opened his school at Center School House Monday. Prof. Crumpton has been teaching in this locality for a number of years and is doing a grand work in education. Those seeking a thorough education would do well to attend his school.

EDGE.

Redrawn News.

Health not good.

Rain, rain in abundance, and the farmers have a bad time picking cotton.

Miss Olla Baldwin was in our little town one day last week on her way to Columbiana.

E. B. Lyon was the guest of Miss Willie Hill Sunday.

William Walton was up to see Miss Alice Hadaway Sunday.

The social at Mr. Perry's Saturday night was a success.

We would like to know what has become of the Fourmile find Lewis correspondents.

P. Miner went to Columbiana one day last week on business.

Misses Alice Miner and Louella Lyon spent Sunday on Beeswax.

Josh Baker and Miss Emma Smith passed through our little town Monday. What do you suppose is going to happen?

J. N. Lyon and J. W. Powell was over to see the Misses Farr Sunday.

W. N. Miner was the guest of Miss Lola Strickland Sunday.

J. W. Spearman was the guest of Miss Jennie Hadaway Sunday.

Success to the Advocate and its many readers.

NED.

We are agents in this district for the New Royal sewing machine, the best on the market, with all new improvements, which we will sell for cash or on easy payments.

Columbiana Mercantile Co.

No Cure—No Pay.

That is the way Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil is sold for Barbed Wire Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Cracked Heels, Saddle Galls, Old Sores and all kinds of inflammations on man or beast. Price 25 cents. For sale by.

HALL DRUG CO.

July 21, 1y.

FALL OPPORTUNITIES.

Now is the Time to Test the Value of Our Experience in Buying and Selling Goods. It is Extensive and Thorough.

We have told you that we can be of great use to you. We are waiting for the opportunity to prove it. Never before have we been so thoroughly in command of the lowest possible prices. The hard times have had something to do with it, but our accumulated experience has done more. Our rapid increase in business has rendered in necessary for us to make larger purchases than ever before for the Fall and Winter Trade. Our prices are so low that no merchant dare claim to meet them.

Items of Interest Concerning Our New Stock:

5 cent, good quality bleaching a yard, 3 cents.
8 cent, best yard-wide bleaching, a yard, 4 cents.
6 cent, yard wide, extra heavy domestic, 4 cents.
5 cent, best cotton checks, now 3 cents.
8 cent, Southern Saten, dress plads, beautiful designs, now only 5c.
8 cent, heavy brown drilling, now 5 cents.
Childrens handkerchiefs, fast colors, 1 cent.
Ladies' hemstitched handkerchiefs, all colors, 3 cents.
Gents' bordered handkerchiefs, many designs, 4 cents.
\$1.50 ladies glove grain shoes, button or lace, all sizes, now 99 cents.
\$2.50, good quality, boys overcoats, with detachable capes just for your boys, now 99 cents.
\$5.00 youth's fine overcoats, with velvet collars, all wool, the best value, \$2.50.
\$4.00 men's suit, well made, now \$1.90.
\$1.50, all wool, men's pants, very good for the price, 90 cents.
50 cent, boys fine knitted overshirts, all colors, 25 cents.
Men's heavy working overshirts 25 cents.
"Stanley," the well known \$1. Neglige shirt, 47 cents.
10 cents men's good seamless hose, now 5 cents.

25 cent ladies' imported hose, fast black, full seamless 10 cents.
\$1.50, the best 10-4 blanket you ever saw, for 70 cents.
1000 yards of short length sateens, all colors, 10 and 15 cent goods, now at 5 cents.
Fine men's suspenders, regular price 25 cents, now 10 cents.
25 cent, solid brown all wool flannel, now 12 cents.
Pure silk ribbon, lovely colors, 10, 15 and 20 cent goods, now 3 cents.
1 box, 30 balls sewing thread, No. 1, for 15 cents.
Good thread, white and black, 200 yards on a spool, 2 cents.
Balls of calico, about 50 yards, for 90 cents.
Bundles of ducking, 50 yards, for 90 cents.
A big lot of short length Sateens, Organdies and Silkolines, 10 and 15 cent goods, a yard wide, now at 3 cents.
A sample lot of Capes, sixty different styles, from 35 cents to \$2.00.
35 cent, Ladies' black hose, all wool, full seamless, 15 cents.
25 cent, Windser ties, pure silk, artistic patterns 36 inches long, for 10 cents.
25 cent, Black Brocaded Silk scraps 10 cents.
All wool breakfast shawls, 10 cents.

Only space forbids us a detail account of the Boy's and Men's clothing, and tremendous line of Boy's, Misses, Ladies and Men's shoes. While we cannot describe or enumerate our variety of elegant assortments, we are very glad to show them to our visitors.

Come and look at our new magnificent stock. You will find reliable goods at unparalleled values. You will find friendship, as we esteem every visit from you a personal favor. We are building business on the Great and strong Power of Low Prices.

Money spent with us gets more genuine value, goes farther, lasts longer, gets more style, more quality and does more actually good service than it is even possible so to get elsewhere.

THESE ARE THE OPPORTUNITIES WE OFFER.

S. STARK,
Shelby, Ala.

Rehobeth.

Health of settlement very good at this writing.

The gathering of crops is about over with here, and wheat and oat sowing will be the order of the day as soon as possible.

We learn that Tom Waters has a position at the lime works and will not farm next year.

Lem Kendrick has moved to Eden to attend school. T. M. Clinkscales is now the miller.

School will open up at this place in a short time, with Miss Sallie Dyeus as principal.

Frank Oaks, the chapin syrup maker, is making the finest syrup we have had the pleasure of seeing lately.

Calvin Simmons informs us that he will leave us shortly. He is going seven miles south of Harpersville to farm another year.

Mr. Joe Rich, one of our prominent young men of this community, after a long illness, died the 11th inst., leaving a wife and three little children to mourn his death.

It is sad, sad indeed! to see the young and the hopeful laid away in the silent tomb just in the bloom of life.

On the jeweled walls of Jasper; Hear the bright cherubic band, Bidding us beguiled and tempted, Homeward from this weary land.

MEPHISTOPHELES.

Vandiver.

N. G. Brasher, who has been doing business for J. P. Kimmett at this place, has resigned and taken his original place in his class at Prof. Rich's school, which began last Monday at Chestnut Grove, near this place.

Mrs. J. L. Vandiver has returned from a visit to relatives in St. Clair county.

J. P. Kimmett, a wide-awake merchant of our town, made a business trip to Birmingham last Friday.

Dr. Abererombie, the well known physician of this place, who has been in Birmingham for several days on business, returned home last Sunday.

W. A. O'Barr visited relatives at Leeds last Sunday.

Miss Leila Kendrick paid Dunnavant a trip last week, looking after the interest of a school at that place, we suppose.

LITTLE JOE.

Weldon.

Health good.

J. D. Morrow went to Coosa Valley Monday on business.

J. M. Baldwin's school opened up Monday at Union.

F. Sullivan and family, of Montevallo, visited the family of J. Hartsfield Saturday.

D. W. Sharbutt paid Sterrett a business trip last Thursday.

Rain, rain, how it rains. I guess the farmers will learn better not to plant so much cotton another year.

I hear people talking about hard times, it will be so until you quit raising so much cotton. Get to raising your bread and meat at home.

James Albright and family attended the birthday dinner at J. Hartsfield's Saturday.

Day & Sharbutt have ginned a lot of cotton.

The corn crop is some what damaged by so much rain.

WILD BILL.

From Beat 9.

Wilsonville, Nor. 14, 1898.—Editor Advocate.—Please give me space in your valuable paper to make acknowledgement or a correctness to a part of the controversy between Mr. Mason and myself. I have been creditable informed that a part of my writing was probable false. From what I can learn, Mr. Mason is not in fault about some of the charges that was against him. The rural home that was spoken of, he, Mr. Mason, seemed to think that a part of the controversy would bring reproach upon his family, especially the part concerning the rural home. I did not intend for the controversy to go so far as it did, rather expected it to stop at the first letter, and very much regret that it did not.

I stated above that a part of the controversy probably was false, I wrote it as it was given to me. If any falsify work was perpetrated my author did the falsify work and Mr. Mason can get my author in person or by note, not public, if he wants it. I did not intend to write or say anything that was not true, or anything that would bring reproach upon Mr. Mason's family. It is not my purpose to injure any man or his family.

I am very sorry Mr. Mason so construed it that way. I hope this will bring about better feelings and will be met with a similar answer.

POPPLIST OF BEAT NINE.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Condensed Schedule in Effect Sept. 18, 1898.

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It is expected that 500,000 feet of lumber will be cut from the Ontario crown lands this winter.

Miss Ada Negri, the young Italian poetess who is now so much talked of in London, is, like so many of the younger writers of her country, an ardent socialist.

The largest painting in the world, exclusive of panoramas and cycloramas, is in the grand salon of the doge's palace at Venice. It is 84 feet wide and 34 feet high.

A progressive Italian organ grinder in Buffalo uses a horse to draw his street piano.

It has been calculated that the loss from illness averages 20,000,000 weeks of work in a year, or 2 1/2 per cent of the work done by the whole population between 15 and 65 years of age.

Sixteen years ago H. A. W. Tabor was rated as worth about \$10,000,000, and was said to sleep in nightshirts worth \$250 each. Now, it is said, he is reduced to selling testimonials to a patent medicine man in order to get his picture in the papers.

Catarrh In the Head

Is an inflammation of the mucous membrane lining the nasal passages. It is caused by a cold or succession of colds, combined with impure blood. Catarrh is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which eradicates from the blood all scrofulous taints, rebuilds the delicate tissues and builds up the system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. \$1.50 per bottle. Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

Dewey's Butterfly Collection.

"I have the pleasure of knowing Admiral Dewey quite well," said Mr. George B. Allison, of Washington, to a reporter. "His only eccentricity that I can call to mind is an aversion to promiscuous hand-shaking, and I have heard him complain rather savagely of cranks who persist in squeezing one's hand upon introduction. The papers say he is a stamp collector, but that is untrue. He is a lepidopterist, or collector of butterflies, and has secured thousands of magnificent specimens during his voyage. He has undoubtedly the finest private collection of butterflies in the United States. It is insured for \$6,000 or \$8,000—only a portion of its value."

Count von Arco-Valley, who has been for some years first secretary of the German embassy in England, has been appointed minister to Brazil, and will proceed to Rio soon.

PERIODS OF PAIN.

Menstruation, the balance wheel of woman's life, is also the bane of existence to many because it means a time of great suffering.

While no woman is entirely free from periodical pain, it does not seem to have been nature's plan that women otherwise healthy should suffer so severely.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most thorough female regulator known to medical science.

It relieves the condition that produces so much discomfort and robs menstruation of its terrors. Here is proof: Dear Mrs. PINKHAM—How can I thank you enough for what you have done for me? When I wrote to you I was suffering untold pain at time of menstruation; was nervous, had headache all the time, no appetite, had tired feeling, and did not care for anything.

I have taken three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, one of Blood Purifier, two boxes of Liver Pills, and to-day I am a well person. I would like to have those who suffer know that I am one of the many who have been cured of female complaints by your wonderful medicine and advice.

—MISS JENNIE R. MILES, Leon, Wis. If you are suffering in this way, write as Miss Miles did to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for the advice which she offers free of charge to all women.

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A cubic foot of newly fallen snow weighs five and a half pounds, and has twice the bulk of an equal weight of water.

I duce Your Bowels With Cascarets. Cascarets cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. Co. fail druggists refund money.

Taking the average depth of the ocean to be three fathoms, there would be a layer of salt 230 feet deep if the water should evaporate.

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Business Education Pays.

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Am. N. Y., No. 46, 1898.

PINK'S CURE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in all cases. Sold by druggists.

Constitution.

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In 1850 England's death rate was 22.4 per thousand. In 1895 it was 13.7 per thousand.

By mixing a harmless powder, subnitrate of bismuth, with the food, the movements of the stomach can be seen by means of the Roentgen rays.

"The only thing we can do now," says Dupuy de Dome, speaking for Spain, "is to repent and reform." Such things are quite possible, even to Spain, when she can't do anything else.

A wooden grain conduit in a mill at Hawkesbury, Canada, has been rendered useless because the swiftly traveling bushels of grain had worn holes through its under side.

An automatic electric music leaf-turner is one of the latest patents. It is claimed for it that it can be easily attached to any piano music rack, and it is worked by touching a button with the foot.

In 1397 South Africa imported \$1,437,534 worth of bicycles. In the civilization process the wheel seems to take precedence of the railway.

Beauty is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic, clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 25c, 50c.

No fewer than 1,173 persons have been buried in Westminster Abbey.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss. FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, Ohio, and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY, Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1898. A. W. GLASS, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The present system of musical notation was invented in the eleventh century.

No-To-Bac For Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, \$1. All druggists.

It is said that the ordinary carp, if not interfered with, would live about 500 years.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

It took seven years to make a handkerchief for which the empress of Russia paid \$5,000.

I am entirely cured of hemorrhage of lungs by Pisko's Cure for Consumption.—LOUISA LINDAMAR, Bethany, Mo., January 8, 1894.

Russia is said to own 2,000,000 horses—nearly one-half of the whole number in existence.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. Co. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Ants have brains larger in proportion to the size of their bodies than any other living creature.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Fits permanently cured. No fit or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Translated and translated free. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 361 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Stockings were first used in the eleventh century. Before that cloth bandages were used on the feet.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic. Full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

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WAR OF RACES IN THE CAROLINAS.

Pitched Battle Between White Men and Negroes.

WILMINGTON'S NEW COUNCIL.

In South Carolina the Result of an Election Row Has a Bloody Termination—Armed Troops Scouring the Country.

WILMINGTON, N. C.—A riot broke out Thursday afternoon of last week which has resulted in the death of at least twelve negroes and three white men. The naval reserves and light infantry were called upon to bring about a cessation of hostilities, but their efforts were fruitless. White citizens were fanned with madness and determined to rid the city of negro domination.

The city is in the hands of a new municipal government. In the afternoon the board of aldermen resigned one by one. As each alderman vacated, the remainder elected a successor named by the citizens' committee, until the entire board was changed legally. They resigned in response to public sentiment. The mayor and chief of police have also resigned, and the new board elected their successors, according to law. Ex-Representative Waddell was elected mayor and E. G. Parmlee, chief of police. The first act of the new government was to swear in 250 special policemen, chosen from the most reputable white citizens. They are vested with all the authority, and will take possession of the city. The white citizens will remain on guard throughout the town to prevent possible attempts at incendiarism. The new government will devote its attention to restraining the feeling among the whites, as well as to keeping down lawlessness among the negroes.

The trouble commenced at 8:30 in the morning, when an armed body of citizens, numbering about 400, and led by ex-Representative Waddell, chairman of a committee of twenty-five, appointed for the purpose, proceeded to the publishing house of a negro newspaper, the Record, to wreck it. The editor of this paper had published an article defamatory of white women and a mass meeting of citizens ordered his expulsion from the city within twenty-four hours and the removal of his press. Fifteen leading negroes were called in by the committee of twenty-five last night and directed to notify the chairman this morning whether they would agree to the removal of the press. They were informed that if no answer was returned the press would be demolished. No answer was received by the chairman this morning, and, after waiting an hour, the citizens proceeded in a body and demolished the fixtures of the printing office.

Soon large numbers of blacks began to congregate on the streets in the negro section and it was in one of these that the first tragedy was enacted. The men were standing at a corner and were ordered to disperse. They declined, and it is claimed fired into the whites.

A fusillade was immediately opened upon them by the squad in which three negroes were killed. Two whites were wounded slightly. One negro ran down the street and passing a residence, fired a rifle at William Mayo, white, standing on the veranda, shooting him through the left lung. The negro was pursued and captured while hiding under a bed. He confessed to the shooting, and was ridiculed with shot by his captors and killed.

GREENWOOD, S. C.—Five negroes lay dead at Rehoboth all day Thursday. Others are dead and lost in the woods. One white man was buried, three others lie at the point of death and more have been wounded. Four leads of families have left the country, and armed troops of countrymen are scouring the country hunting them. All this is the outcome of the election law.

The following is a list of the dead and wounded: B. I. Etheridge,

KILLED WHILE FIGHTING FIRE.

Nashville Firemen Killed By a Falling Roof.

Fireman Robert E. Page was instantly killed and John McCormack and William Silvers, the latter colored, were seriously injured by a falling roof Friday. They were fighting fire in the building occupied by the medical and dental departments of the University of Tennessee. The loss was \$18,000, fully insured. The fire was made very destructive and exceedingly difficult to fight by reason of the fact that there were in the building a large number of barrels of alcohol in which subjects, accumulated for dissection, were preserved.

Col. Totten Dead.

Col. Enoch Totten, a prominent lawyer of Washington, D. C., died Friday night, aged 62. He was born in Ohio, but moved to Wisconsin early in life. He served with distinction in the Civil War during the civil war, and for thirty years has figured prominently in important trials before the courts, and frequently appeared before committees of congress.

The Pratt City, Ala., miners have contributed \$257.60 to the new charity hospital at Birmingham to date.

Insurgents Besiege Iloilo.

Advices have been received at the offices in London of the Philippine Commercial company saying that the insurgents have taken the island of Negros, one of the Philippine group, separated by a narrow channel from Panay and Cebu, and that they are besieging Iloilo, capital of the island of Panay and the second largest port in the Philippines.

The cattle quarantine in Alabama has been removed for the winter.

white, killed at polls; Thomas Tolbert, white, mortally wounded at the same time; Wade Hampton McKinney, Jesse Williams, Drayton Watts, L. M. Jackson, Essex Harrison, Ben Collins, all colored, killed; Sidney Tolbert, white, dangerously wounded; John R. Tolbert, white, wounded; Stuart Miller, white, mortally wounded in head; C. Fleming, white, shot in shoulder; M. J. Younger, shot in foot; Cleve Armstrong, shot in the neck; George Davis, shot in six places; George Miller, shot in two places; John Dow, shot in two places.

The trouble was precipitated on election day, when 200 or 300 negroes at the polls opened a fusillade at the store in which the voting was going on. In this fight Etheridge was killed and Tolbert wounded.

The second occasion for provocation was that a party hunting the slayers of Etheridge was fired into, and Miller fatally wounded, and Fleming badly hurt. The arming of the negroes, the killing of Etheridge, the firing from ambush, all conspired to kindle a flame of passion.

The incident of the day was the killing of Essex Harrison. Down the road came a squad of mounted cavalrymen with Harrison marching ahead with guns and rifles drawn on him. Fifteen men lined up on the roadside. The negro was put out in the road and told to go toward the pile of dead negroes. He started; there was a ring of rifles and Harrison pitched forward dead. Harrison, it is alleged, was a member of the crowd that killed Etheridge.

Parties were out during the day searching for the negroes, who, it is said, were the leaders in the rioting. The whites are particularly incensed against the Tolberts and hold them responsible for the trouble. A party went to kill Tom Tolbert, but some one prevailed on the hot-heads not to kill a wounded and dying man.

John R. Tolbert, collector of the port at Charleston, and Joe Tolbert have left the county and gone to Columbia. Reed Tolbert has gone to Greenville. Ezra Tolbert is quarantined with friends. His son was shot and this, with the plea that he is a non-partisan, has nine children and a wife alone has saved him from death. A committee waited on J. W. Tolbert, assistant postmaster at McCormick, and asked him to get out of that town. He left. Several in the mob wanted to burn Tolbert's property, but better advice prevailed.

Fully 300 men scoured the country around Phoenix, where the first trouble occurred, hoping to find the bands of negroes said to be congregated in the neighborhood. The Tolberts are of good family, made fine southern soldiers and have been republicans since the war.

The two negroes who are known to have shot Etheridge have not yet been captured.

POLITICAL PRISONERS.

Being Transported From the African Penal Settlement to Havana.

The Spanish steamer Isla De Panay, from Cadiz, arrived at San Juan de Porto Rico, Friday last with 292 Cuban political prisoners on board bound for Havana. The prisoners left the African penal settlement of Ceuta on October 28, and left Cadiz on the 30th. They have served sentences from two to three years' imprisonment, and were given emigrant accommodations on the Isla De Panay. On board that vessel they were constantly kept under the guard of Spanish soldiers. The prisoners are badly off in the way of clothing, none having been supplied by the government. But there were few sick among them. The Isla De Panay is due to arrive at Havana on November 15.

The Spanish government is paying the transportation charges, but the prisoners complain of the presence of the guard of soldiers, declaring they are now free men. They admit, however, that they have not been ill-treated on board the steamer.

The Porto Rican papers have been notified by the authorities of the decision of the authorities at Washington to accord them second-class matter rates, and they are greatly pleased.

A MERRIMAC HERO.

Osculatory Girls Greet Him—Presented With a Sword.

A special from Stuart, Ia., says: "Osborn Deignan, one of the men of Merrimac fame, arrived here, was met by 500 people, who escorted him home. Eighteen or twenty club girls surrounded him at the depot and tempted to kiss him, but he pushed all back, saying there were handsomer men in the crowd than he. The municipal authorities presented Deignan with a sword and Governor Shaw and other prominent Iowans made speeches. Deignan ran away from his home here years ago."

An Army of Jumping Frogs.

A cyclone of frogs moving eastward struck Ware country Friday. They were probably dropped from the clouds that came from the mountains on the northwest. Persons who saw them a few miles above Waycross say the frogs were different from any ever seen in this section before. The multitude was as thick as the sands on the seashore, and all seemed about the same age and diminutive in size. Several acres were literally covered with the pests.

Largest Cargo Out of New Orleans.

The steamship Monarch cleared last Friday from New Orleans for Liverpool with the largest general cargo ever carried from that port, embracing 20,630 bales of cotton, 28,000 bushels of corn, 19,000 staves. Weight of cargo, 18,303,000 pounds; value, \$572,000.

At Galveston, Tex., Major Edwin D. Easley, a prominent citizen, shot and killed in his office Wm. B. Blythe, a reporter on the Tribune.

A CHAMPION SNEEZER.

This Kentucky Man Could Break Up a Campmeeting.

"Did you ever know a man who could sneeze loud enough to break up a campmeeting, to stop the taking of testimony in court, and cause a bellowing cow to stop in disgust and wonder what the noise was that was drowning its thunderous voice?" said an old fisherman last night.

On being informed that his sneezer was entitled to the cake and all the accessories necessary to conduct an up-to-date bakery, the gentleman consented to tell more of his sneezing friend. He said:

"While fishing in a mountain town in Eastern Kentucky last fall I went to the village nearly one rainy morning to attend circuit court. The judge was delivering an impressive lecture to the grand jury, and every ear was listening to catch each word, when the stillness of the court was broken by an unearthly ker-chew, ker-chew, ker-chew, etc., etc. The judge was thunderstruck and instantly every eye was turned toward the rear of the room, where a little, unobtrusive-looking old farmer sat sneezing as if his head were coming off. The judge ordered the sheriff to bring the intruder before the bench. The offender came forward, and the judge had a fine altered against the innocent cause of the disturbance.

"Two of the sneezer's friends were called, who testified to the man's good character and high standing, but said they could hear him sneeze three miles any day in the year. One said that the sneezer once broke up a campmeeting with a sneezing spell, and that he saw an enraged bovine stop a thunderous bellowing fit to look in wonder at the human who could make more noise than a mad bull. But the old fellow couldn't help it, and the fine was remitted."—Louisville Post.

A Postmistress Aged 93 Years.

The death has just taken place of the oldest postmistress in the United Kingdom. The venerable lady was Mrs. Brown, postmistress of Anchemithie, the Munsellsgate of Sir Walter Scott's Anichmy, a quiet little village in Forfarshire. She died at the age of 93 years, and it was her wish that she should be allowed to act as mistress of the postoffice as long as she lived, her desire was respected by the postal "powers that be," and thus the veteran dame performed all the duties till a comparatively few days ago. Soon after the introduction of the penny post Mrs. Brown was appointed the first postmistress at Anchemithie. She was the widow of a village schoolmaster. Her memory went back to the reception of the news of Waterloo, the death of King George, and the coronation of the Queen.

Japanese Tampering With Nature.

The Japanese are ruthless in their tampering with nature. If they decide that they want a bird or an animal of a certain shape or color they set about manufacturing the article, so to speak, by the exercise of exceedingly clever ingenuity and untiring patience. Here, for example, is how the white sparrows are produced. They select a pair of grayish birds and keep them in a white cage in a white room, where they are attended by a person dressed in white. The mental effect on a series of generations of birds results in completely white birds.

Hardships of Army Life.

From the Press, Milroy, Ind.

One of the first to offer their services for the country in the Civil War was A. B. Seton, of Milroy, Rush Co., Ind. He made a good record. The life of every soldier is a hard one, and Mr. Seton's case was no exception. "We were in Tennessee, penned in on all sides. Our rations were very scarce," said he, "and we had begun to go on quarter allowance, and as the rain was not enough to replenish the wells or streams, our canteens went empty. We were hurried and the only way to quench our thirst was to go down on our hands and knees and drink from the hoof tracks made by the horses.

Our Canteens Were Empty.

"Some of us were taken sick from the effects of this. I was laid up several weeks in a field hospital from fever. From that time I was always afflicted more or less."

"About four years ago I became much worse. My family doctor seemed puzzled over my case, and it began to look as if there was no hope for my recovery, and that the inevitable end was near."

"Last November I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The physicians said they were an excellent medicine, but would do no good in my case. But I tried them, and am glad to say, for I became better at once. Eight boxes taken according to directions cured me. I used the last of the pills about a year ago, and have not been troubled with my ailments since."

The power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in the vast number of diseases due to impure or poisoned blood has been demonstrated in thousands of instances as remarkable as the one related above.

Last year the United States exported 366 locomotives, valued at about \$3,000,000, sewing machines to the value of \$2,500,000, and typewriters worth \$1,500,000.

In the French quarries of St. Triphon stone is sawed with steel wire cables moistened with wet sand, and passing in an endless rope over a series of pulleys.

About 5,000 words in the English language have no rhyme to them. These include such important words as honor, virtue, gulf, month and echo.

A French doctor has invented an electric helmet, inside of which is a small motor that vibrates strips of steel, the motor making 600 turns per minute. This whizzing is supposed to cure nervous headache and put the sufferer to sleep.

It is an inexplicable fact that men buried in an avalanche of snow hear distinctly every word uttered by those who are seeking for them, while their most strenuous shouts fail to penetrate even a few feet of the snow.



Never let blankets remain in service after they are soiled. Dirt rots the fibre and invites moths.

Never wash a blanket with any other than Ivory Soap. Use warm (not hot) water and dry in a place where there is no exposure to wind, sun, or too hot or cold air.

Blankets that have been improperly washed are hard and coarse to the touch, when washed properly with Ivory Soap they feel soft, warm and fleecy.

IVORY SOAP IS 99 2/3 PER CENT. PURE.

THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

"THE LOVE OF COUNTRY GUIDES."

VOL. VII.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1898.

NO. 25.

HARRY'S THANKS-GIVING FAIRY.

How She Aided Him to Find the Pumpkin Which Had Been Lost.



in New England.

When the old man, whose name was Uncle Joe Jenkins, put down his basket in the kitchen, his little granddaughter Susie began to take all the vegetables and parcels out of it, for she was a helpful, tidy little girl, and always willing to use her hands.

So Susie unpacked Uncle Joe's basket, and just as she was about to set the basket upon a shelf, her brother Harry came running into the kitchen, crying as though his heart would break, because he had fallen down and hurt his hand. Susie kissed his little dirty hand and gave him the empty basket to play with, saying: "There, darling, don't cry any more. Take this basket and go out in the garden and play that you were Uncle Joe going to put in your basket in the garden."

So little Harry stopped crying and ran off with the basket. The very first thing he did was to tip it upside down and sit on it, for it was pretty heavy for such a little fellow—he was only four years old. While he sits on the basket, watching some little ants making their home in the ground, I must tell you what happened to those little seeds. When Harry turned over the basket, of course they fell out, and there on the ground they stayed, half hidden in the soil, a long, long time. The winds blew, the storms came, some days were cool and some were very warm. The sun did all it could to keep those little seeds warm; the rain did all it could to give them water, and the dear heavenly Father watched over all, and finally made them grow into two beautiful large vegetables.

What do you think they were? Their color was dark orange and their size was that of the largest watermelon you ever saw. They were so heavy that it would have taken a very



HARRY AND HIS BASKET.

strong man to lift them, and their shape was round. Now, can you guess what they were? If you cannot, I must go on with my story and tell you.

Little Harry did not know anything about the seeds, and he went on playing every day in the garden and in the house, and if he reads this story he will be much surprised to know that there was anything in the basket before he tipped it upside down.

One day he ran to his uncle Joe, who was working in the barn, and said: "Oh, Uncle Joe! do come and tell me what these two yellow things are that are out in our garden; they are the color of oranges, only so drefle big. Come, come quickly, Uncle Joe. I never saw such funny big things growing in our garden before."

So Uncle Joe left his work, and went with the little boy to see the wonders. When he looked at them he said: "Why, Harry, have you never seen anything like these before?"

"No, Uncle Joe; I'm sure I never did. What do you call them, and what are they good for?"

"Well," replied Uncle Joe, "they are called pumpkins, and when I was a little boy, we used to have whole fields full of them, and at Thanksgiving time my mother (your grandmother, you remember her, don't you?) used to have a lot of them made into pies and tarts. Oh, my! Harry, it just makes my mouth water when I think about it."

"Well, Uncle Joe," said Harry, "why can't we have a Thanksgiving like the one you used to have? Won't these two pumpkins make lots of pies?"

"Yes," replied Uncle Joe, "indeed they will, and we will look up the old cook book and have a real old-fashioned Thanksgiving."

That very evening, after the tea things were all cleared away, Uncle Joe called Susie and Harry and good old Aunt Martha into the sitting room. Harry's father and mother were dead, and Susie and Harry were living with their uncle and aunt.

"Now, Martha," said Uncle Joe, "put away your knitting, for we want you to help us; these little ones have never seen a real, old-fashioned Thanksgiving, and I want to have a good time for them here while you and I are spared to help them enjoy it."

Aunt Martha looked up from her knitting with a bright smile, and a happy look in her blue eyes, as she replied: "Yes, indeed, I will help you, for I was thinking to-day, Joe, of all the fun and frolic you and I used to

A STUFFED KID'S NIGHTMARE.



WILLIE'S DREAM AFTER THE THANKSGIVING DINNER.

have at Thanksgiving time when we were little."

"Make out a list of names," said Uncle Joe, "of all your relations, and then send them notes of invitation to come and spend Thanksgiving Day with us; those who come from a great distance must stay over night, and they must all stay in the evening, so that we may have games, music and contra dances after our feasting." So the invitations were written and sent to all the relations, both old and young.

The next day Uncle Joe called Harry to go with him to bring in the two big pumpkins. But what a disappointment it was to find only one pumpkin; they looked all over the garden, in the field adjoining, in the barn and in the carriage house and cellar, but the lost pumpkin could not be found.

"Well, Harry," said Uncle Joe, "we must make the best of it. We can have plenty of squash, apple and mince pies, not omitting the Thanksgiving plum pudding."

Harry looked as though he wanted to cry, so his uncle took him by the hand, saying: "Let us take a look at the three big turkeys, and give them plenty of corn before they are killed for our dinner, poor things!"

So they went to the barnyard and fed all the turkeys and chickens, and then Harry went with his uncle to the village store to buy nuts, raisins, spices, lemons and many other good things for Aunt Martha.

That night, when Harry went to bed, he was very tired and his brain was full of thoughts about Thanksgiving, but especially about the lost pumpkin. Just before midnight he heard a little noise beside his bed, and a tiny voice said: "Little boy, little boy, we have your lost pumpkin. Do you want to know where it is?"

"Oh, yes, yes!" said Harry, sitting up in bed.

"Very well," said the charming little creature (she was a tiny fairy named Goldie-Good). "We fairies helped a good little girl named Cinderella to take your pumpkin into her house, and her fairy god-mother (our queen) has turned it into a beautiful coach for Cinderella to ride in to the ball. This is the first night of the ball, but, after to-morrow night, if you look carefully under the green pumpkin vine in your garden you will find your pumpkin there again all safe and sound. We did not mean to trouble you by taking your pumpkin; we only wanted to help poor little Cinderella, for you know what a hard life she has always had, but she will be happy at last, and aren't you glad that you have helped to make her happy by lending her your pumpkin?"

"Oh, yes, I am!" said Harry, "but



LOOKING FOR THE PUMPKIN.

I never knew before that Cinderella lived in America. I thought she was an English girl, and I did not know that we had princes in this country."

"Didn't you?" said Goldie-Good. "Well, we do have princes here now—adays, and this Cinderella is an American."

"Oh, yes, I suppose you know all about it," replied Harry, "but I do hope she won't forget to send back my pumpkin when she is done with it," and then Harry lay down, put his hand under his cheek, and slept soundly until morning.

The next day he did not tell any one about the fairy or the pumpkin, but after another night he went out and looked very carefully among the green leaves, and there, sure enough, he found the pumpkin, hidden completely in a nest of leaves and vines. He gave a shout of joy, and ran into the house, exclaiming: "The pumpkin! the pumpkin! the pumpkin! Cinderella didn't keep it. Wasn't she a good girl to send it back again?"

"Why, what are you talking about?" said Aunt Martha, and Susie said: "Why, Harry, are you crazy? We don't know anything about Cinderella; we only know that you have lost your pumpkin."

"Oh, no, I haven't, Susie," said Harry, "it's right there now, all covered over with vines and leaves."

Aunt Martha and Susie went to the garden, and there they found the pumpkin, looking so handsome and golden in the sunlight. "Well, well, I never," said Aunt Martha, and Susie clapped her hands. "Why didn't you and your Uncle Joe use your eyes? Of course it has been here all the time."

"Oh, no, it hasn't," replied Harry, "for Cinderella borrowed it to go to the ball in."

"What?" said Aunt Martha. "Why, Harry," exclaimed Susie, "you are



FOUND AT LAST.

growing crazy; do come into the house and tell us what you are talking about."

So they went back, and there sat Uncle Joe reading his newspaper. Harry climbed up on his uncle's lap and told him all about the pumpkin, and ended by saying that Aunt Martha and Susie would not believe him when he said that the fairy god-mother had borrowed his pumpkin.

"Don't they believe that?" said Uncle Joe.

"No," said Harry; "do you?"

"Yes," said his uncle, "I believe it just as much as I believe any dreams that little boys have."

"Why, what do you mean?" said Harry. "Did I dream it?"

"Certainly; and I can tell you how you happened to have such a dream. Don't you remember that your Aunt Martha let you eat a little pumpkin tart that she had made for you, so that you might know just how the Thanksgiving pies were going to taste, and, as you were not in the habit of eating tarts or pies, it made you feel rather uneasy, and you slept in a dreamland, instead of the quiet, peaceful land of nod. You see, Harry, the pumpkin was out there in the garden all the time, but you and I did not find it because it was so hidden by the large leaves."

Harry understood then that it was all a dream about the fairy and Cinderella, but he did feel rather disappointed to know that it was not true and real, for he had always wanted to see a fairy.

The next day the big pumpkin was brought into the house and was made into many little pies and tarts, which were enjoyed very much by all the uncles, aunts and cousins when they came to dinner. Every little cousin heard the story of Harry's dream, and Aunt Martha gave them all a tiny pumpkin pie to carry home, and the children called them "Cinderella pies."

What a Church Mouse Did on One Thanksgiving Day



HE Church Mouse was very much surprised one Thursday morning to hear the church bell ring, and to see the people come walking into church as though it was Sunday morning.

However, he had lived in the church so long that he had grown very wise; he made up his mind therefore to keep very quiet and find out if he could what it all meant.

He felt especially thankful to see the man who pumped the organ Sunday days take his place, as this man always carried something to eat in his pocket.

The Mouse had often heard the man who pumped the organ called "Foolish," but, as he always left so many crumbs about, the Mouse was firmly of the opinion that the man was as wise as Solomon.

The Church Mouse had listened to so many sermons that he was well informed as to Solomon.

Every one looked very happy on this particular morning, as indeed they should have done, for, as the Mouse soon learned, it was Thanksgiving Day.

Just before the sermon began, the Church Mouse, who was so thin and poor, he could run over so fast without getting out of breath, heard the man who pumped the organ talking with the minister.

"Good morning, Noah," said the minister. "I see you have a new hymn book."

"Yes, sir," answered Noah, "of course I can pump any hymn in the book without the notes and always could, and so they never thought I

needed a book, I guess, until the boys thought of me and gave me this one; I'll pump the organ more confident like, now."

Then the Mouse knew why Noah was called "Foolish."

While the people were singing our grand old hymn, "My Country, 'tis of Thee," the Church Mouse was eating his breakfast. Poor little starved Mouse! He had found a bit of cookie a chubby baby dropped.

"Long may our land be bright," sang the people, and the hungry Church Mouse nibbled away. When the last verse was finished and the bit of cookie almost gone, the minister rose and said that he wished to make a few remarks before the contribution was taken.

When the talk was ended and the minister had urged the people to give of their abundance, or as the Lord had prospered them, that the hungry might be fed, the little Church Mouse, with his stomach full of cookie, made up his mind to use his influence; accordingly he moved over to the pew of the Stingy Man and watched.

The ushers moved slowly up the aisles as the solemn music of the organ filled the church.

Down into his pocket went the hand of the Stingy Man; he drew out a gold piece—it was money he had collected that very morning by grinding a poor man, and he wanted to look at it again to be sure it was safe. The Church Mouse moved a trifle nearer.

Down into his pocket again went the hand of the Stingy Man, and this time a copper lay in his palm beside the shining coin.

Thought the mouse, "Gold is scarce in these days, and I know what it means to be cold and hungry," and he moved yet nearer.

At last the basket was passed to the Stingy Man. He intended to put in the copper. The Church Mouse knew the time for action had come, and, at the risk of his own life, he sprang up the coat sleeve of the Stingy Man so suddenly that down into the basket went the shining coin with the copper.

The Missionary Society gave a Thanksgiving supper in the church parlors that night, and the Church Mouse, who safely escaped from the Stingy Man's coat sleeve, had all he could eat—for once.—Frances Margaret Fox.

Carlists Have Obtained a Loan. The London Daily Mail's correspondent at Biarritz says: "The Carlists declare that they have obtained a loan, but not from England. Proof that the situation is serious is seen in the general alarm, and the strict censorship in Navarre."

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Col. William J. Bryan's health does not mend as rapidly as he hoped it would, and Friday, on recommendation of his physician, he was granted an additional ten days' leave of absence, which permits him to remain in Lincoln, Neb., until December 4. Col. Bryan complains of lack of strength and vigor.

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FIRST PENSION AWARDED.

Jesse T. Gates Will Be Remunerated for Loss of His Lip.

Commissioner Evans of the pension office notified Secretary Alger Friday that Jesse T. Gates, Second United States artillery, who had lost part of his upper lip in the West Indian campaign, has been awarded the first pension on account of the Spanish war. The president and secretary of war each took an interest in this case. Gates called on them in person soon after the close of the campaign and convinced them of the merits of his claim. Gates will receive \$17 per month, and this being inadequate, a private pension bill increasing the pension will probably be introduced in congress. Claims on account of the Spanish war are now rapidly coming in. The total on file up to date is 1,947 for war service and 178 for naval service, exclusive of the claims of the battleship Maine victims.

AMERICANS MOBBED AT PEKIN.

Bishop Cranston and Family Attacked by Chinese Mob.

Bishop Earl Cranston, of the Methodist Episcopal church and family, and Rev. Dr. Lowry, missionary, were mobbed at Pekin, China, September 30. The attack was made with mud, sticks and stones by a mob gathered to celebrate the first feast day since the emperor had taken the power from the emperor. The families were going to and from the railway station in chairs and carts, and were attacked by the half-frenzied Chinamen. Dr. Lowry made a brave resistance, and succeeded in getting the women and children to a place of safety, though he suffered a broken rib. The same indignities were offered to all other foreigners. Representations have been made to the Chinese government by the American minister at Pekin.

RAISING SPANISH GUNBOATS.

Dewey Has Contracted With a Hong Kong Firm to Put Three in Repair.

The United States navy will soon possess more than a sprinkling of foreign-built vessels. Admiral Dewey has informed the navy department that he has contracted with a Hong Kong firm of wreckers to raise three of the Spanish war vessels, sunk in the battle of Manila last May day. The cost of raising the ships and putting them in repair will be \$500,000. The vessels to be raised are gunboats of large type, and in the opinion of Chief Constructor Hichborn, they will be the very best kind of craft for the protection of the United States' interests among the Philippines and along the Asiatic coast. They are the sister ships Isla de Cuba and Isla de Luzon, and the Don Juan de Austria.

Train Wrought Fearful Havoc.

During a dense fog a Pennsylvania train ran upon a gang of workmen on the Hekensack Meadows, near Jersey City. Eleven men were killed and six injured. The train which ran down the workmen was a local from Milltown to Jersey City due in Jersey City at 8:20 a. m. The fog delayed the train and Engineer John Van Ostrand was endeavoring to make up time. His train was running at a high rate of speed, he believing there was nothing to obstruct a quick run to Jersey City. The first he knew that his train had run into the men was when his engine jarred. There were twenty men in the gang, and only three escaped injury.

Terrible Fratricide.

A terrible fratricide occurred last Friday in the mountains of Polk county, Tenn., near the North Carolina line. A number of young men became engaged in a drunken row and two brothers, Garrett and Gedding Hadden, took sides one against the other. Garrett shot his brother, killing him instantly, and fled at once into the mountains.

Will Do Police Service in Havana.

Fourteen well-known Texans, under the lead of Lieut. Gates, of Dallas county, recently members of the First Texas Volunteers, left Friday for Cuba to do police service for the government. There will be twenty-two mounted men stationed between Matanzas and Havana, of which fifteen Texas men will be a part. Each man will be paid \$43.50 a month by the government, furnished a horse, board and rations.

Col. Bryan Still Weak.

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AGUINALDO WILL FIGHT.

Declares the Filipinos Are United, and Insist on Independence.

PROTEST AGAINST MERRITT'S STATEMENT.

Report That Christina Will Resign the Dynasty and That Don Carlos Will Be Proclaimed King, Who Will Abdicar in Favor of His Son.

LONDON.—There is much agitation among the Filipino representatives in Europe over the Philippine situation. Agoncillo, the representative of Aguinaldo, who was in Paris watching the proceedings of the peace commissions, started for Washington Saturday last he called a meeting of the Filipinos in Paris and London to meet him in Paris, when a committee was formed with the object of doing everything possible to induce France to recognize the so-called Philippine republic. A telegram was sent to Aguinaldo asking for instructions, and the following reply is said to have been received:

"Insist upon absolute independence. Otherwise we fight to the death. We are all united, and the government is progressing smoothly. All the independent tribes of the mountains are submitting to Aguinaldo, and the chiefs are bringing in presents of gold."

The statements made by General Wesley Merritt in reply to the appeal of the Philippine junta of Hong Kong to the American people have caused indignation among the Filipinos. They are especially incensed at the suggestion that they would loot, and at the idea of being governed as a colony. The Filipinos of Paris are sending a dispatch to President McKinley protesting against the assertions made.

WILL ABDICATE THE THRONE.

Queen Christina Will Quit Spain—Don Carlos to Be Proclaimed King.

LONDON.—A curious report in regard to Spain's future government is current in diplomatic circles, which, from its source, is entitled to weight. It is that there will be a change of dynasty; but a peaceful change. The queen regent is said to be convinced of the hopelessness of her son ever reigning, and has, upon the advice of the emperor of Austria, decided, soon after the peace treaty is signed at Paris (and everyone now regards this as only a question of days) to quit Spain with her family, and Don Carlos will be proclaimed king. Everything is reported to be already arranged, and the army and clergy are alleged to be eager for the change. According to the programme, Don Carlos, as soon as things are running smoothly, will abdicate in favor of his son, Don Jaime.

FATAL CLASH AT MANILA.

Filipino Natives and American Militia Engage in a Free Fight.

MANILA, Philippine Islands.—A number of Filipino natives Friday hired a carriage and afterward became engaged in a dispute with the driver regarding the fare. Some members of the American militia police attempted to arrest the natives, but the latter resisted, and Sergeant Price, of the Minnesota regiment, was stabbed and killed. Three other American soldiers, Maher, Montgomery and Hoyt, were wounded. Maher shot one native dead. The others were arrested.

The Spanish cruises Isla de Cuba and Isla de Luzon, which were sunk during the battle of Manila, have been floated and docked at Cavite.

The United States revenue cutter McCulloch has left Manila on her way home.

Insurgents Capture Iloilo.

It is reported that Iloilo, capital of the island of Panay, is in the hands of the insurgents. The United States cruiser Charleston and the United States gunboat Concord have gone there.

Missionary Murdered.

A dispatch to the London Daily Telegraph from Shanghai says that Rev. Mr. Fleming, a missionary and a native evangelist, were murdered in the recent attack by the rebels in the town of Kwei Fu, in the upper Yang Tze Kiang valley, when the Catholic mission there was burned.

Seventh Cavalry to Go to Cuba.

The Seventh Cavalry will leave Camp Forde, Huntsville, as soon as transports to carry it to Cuba can reach Savannah. The regiment has received orders to hold itself in readiness to move and packing of the regimental property was begun Friday.

TRAMPS' DASTARDLY WORK.

Drove a Woman From Her Home and Burned a Baby to Death.

At River Junction, Fla., Saturday, three unknown white men went to the house of Andrew Shackelford, a farmer living in DeCATUR county, Ga., and demanded food from his wife. She was alone with her three little children and offered bread, saying it was all she had. They demanded meat. She became frightened and fled to the woods. The tramps set fire to the house, roasting the little one to death.

LAWLESS ELEMENT AT WORK.

Bandits Holding Full Sway in Porto Rico.

WASHINGTON.—The cabinet session Friday was devoted to a leading extent to consideration of complaints that have reached the war department alleging that a state of practical anarchy prevails in Porto Rico. These complaints asserted that the lawless element in Porto Rico are committing depredations of the gravest character, and that the seriousness of the situation is increased by reason of the fact that United States troops stationed in the island are likely to have been guilty of gross misconduct.

The most serious allegations are against brigand and lawless elements in the smaller towns away from the coast. It is said that, taking advantage of the unsettled state of the country due to the transfer of the government from Spain to the United States, bands of men have organized for robbery and rapine, burning houses and plantations and levying tribute upon the people wherever possible. In one case it is said that they made a raid on a small town of about 15,000 inhabitants fifteen miles from the nearest troops, and burned and destroyed property to a considerable value.

General Brooke, at San Juan, has been instructed to use the full strength of the military forces at his command for the suppression of the rioting and the restoration of peace and order in the land.

RESCUED AT SEA.

Shipwrecked Mariners at Sea in an Open Boat Two Days.

The British steamer Beconic, which arrived at New York Friday, brought into port eighteen shipwrecked mariners, who were taken from the Dutch bark Johanna, which was found in a sinking condition. The Beconic sighted the Johanna flying signals of distress on November 11. On November 9 the Johanna encountered a terrible gale which set in from the northwest, accompanied by enormous seas. The bulwarks and main hatches, and mainmasts were broken and stove in. Captain Mears ordered out the boats and intended to steer for Bermuda. The first boat was dashed to pieces against the side of the vessel. The second boat was successfully launched with the entire crew. The wind in the meantime had increased the fury of the terrible seas. The small boat had been damaged in the effort to launch it from the wreck, and constant battering was required to keep it afloat. Under these circumstances eighteen unfortunate seamen spent two days in the vicinity of the Johanna, determined to return to the derelict when the weather subsided. Finally on November 11 the wind and sea went down, and the men clambered on board of the wreck and set distress signals.

ULTIMATUM TO SPANIARDS.

Is Being Prepared With Great Care by the American Commissioners.

PARIS.—The American peace commissioners are engaged in formulating the terms of an important communication to be made to the Spanish commissioners this week.

While the Americans fully appreciate the necessity of making progress, they are also under the necessity of taking great care in the preparation of what may possibly be the conclusive record of these negotiations. The Spanish commissioners consumed a week in the preparation of the last memorandum, but the Americans will not require so long a time to complete the work in hand, and any delay will ultimately prove to have been advantageous.

Pana in State of Terror.

A Friday's special from Pana, Ill., says: The town has been kept in a state of terror all the afternoon by numerous encounters between negroes and striking miners. Both are heavily armed and use their ammunition freely. Sheriff Sid Watts, who was returning from the Springside mine, where he had been on duty, was shot from ambush. The bullet took effect in his right arm, which had to be amputated. A number of residences have been pierced by bullets, and those who are able to do so have sent their families to the country. The principal streets are patrolled by soldiers. Captain Butler had a long conversation by telephone with Governor Tanner and it is said more troops will be sent here immediately.

Havana Street Car Held Up.

At midnight Thursday, a car on the line running from the city to Jesus Del Monte, a suburb of Havana, Cuba, was held up by a gang of robbers close to the Cristina Station. Every passenger in the car was forced to throw up his hands and the thieves then took their valuables.

One Man Killed and Three Wounded.

W. O. Finney and his son Tom fought a street duel at Milledgeville, Ga., Saturday with W. B. and W. J. Stanley. W. O. Finney and Tom Finney will probably die. The Stanley brothers are seriously and perhaps fatally wounded.

Largest Battleship in the World.

The ram battleship Formidable was launched Friday at Portsmouth, England. She is said to be the largest warship in the world, being of 15,000 tons displacement. She is 400 feet long, has 75 feet beam, and draws 26 feet, 9 inches of water. She cost over £1,000,000 and is estimated to steam eighteen knots.

Ex-Governor Peck, of Wisconsin, went by Aniston to see the boys of the Fourth Wisconsin regiment encamped there.

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COLUMBIANA, NOV. 24, 1898.

The Democratic party is a party
of promises.

Where is Robbins 2000 majority
in the white counties?

The committee appointed to
white wash the war officials, is still
using white wash.

The Democratic party has again
turned its face against free silver
in the East and made remarkable
gains.

Congress will meet again in De-
cember. There are many impor-
tant questions coming up before
that body.

Governor Johnston wants to
economize, but not bad enough to
recommend that the Governor's
salary be reduced.

Wharton Barker, the nominee of
the middle-of-the-road Populist for
President, is the ablest exponent
of reform in the world.

Robbins will hold Aldrich's seat
until justice is done, then he will
go back to Dallas to live with his
ballot box stuffing friends.

A Populist who would have gone
into the Democratic caucus ought
to be branded "traitor" on the
forehead with a red hot iron.

Aldrich carried Shelby, Chilton,
Cleburne and Talladega counties,
Robbins carried one white county,
Calhoun, by only 197 majority.

The Democrats of Dallas county,
in order to show the world that
they were honest, only stole two
thousand votes at the last election.

When the Democrats found out
that the Populists would not go in-
to the Democratic caucus, they
passed a resolution to exclude
them.

Dallas county come nobly to the
rescue of the Democratic party,
by stealing about 4000 votes. That's
what the Chronicle calls white su-
premacy.

When the Democrats found that
they could not carry the white
counties they turned their longing
eyes to black belt Dallas for white
supremacy.

The Peace Commissioners in
Paris will soon have things in
shape to settle with Spain, with
either money or bullets. Let Spain
choose quickly.

Let every Populist go to work or-
ganizing for the great battle of
1900. The Populists party alone
advocates the true principles of
self government.

The effort of the money power
to relegate the money question to
the rear, will prove a failure. Such
a great question will remain in
front until settled right.

The Alabama legislature is in
session. It is more than probable
that we will have a Constitutional
Convention. The legislature is dem-
ocratic, very few members of any
other party in the body. Not
enough to act as a restraint. We
need not be surprised at any ex-
treme partisan measure that may
be forced on the people by this
body.—Southern Alliance.

The Democratic party of this
district has won another glorious
(?) victory, through rascality and
fraud. Mr. Aldrich goes to Dallas
with about 800 majority in the
white counties, but black belt
methods have again been called on
and the white voters of the white
counties in the Fourth District
will have to submit to being mis-
represented in Congress until Rob-
bins can be ousted; which will be
done as soon as the contest can be
heard in Congress. We hope the
time will soon come in Alabama
when it will be a disgrace to be
called a ballot box stuffer or asso-
ciate with one. Mr. Aldrich has
been seated twice on a contest, af-
ter a full and fair investigation,
and will be again. It is a sad
commentary on the great State of
Alabama that any man can hold a
seat in Congress a single day by
virtue of stealing and rascality.

Spirit of Victory, Light of His- tory.

Hon. Wharton Barker, Editor of
the American:

Dear Sir:—The Peoples party of
Georgia was almost a unit until
two things occurred:

1. In 1896 a new plank (Prohi-
bition) was put in our platform.
This plank divided our white Pop-
ulists, and it arrayed the negroes
solidly against our party. Before
this our white people were about
equally divided between the Demo-
cratic and the Populist parties. In
1894 the negroes voted with us and
we carried the state. But we were
not allowed managers at the elec-
tion. So the Democrats counted
our men out and theirs in.

2. Our party was much demoral-
ized by fusion in 1896.

From 1885 to 1894 we got nine
to ten cents for cotton and we had
generally fair seasons, but since
1894 we have each year sunk mon-
ey on our crops—except 1895—
which year we made some clear
money. From 1888 to 1894 our al-
liance meetings were largely attend-
ed by ladies as well as men. Dur-
ing July and August rallies were
held in our country districts. From
500 to 800 people usually attended
these meetings. When Tom Wat-
son or Livingston or noted speak-
ers would speak we often had from
1,000 to 5,000 people at these ral-
lies. At that time our farmers
were making more than a comfort-
able living and they had both time
and money to attend meetings and
conventions, but since 1894
we have had neither time or mon-
ey to attend to such matters, but
we have had to remain at home
and give our undivided attention
to our farms, and even then our
crops, at the low price they bring,
do not pay expenses. This sea-
son the floods in August and Sep-
tember and the terrible storm on
the 2nd of October did us more
harm than the low prices of cot-
ton.

In all ages of the world, in great
emergencies men and women come
to the front who are equal to the
emergency. This is the only hope
at this time. Money is ruling with
a high hand. There are many re-
formers who despair of all hope of
reform. They say that money con-
trols everything in politics.

There is, however, a time when
money gives way to patriotic senti-
ment. The Republican party was
opposed to war with Spain and all
moneyed organizations favored
peace at any price, yet the senti-
ment of the people was so strong
that the party with McKinley at its
head had to yield—"The voice of
the people is the voice of God."

In 1420, England had nearly
subdued France. Orleans, the last
stronghold, had agreed to surren-
der to any of the native princes,
but was unwilling to surrender to
the English. At this critical point
a young girl from Lorraine came
to the front. She did what all the
generals, bishops, priests and poli-
ticians could not do. She united
the people, inspired the people and
led the battle and raised the siege
of Orleans, and saved France from
subjugation. How did this unedu-
cated girl do this? Her histo-
rian, Jules Michelet, said: "The
originality of the Pucelle, the sec-
ret of her success, was not her
courage or her visions, but her
good sense. Amidst all her enthu-
siasm the girl of the people clearly
saw the question, and knew how to
resolve it. The knot which politi-
cian and doubter could not unloose,
she cut." This girl of the people
knew what chord in the human
heart to touch and having touched
that chord all France was united.
Before a united people the preju-
dice, envy and hatred of the gen-
erals, bishops and priests went down
as chaff before the wind.

Now if this uneducated girl of
the people could unite all France
and lead the people to victory can
not so much as one man, in all this
grand Republic, be found who can
unite and lead the reformers to vic-
tory? I hope so. I believe so.

You sound the key-note when
you say—"The all important thing
at this stage of the fight is to
make clear that the commander of
the army is equal to the work to
be done and that the campaign is
to be fought to win and not simply
to make a protest." People are
worn out with protests, they want
success. The signs of the times
point to a great uprising of the
people.

The man from among the peo-
ple is the one who knows where the
shoes pinch. Twice the Romans
had to take a man from the plough

handles to save the Republic. The
Hebrew army once with a bold and
skillful general at the head became
demoralized when a boy from
among the masses inspired the ar-
my and won the victory. Now
there was nothing miraculous in
the victory gained by the shepherd
boy. The boy used a weapon that
would kill at long range while his
opponents' weapons would kill on-
ly at short distance. All the ad-
vantage was on the side of the
boy. It was the good common
sense of the boy that led to victo-
ry just as it was the "good sense"
of the Pucelle—the girl of the peo-
ple—that caused her to unite the
people and then lead them to victo-
ry.

Respectfully yours,
Brent, Ga. C. F. TURNER.

Four cent cotton is teaching the
Democrats an important lesson.
They are now reaping the fruits of
their labor.

Pointed Paragraphs.

From the Chicago News.

It's easier to read about love in
a cottage than it is to bring it
about.

It's not what the player does in
a baseball game, but what the um-
pire says, that counts.

No one has discovered a sure
cure for laziness.

Labor's worst enemy is the work-
ingman who won't work.

The man who preaches revolu-
tion is the worst kind of a crank.

The life work of a wise man may
be destroyed by a fool in a day.

Love is a contagious disease that
nothing short of matrimony will
cure.

A doctor may give a patient
hope, but he charges for the time
it takes him to give it.

A woman's smile may wreck a
man's heart, but it's always an-
other kind that wrecks his consti-
tution.

No woman cares to play second
fiddle; nothing less than the title
of first assistant violinist will sat-
isfy her.

Drugs

Must be pure in order to produce
the effect that your physician de-
sires when he writes your prescrip-
tion.

It must also be compounded by a
competent pharmacist.
DON'T TAKE THE CHANCES.
BRING IT HERE.

We are now opening up a new drug
store with a full and complete stock
of pure drugs and chemicals, and ev-
erything else usually kept in a first-class
drug store.

Nothing in our stock is second-hand,
but all our drugs, etc., are direct from
the laboratory, and are the best to be
had anywhere.

We expect some people to say harsh
things about us and endeavor to dam-
age us, but remember this is the mani-
festation of jealousy they bear us, and
it hurts.

Be not deceived. It is just as easy to
get pure drugs as it is to get drugs
that are impure. The strength of a
drug will deteriorate by long exposure
to light, air, moisture and thermal
changes, and the drug become abso-
lutely worthless. The same is true of
patent medicines, salts, barks, roots,
etc. Even man becomes worthless, so
far as strength is concerned, in old age.

We want your trade and
will save you money, offer-
ing you nothing but new
and first-class goods.

Besides drugs, we keep a full line of
perfumery, combs, hair brushes,
nail brushes, clothes brushes,
pens, pencils, tablets, fine
stationery, envelopes,
inks, mucilage, syringes,
cigars, cheroots, tobacco, in
fact we can't mention all the dif-
ferent articles you can find here.

SEE THAT YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS
ARE DIRECTED TO BE FILLED HERE.

Give us a call and we will treat you
fair and square.

COLUMBIANA DRUG COMPANY
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may
quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an
invention is probably patentable. Communi-
cations strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents
sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive
special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest cir-
culation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a
year, four months \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 255 F St., Washington, D. C.

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE COMPANY.

This store grows greater and better every day. Selling reliable
goods at the very lowest possible prices; with the choicest selected
stock of up-to-date merchandise always on hand; courteous treat-
ment and your money refunded if purchases are not satisfactory are
strong factors which cannot fail to build our business and increase our
popularity.

Read these prices and be convinced:

Good cotton checks, per yard	3 1/4	Mens' Imported Black Worsted	
10 balls of thread for	5	Suits, worth \$10.00 at	\$5.50
30 yards soft finish Bleaching for	\$1.00	Mens' heavy half-wool Suits	2.35
25 yards, yard wide Sea Island for	1.00	Fancy Clay Worsted Suits	3.75
5000 yards short-length Calicoes, per yard	3	Heavy Wool Overcoats	2.00
2 cases Turkey Red and English Gray, and Fancy Dress Cali- coes, 10 yards for	35	All-Wool Pants	1.00
Fancy Dress Outing Flannels at	5	Heavy Buckskin Working shirts	25
Hickory or Cheviot Shirtings at	5	Fancy Laundered Overshirts, col- lars and cuffs attached	25
Brown Drill Canton Flannel at	5	White Unlaundered Shirts, linen bosom	25
10-4 Brown Shirtings at	12 1/2	Heavy quality Undershirts	12 1/2
All-Wool Billings, double-width, Twilled Cashmeres, or Fancy	10	Extra heavy leather trimmed Suspenders	10
Figured, per yard	5	Wool hats, real 50-cent quality	25
Ladies' Hose, per pair	5	We have on hand 100 mens' and boys' single Vests, to close at	15
Childrens' Hose, all sizes, per pair	5	125 heavy half-wool boys knee suits in dark patterns, sizes 4	50
Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs	5	to 12	50
1 Box Linen Writing Paper and Envelopes	5	Childrens' undershirts and draw- ers, per suit	25
2 spools Machine Thread	5	We have the best line of chil- drens' school shoes from 50 cents up	
60-inch wide Turkey Red Table Cloth, at	25		
Ladies' Corsets, all sizes, at	25	GROCERIES.	
Ladies' double Capes, Collars and Upper Capes, trimmed with Santache fur, at	35	Good green Coffee, per pound	8
Heavy Melton Capes, trimmed with braid and fur	50	Lions or Leverings Roasted cof- fee, per pound	10
Ladies' Buckle Black Capes	2.00	Y. C. Sugar, 20 pounds for	1.00
Ladies' Silk Plush Capes	1.75	Soda, in pound packages, 6 for	25
Ladies' shoes, Lace or Button, Dongola or Calfskin, bought in a job, sizes 3 to 5, worth from \$1.00 to \$1.75, your choice at	65	25 cent bars of soap for	5
		Our Big-Deal soap, 1 1/2 pound pound	5
		Good Chewing Tobacco, per pound	8

On Flour, Meat and other heavy Gro-
ceries we will give you the lowest
market prices. We also handle a good
line of furniture, bedroom suits, tin-
ware and crockery and the O. K. cook-
ing stoves, which are the best FOR
DURABILITY.

We buy cotton and all marketable produce at highest prices.

We ask for your trade on the strength by the irresistible force
of our bargains. We feel justified that no buyer who means business
can leave our store unsuited or unsatisfied. We only want an opportu-
nity to show our goods, to put them into your hands, that you may
prove the correctness of all we claim for our styles, qualities and val-
ues.

To each purchaser we will give a ticket which will entitle the
holder to one share in a barrel of full patent flour to be given away by
us on the 1st and 15th of each month.

Don't be misled, but call and see just what this offer means.
You cannot afford to pass it. Hoping to see you soon, we are, yours
respectfully.

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby Co.
Betsy A. Castleberry vs. Willie Cas-
tleberry.

In Chancery, Sixth District, North-
Eastern Chancery Division.
In this cause, it is made to appear to
the Register by the affidavit of J. L.
Peters, that the defendant Willie Cas-
tleberry is a Non-Resident of the State
of Alabama, and that his place of resi-
dence is unknown.

It is therefore ordered, by the Reg-
ister, that publication be made in the
Peoples Advocate, a newspaper pub-
lished in the City of Columbiana, Ala.
once a week for four consecutive
weeks, requiring him, the said Willie
Castleberry to plead, answer or demur
to the bill of complaint in this cause
by the 19th day of December, A. D.
1898, or in thirty days thereafter, a de-
creo pro confesso may be taken against
him.

Done at office, in Columbiana, Ala.,
this 10th day of November, A. D. 1898.
J. R. WHITE,
Register.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of Fi. Fa. issued from the
Circuit Court of Shelby County, and to
me directed, I will proceed to sell in
front of The Court House, in the town
of Columbiana, on the 28th day of No-
vember, 1898, within the legal hours of
sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the
following described property, to-wit:
NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, section 30, township
19, range 1 west. All in Shelby county,
Alabama.

Levied upon as the property of E. D.
Hall, to satisfy said Fi. Fa. in my
hands in favor of Birmingham Dry
Goods Company.

This 24th day of October, 1898.
E. F. VEST, Sheriff.

We Employ
Young
Men

to distribute
our
advertis-
ments in part payment for a new bicycle and
bicycle, which we send them cash approval. No
work done until the bicycle arrives and prove
satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the
same terms.
It pays or girls apply they must be well recom-
mended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

Tax Collector's Notice.

I will attend at the following times
and places for the purpose of collect-
ing the State, County and Poll taxes
for the year 1898:

SECOND ROUND.
Helena, beat 6, Monday, November 14.
Bond, beat 5, Tuesday, November 15.
Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, November
16.
Aldrich, beat 4, Thursday, November
17.
Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, Novem-
ber 18.
Calera, beat 3, Saturday, November 19.
Bold Springs, beat 13, Monday, No-
vember 21.
Highland, beat 12, Tuesday, Novem-
ber 22.
Pelham, beat 17, Wednesday, Novem-
ber 23.
Ganadurque, beat 7, Thursday, Novem-
ber 24.
Martin's, beat 8, Monday, November
28.
Day's X Roads, beat 11, Tuesday, No-
vember 29.
Sterrett, beat 15, Wednesday, Novem-
ber 30.
Dunnivant, beat 18, Thursday, De-
cember 1.
Vandiver, beat 14, Friday, December
2.
Vincent, beat 16, Saturday, December
3.
Creswell, beat 10, Monday, December
5.
Harpersville, beat 10, Tuesday, De-
cember 6.
Wilsonville, beat 9, Wednesday, De-
cember 7.
Columbiana, beat 1, Thursday, De-
cember 8.
Spring Creek, beat 2, Friday, Decem-
ber 9.
Shelby Iron Works, beat 1, Saturday,
December 10.

Will be in Columbiana from Decem-
ber 19 to last of December, excepting
the 25th. On all taxes not paid by
January 1, 8 per cent interest and col-
lector's fee will be charged. Poll tax
es are delinquent after December 1.

JOHN H. ROBERTSON,
Tax Collector Shelby County.

The wasplike girl never permits
much of her dress material to go to
waist.

DO YOU WEAR TEETH?

A queer way of attracting your attention, but we want it. We are
kept busy making other people teeth, but will make yours also.

Have you teeth to fill?

Then don't wait until they ache, thereby saving much pain and
expense. It pays to have teeth filled.

Do you have indigestion?

Stop taking medicine to cure this trouble until you have removed
the cause. Have your teeth put in good condition and it will do
you more good than all the medicine about which anything is
known. Then your food will be assimilated, your blood made rich-
er and purer, and you will feel like a new person.

Do you appreciate good dentistry?

If you do we want to serve you. We have served hundreds of
others successfully and will serve you to the very best of our abil-
ity. Our prices are the same to all and are as reasonable as is con-
sistent with good work.

Fine Gold, Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty, and Satisfaction Guaranteed

OFFICE OVER PAGE & SON'S STORE.

DR. W. A. LOVETT, DENTIST,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALABAMA.

We lead, others try to follow!

We keep a full and complete line of Drugs, Chemicals, Toilet Articles,
Staple Drugs, Paints, Oils—in fact everything usually kept in a
FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE. If we haven't got exactly what
you want we make it a point to get it for you.

OUR PRICES—

are regular eye-openers, and are made with a view of catching
your trade, and when once you become a customer of ours you
will always be a customer if honest goods and fair prices count
anything with you.

OUR PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT—

is complete in every particular. Prescriptions carefully filled
day or night. Only the purest drugs that can be had are used,
and the utmost care and precision are exercised in compounding.

HALL DRUG COMPANY,

Columbiana, - - - - Ala.

Points About People You Know and Some You Don't Know. News From Different Beats.

County court convenes next Monday.

Don't fail to call on S. Stark for bargains.

See special "ad" of S. Stark in another column.

Dr. Smothers was in town Monday on business.

W. E. Merrell, of Shelby, was in the city Monday.

Wm. Lowery, of Dunnivant, was in the city yesterday.

F. W. Gist spent Sunday with home folks at Calera.

Stark's is the place to get the worth of your money.

J. T. Leeper, Jr., returned from Montgomery Monday.

Will McEwin, of Wilsonville, was in the city last Saturday.

Mrs. W. G. Parker visited relatives in Anniston this week.

Mrs. C. J. Christian is visiting relatives in Shelby this week.

Chese, fresh and good, at Hammondses, for 15 cents a pound.

Arther Carter, of Shelby, spent a few hours in the city Sunday.

Fancy yaller clarifide Shuger at Hammondses, 20 pounds for \$1.

W. A. Parker and Phillip Erickson spent Sunday on Yellow Leaf.

The best Kaughphy in this town at Hammondses, 9 pounds for \$1.

12 pounds uv ether grene or rosted caufy fur \$1 at Hammondses.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. O'Hara, of Wilsonville, were in the city Monday.

Miss Pearl Hendricks, of Renfro, is visiting relatives in the city.

A gud artickel in broun Shuger at Hammondses, 22 pounds for \$1.00.

Mrs. J. P. Harrell, who has been quite sick for several weeks, is improving.

All 5 sent Sopes 4 cents a cake, 11 cakes fur a quarter at Hammondses.

Tom Lester and wife, of Yellow Leaf, visited relatives in the city Sunday.

Pat Kroell, of Montevallo, was in the city one day last week on business.

Rev. T. V. Neal, of Wilsonville, spent several days in the city last week with friends.

Mrs. Avery and son Charlie, of Shelby, spent a few hours among friends here Saturday.

Rev. A. E. Burns filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Robinson and Miss Jessie Carter, of Shelby, spent Sunday evening with friends in the city.

Mrs. Charlie Brooks, after a pleasant visit to relatives in the city, returned to Birmingham last Friday.

Rev. S. N. Burns and I. D. Mason are attending the North Alabama Conference at Huntsville this week.

The social entertainment given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Robertson Tuesday night was quite a success.

The Red Store Company are expecting to put up a 25x50 foot addition to their store, making it the largest in the county.

The C. E. Society held a good meeting Sunday afternoon, led by Rev. A. E. Burns, of the Baptist church. Come out next Sunday.

Don't buy your Christmas goods till you see the beautiful and extensive assortment at J. H. Hammondses. The largest line ever in Columbiana.

The ladies of the Baptist church will give a supper on the evening of December 2, for the benefit of the church. The place will be announced later.

Col. Thompson delivered an eloquent and interesting lecture here Friday night on "Sabbath Observance." We hope much good may result therefrom.

A petition to the General Assembly of Alabama is being circulated among the citizens and tax-payers to repeal the act creating a charter for the city of Columbiana. It is meeting with general favor.

Mr. Sam Harrell and Miss Laura Bice were married at Shelby Tuesday morning, and came here to take the Southern train for their bridal trip. The Advocate wishes them much happiness and success.

Mrs. Harriette Nabors, who died at Gordonsville, Tex., last Monday week, was buried here last Friday by the side of her husband. Mrs. Nabors was formerly a Miss Wagner and was married at this place. No children survive her.

Duran-Hendricks.

On Tuesday, Nov. 22, 1898, at the residence of the bride's parents, at Renfro, Talladega county, Mr. C. B. Duran, of Calera, and Miss Lena Hendricks, of Renfro, were married. The happy couple came town on the afternoon Southern train, accompanied by Miss Pearl Hendricks, sister of the bride, and will spend a few days here with the family of Mr. H. W. Nelson. The bride is a charming and attractive young lady, possessing many rare traits and virtues. The groom is a handsome young man of substantial character, and bids fair to make a success of life. The Advocate congratulates them heartily, and hopes their path through life may be strewn with roses with all the thorns removed.

List of Jurors.

The following is a list of petit jurors drawn to serve at the fall term of county court, which convenes November 28th:

B. F. Thomas, Eli Crim, T. P. Payne, John Weldon, S. B. Bradley, S. M. Adams, J. H. Pennington, W. G. Lee, J. B. Comer, W. M. Harless, W. L. Crim, W. J. Florey, W. J. Andrews, J. R. Jones, W. H. Prestridge, S. C. Fulton, Wm. Bradley, Jason Powell, J. O. Alexander, R. E. Collins, D. F. Stone, J. H. Frost, R. B. Jordan, H. C. Henderson.

Wilsonville Items.

Walter McGowen made a trip to Vincent last week.

J. W. Kyle has been very sick for several days, but is improving.

L. A. Bradley, of Fourmile, is attending school at this place.

Messrs. B. H. Smothers and L. B. Riddle attended the singing at Mrs. Densler's Friday night.

Miss Alice Blackaby, a very beneficent young lady of Yellow Leaf, was the guest of Miss Laura Weldon last week.

James Black made a visit to Harpersville one day last week on business.

Look out boys, Dr. Smothers says he wishes to become in full affiliation with your society at Mrs. Densler's.

Tom Mooney, of Fourmile, is moving to our little town. Tom we are glad to accept you as a citizen.

There is a new residence building up in town. We are not capitated to give the consequences just now, but will predict that there will be a wedding before the crops are gathered or before spring comes again.

Some of our young people anticipated attending the singing at Liberty Sunday, but owing to the inclemency of the weather they were deprived of going.

Mr. Stoudenmire who lives near this place was visited by the angel of death taking away his little girl. The remains were laid to rest in the cemetery at this place. We must remember that the young must die as well as the old.

Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at the Baptist church. All young people are requested to attend.

"Ned" of Redlawn judging from the reading of your communications. I presume you are a girl. If this be true we will try to treat you with due courtesy and admire you as a correspondent.

James Henderson who lives 6 miles north of this place while in the dead hours of night his house caught on fire, burning up every thing he had but one bed and a few chairs.

John Grant, a negro of this place made a trip to Georgia a few days ago and brought back two negro boys, and on yesterday evening John was carried back to Ga., for kidnapping. John claims that the boys were his nephews and they were orphan children. I will be able to give the consequence in my next communication.

McKinley.

We are agents in this district for the New Royal sewing machine, the best on the market, with all new improvements, which we will sell for cash or on easy payments.

Columbiana Mercantile Co.

A nickle saved is a nickle made. Make money by buying your drugs, etc., from the Columbiana Drug Co.

Circuit Clerk Pearson moved Saturday to the Weaver residence, recently vacated by James Dykes.

An old dress made new. Diamond Dyes. All colors 9 cts per package at Columbiana Drug Co.

Remember next Tuesday and Wednesday is special bargain days at S. Stark, Shelby.

Remember the entertainment at the Academy to-night.

Epsom Salts 8 cts per lb. at Columbiana Drug Co.

Dr. Gunn, of Calera, was in the city yesterday.

Blue Stone 8 cts per lb. at Columbiana Drug Co.

Fourmile.

Gathering four-cent cotton is still the order of the day.

J. F. Baker, of near Harpersville, spent Sunday in our community.

There was services at the Primitive Baptist church Sunday.

E. B. Lyon and J. H. Taylor attended the singing at Liberty Sunday.

Henry Templin, of the Kingdom, attended services here Sunday.

Miss Eva Farr was the guest of Miss Lola Strickland Sunday.

Rev. J. C. Francis filled his regular appointment at Blue Spring church Sunday at 11 a. m.

The singing at J. L. Riddle's Saturday night was enjoyed by all who attended.

Harvey Waters, our genial friend, attended divine service at Wilsonville Sunday night.

The musical entertainment given by Miss Eva Farr Sunday night was a grand success.

The literary school at Center School House, under the control of Prof. S. S. Crumpton, is progressing nicely. Do not fail to patronize this school.

EDGE.

Vandiver.

Rev. W. F. Linder preached an interesting sermon here last Sunday.

There was a quiet wedding near this place on the 20th, Miss Violet Brasher to W. A. Whitfield.

Prof. J. M. Mundine who is teaching school at Cobb came up to see home folks Sunday.

J. R. Dyke and Miss Bettie Hunt of Sterrett attended divine service here Sunday.

Prof. H. M. Abercrombie left here last Thursday to take charge of a school at Shelby Springs, as he is one of Shelby's wide awake teachers we wish him success.

J. R. Falkner of Childersburg was the guest of Miss Minnie Kendrick last Sunday.

Ed Collins of Leeds was in our town Sunday.

Paul Falkner of Sterrett attended service here Sunday.

Mrs. J. W. Whitfield is visiting her daughter at the Birmingham water works.

Chas. Donaldson of Leeds visited the family of J. W. Kendrick Saturday and Sunday.

J. M. Hambricht moved in town last Saturday.

Miss Harriette Whitfield is visiting relatives at Woodlawn.

Success to the Advocate.

HANNAH MARIAH.

Spring Creek.

Health very good.

Weather fine.

Crops are about all gathered.

Some wheat and oats are now being sown.

Alex Worthy and lady, of Selma, was in our neighborhood on business last week, the guest of W. P. and T. R. Lovett.

The pound party at Mrs. Curlee's was a success and was greatly enjoyed by the young people.

I guess it is time now, election is over for Mr. T. R. Lovett to begin to sound his fog-horn of democracy, favoring a constitutional convention to disfranchise the illiterate etc.

Mr. Carden of Illinois, brother of Jas. Carden of beat 2 is with us visiting friends and relatives.

Mr. Christian of Denver, Col., is visiting home folks at Shelby.

Our P. M. at Shelby has been quite ill, though he is up again we are glad to state.

J. J. Lovett is engineer of the water works at Keywahatchie.

The entertainment on last Saturday night at Alex Evans was a source of great pleasure to the young people.

Success to the Advocate.

PEARK.

Health good.

J. M. Spearman went to Sterrett on business Saturday.

A. A. Logan of Cresswell visited his sister Mrs. D. W. Sharbutt Sunday.

M. A. Evans and D. W. Sharbutt went to Vincent on business last week.

Berry Spearman went to Sterrett Monday on business.

Thomas Crane of St. Clair, was buried at liberty church Saturday. We extend sympathy to the bereaved family.

Mrs. Nolen is visiting her daughter Mrs. N. S. Hester this week.

Some of our farmers begin to sow wheat, hurrah for the farmers. Success to the Advocate.

We are having plenty of rain this week. I think if it keeps on raining those who have not gathered, their crops will rot in the field.

WILD BILL.

Corinth Hob-Nobs.

Health good, with few exceptions.

A few more bright days and the remnant of the four-cent cotton will be on the road.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Comer visited relatives at Minewky Sunday.

J. D. Kirby spent Sunday with relatives near Shelby Springs.

Mrs. Guens returned home Sunday from an extended visit with relatives near Jamison.

Rev. Will Crim of Shelby Springs filled his regular appointment here Sunday.

Miss Birtie Holcombe spent Saturday and Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Zilphy Parker near Shelby Springs.

E. L. Fulton Jr. of Saginaw passed through the community Sunday on his way to Columbiana.

Messrs. Daugherty and Holcombe transacted business at Columbiana Friday.

Pratt Saw Mill Co. have purchased a lot of timber from Mrs. Holcombe and Mrs. Pond. The employees are very busily engaged in carrying the stock by drays, to the Shelby Springs switch.

Mrs. A. C. Robinson of Springs Junction who has been visiting relatives in the vicinity, returned home Sunday.

Mrs. Henrietta Comer who has just finished weaving fifty five yards of cloth says, that she is now ready to cook for boarders.

The good citizens of this community were very kind and quick in aiding Mrs. Branch, whose husband died some time ago in gathering her crop.

Mr. Bailly Comer is a hustler in making a crop if he would just gather it. We presume he anticipated when planting on getting seven cents for his cotton, and when it began to sell for less than five cents he decided that driving beef cattle would pay better than to pick it out.

MAX.

Health good.

Rev. Davis failed to fill his appointment at Hopewell last Sunday.

J. T. Holcombe went to Calera last Friday on business.

We was very glad to meet on last Sunday Will Harper of the first Georgia regiment, who was mustered of service last Saturday.

School opened at this place last Monday with Prof. Abercrombie as principal. Mr. Abercrombie taught at this place last summer, and we are very glad to have him with us again as an educator.

From the way the widower went down the road last Sunday we are going to get some pumpkin bread to eat soon.

COLONEL.

Redlawn News.

Heath not good.

Rev. J. C. Francis filled his appointment at Blue Spring Sunday, and preached a very interesting sermon.

J. F. Baker was in our community Sunday.

The farmers are almost done picking cotton in this section of the country.

E. B. Lyon and H. T. Taylor went to Yellow Leaf Sunday to see their best girls.

Henry Farr and Miss Ella Benate, of the Kingdom, were in our community Sunday.

J. N. Lyon was at Redlawn Saturday.

Pickens Miner went to Columbiana one day last week on business.

Ed Lindsey was in our community Sunday.

Frank Lyon was the guest of Miss Alice Spearman Sunday.

What about the mule getting loose Friday night?

W. N. Miner wants all your chickens and eggs.

Mrs. W. A. Miner spent Sunday with Mrs. Hughes.

NED.

Days Cross Roads.

Health good.

The farmers are about done picking cotton.

Mrs. Lula Moore of Pratt City, is visiting friends and relatives in our community this week.

Mr. Sharbutt made a business trip to Sterrett this week.

Mc. and Mrs. D. G. Sullivan, of Montevallo are visiting relatives in our community this week.

The birth day dinner given by Mr. Jay Hartsfield Saturday was fine.

Some of our boys went to the horse swapping convention last Saturday and come back with the stock.

I think from the way the little mule goes across Muddy Prong we are going to get some cake soon.

C. M. Spearman of Fourmile was in our town Saturday night and Sunday.

Success to the Advocate.

RED X.

SAVE MONEY

WHILE THE CHANCE LASTS.

A Little of it Will Give Wonderful Satisfaction if Invested in Our Sincerely Special Sales on

Tuesday and Wednesday Nov. the 29th and 30th.

We have opened the Season with a Magnificent Stock of Goods that beat the record for Assortments, Beauty and Low Prices.

We shall close it with a big Stock disposed of, and the best pleased lot of customers you ever saw.

We have just received a Tremendous and Beautiful Line of Samples of Children's, Boy's, Girl's, Men's and Ladies' Shoes of all description, bought of the largest manufactures in Boston and Baltimore.

Over a thousand (1000) Samples of the Best Selected and Elegant Shoes made, will be sold at Manufacturing cost on Tuesday the 29th, and Wednesday the 30th.

Bundles of Ducking now only 70 cents.

With Pride and Confidence in the Variety of our Selected

Stock, we invite you to come and see this Seasonable Line of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, DRESS GOODS, EMBROIDERY, LACES, SILKS, HATS, CAPES, TRUNKS AND VALISES.

No trouble about deciding that you want Good Goods Cheap, but a great deal of trouble in deciding what firm will do the best by its customers in this direction?

WE WILL.

THIS TRUE STATEMENT IS ENDORSED BY THE PEOPLE WITHOUT DOUBT OF HESITATION.

COME AND REAP THE BEST VALUES YOUR DOLLAR EVER BOUGHT.

S. STARK,
Shelby, Ala.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Condensed Schedule in Effect Sept. 18, 1898.

STATIONS. No. 20

No. 19. Birmingham. At 7:45pm

6:00am. Lv. Birmingham. At 7:45pm

10:25am. Lv. Selma. At 8:15pm

4:30pm. Lv. Mobile. At 8:30am

No. 22. STATIONS. No. 23. No. 24.

No. 25. STATIONS. No. 26. No. 27.

No. 28. STATIONS. No. 29. No. 30.

No. 31. STATIONS. No. 32. No. 33.

No. 34. STATIONS. No. 35. No. 36.

No. 37. STATIONS. No. 38. No. 39.

No. 40. STATIONS. No. 41. No. 42.

No. 43. STATIONS. No. 44. No. 45.

No. 46. STATIONS. No. 47. No. 48.

No. 49. STATIONS. No. 50. No. 51.

No. 52. STATIONS. No. 53. No. 54.

No. 55. STATIONS. No. 56. No. 57.

No. 58. STATIONS. No. 59. No. 60.

No. 61. STATIONS. No. 62. No. 63.

No. 64. STATIONS. No. 65. No. 66.

No. 67. STATIONS. No. 68. No. 69.

No. 70. STATIONS. No. 71. No. 72.

No. 73. STATIONS. No. 74. No. 75.

No. 76. STATIONS. No. 77. No. 78.

No. 79. STATIONS. No. 80. No. 81.

No. 82. STATIONS. No. 83. No. 84.

No. 85. STATIONS. No. 86. No. 87.

No. 88. STATIONS. No. 89. No. 90.

No. 91. STATIONS. No. 92. No. 93.

No. 94. STATIONS. No. 95. No. 96.

Angels Played Bagpipes.

In Gothic sculpture and tragedy angels are sometimes portrayed practicing on the bagpipes. The pipes were occasionally used in churches before the introduction of the organ, early in the fifteenth century.

Australian Aborigines.

The Australian aborigines are now ranked by ethnographers as fifth or sixth in the list of so-called natural races. The Veddas, of Ceylon, being the lowest in the scale of savage culture.

The Mushroom's Life.

The mushroom's life is measured by hours, but it flourishes long enough for an insect to hang its egg on the edge of the "umbrella," and for the eggs to become an insect ready to colonize the next mushroom that springs up.

Glass in Manila.

The best houses in the city of Manila are of stone, and are handsome residences. Glass is not used for the windows, which are glazed with translucent oyster shells.

Catarrh

In the head, with its ringing noises in the ears, buzzing, snapping sounds, severe headaches and disagreeable discharges, is permanently cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Do not delay with local applications. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla and make a thorough and complete cure by eradicating from the blood the scrofulous taints that cause catarrh.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is America's Greatest Medicine. \$1; six for \$5.
Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

Russian Courtship.

One of the national eccentricities in the Ukranian Russia is that the maiden is the one that does all the courting. When she falls in love with a man she goes to his house and tells him the state of her feelings. If he reciprocates all is well, and a formal marriage is duly arranged. If, however, he is unwilling, she remains there, hoping to coax him into a better mind. The poor fellow cannot treat her with the least discourtesy or turn her out, for her friends would be sure to avenge the insult. His best chance, therefore, if he is really determined he will not marry her, is to leave his home and stay away as long as she is in it. This is certainly a peculiar way of turning a man out of house and home.

The next international congress of chemists will be held in Paris in 1900.

THEY WANT TO TELL

These Grateful Women Who Have Been Helped by Mrs. Pinkham.

Women who have suffered severely and been relieved of their ills by Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine are constantly urging publication of their statements for the benefit of other women. Here are two such letters:

Mrs. Lizzie Beverly, 258 Merrimac St., Lowell, Mass., writes: "It affords me great pleasure to tell all suffering women of the benefit I have received from taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I can hardly find words to express my gratitude for what she has done for me. My trouble was ulceration of the womb. I was under the doctor's care. Upon examination he found fifteen very large ulcers, but he failed to do me good. I took several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, also used the Sanative Wash, and am cured. Mrs. Pinkham's medicine saved my life, and I would recommend it to all suffering women."

Mrs. Amos Thomeley, Ellenburgh Ctr., N. Y., writes: "I took cold at the time my baby was born, causing me to have milk legs, and was sick in bed for eight weeks. Doctors did me no good. I surely thought I would die. I was also troubled with falling of the womb. I could not eat, had faint spells as often as ten times a day. One day a lady came to see me and told me of the benefit she had derived from taking Lydia E. Pinkham's medicine, and advised me to try it. I did so, and had taken only half a bottle before I was able to sit in a chair. After taking three bottles I could do my own work. I am now in perfect health."

PRIVATE.
Every communication kept strictly confidential. If you are suffering from the slightest ailment, write or call. Chronic Nervous, Blood, Skin, Genito-Urinary, Private, Rheumatic, Catarrh, and all diseases peculiar to women. Impurities, discharges, and all diseases of the female system, successfully treated at Dispensary or by mail. Send for free circulars and question blanks for men and women sent free.

Dr. Dozier is endorsed by the press and people of every section of Alabama.
Address:
Southern Medical Dispensary,
DR. O. T. DOZIER, Prop.,
Birmingham, Ala.

BAD BLOOD

"CASCARETS do all claimed for them and are a truly wonderful medicine. I have often wished for a medicine pleasant to take and I have found it in Cascarets. Since taking them, my blood has been purified and I feel much better in every way."
MRS. SALLIE E. SELLARS, Latrobe, Tenn.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sickens, Weakens, or Grips. 25c. Doz. 2.00.
CURE CONSTIPATION.
Selling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York, 210
NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to **CURE** Tobacco Habit.

WANTED—One of best health that **REFRANS** will not benefit. Send 5c. to **HIPMAN Chemical Co.**, New York, for 10 samples and 100 testimonials.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS
Best Cough Syrup. Cures Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, and all Lung Affections. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

WILL BE PUT INTO COMMISSION.
Complete arrangements have been made to put the cruiser Chicago in commission at New York on the 1st proximo. The Chicago has been out of commission for nearly three years, during which time she has undergone almost a complete transformation.

Triple Murder Near Paducah, Ky.
A triple tragedy occurred within three miles of Paducah, Ky., Saturday. Ed Ross, in a fit of jealousy, killed his wife and John Walker, of whom he was jealous, and then blew out his own brains.

BEG DEWEY'S PROTECTION

Insurgents Threaten Wholesale Massacre at Iloilo, Island of Panay.

CRITICAL SITUATION IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Americans Can Do Nothing Under the Rules of War—Verbal Representations Have Been Made to Aguinaldo. Friendly Course Urged.

WASHINGTON.—News of a mixed character came to the navy department Friday from Admiral Dewey touching the situation in the Philippines. The admiral sent two of his warships, the Charleston and Concord, some time ago to the southward from Manila to ascertain whether there was any truth in reports that the insurgents had extended their activities in that direction. He cabled as follows:

"Manila.—Secretary Navy, Washington: Charleston and Concord arrived Friday from Iloilo. Glass reports that the entirety of Panay is in possession of insurgents except Iloilo, which is defended by 800 Spanish troops. All foreign citizens there beg for American protection. The Island of Negros has declared independence and desires American protection. "Dewey."

Glass is the commander of the Charleston. So far nothing has been done by the administration toward curbing the insurgents in their operations, save verbal representations from the American commanders to Aguinaldo, in which it has been pointed out to him that it would be good policy, in view of the probability of the annexation of the islands by the United States to pursue a course that would not be obnoxious to the United States. But the situation is now realized to be critical. So far as the Spaniards are concerned, perhaps they can be left to take care of themselves, but the foreign residents at Iloilo are differently regarded.

The difficulty in the situation is that with the best intention to intervene to protect the Europeans and other foreigners, and to save the city of Iloilo, the second in importance in the Philippine group from looting, the United States forces appear to be estopped under the rules of war from moving from their positions. Such is the construction placed upon the clause in the protocol relating to a suspension of hostilities.

A BRITISH SHIP LOST.

The Atlanta Goes Down Off the Coast of Oregon—Twenty-seven Lives Lost.

The British ship Atlanta was lost off the coast of Oregon Friday. The vessel left Tacoma, Wash., last Saturday with \$65,000 worth of wheat for Delagoa Bay, South Africa. She was in command of Captain Charles McBride, of Morneke, Scotland. The ship had twenty-seven men, the only names of those on record here being those of the captain and those who joined the vessel at Tacoma as seamen, all of whom were lost but three.

The Atlanta was of only 1,639 tons register. She was built in 1885, owned by N. Hill, of Scotland, and was worth probably \$50,000. She was fleet and was built for a troop or passenger vessel, to ply between Great Britain and the British colonies.

LIVE WIRE'S WORK.

A Lodge Initiation May Cost the Candidate His Life.

Dr. William H. Sensabaugh, a dentist of Port Byron, a small town just east of Moline, Ill., is in a serious condition as a result of pranks played upon him while being initiated in a fraternal insurance lodge in that village. During the initiatory ceremonies he was blindfolded and given several slight shocks from a live wire. The bandage over his eyes having become loosened he sought to outwit those who were having fun at his expense by locating the wire and attempting to avoid it. One of the initiating team seeing the candidate was about to evade the wire gave him a little shove, which unfortunately proved sufficient to throw him off his balance, and he fell hands down upon the battery itself, receiving a shock which rendered him unconscious.

OPPOSE ANNEXATION.

Movement at Boston for a Mighty Protest Against the President's Course.

The organizers of the movement against the annexation of the Philippines met in Boston, Mass., Saturday. A constitution was adopted, officers elected, and an address was issued to the people of the United States, urging prompt co-operation in getting signatures to a protest against the annexation of the Philippines. Edward Atkinson presided. Andrew Carnegie sent a check for \$1,000 for the use of the movement. Funds have already been subscribed liberally.

Drowned in the Yukon.

Passengers on the steamer Dirigo which arrived at Victoria Friday last from Skagway, bring news of the drowning of two men in the Fifty Mile rapids on the Yukon river. Four men left Lake Bennett on a scow September 21, with fifty tons of provisions. When the scow reached Fifty Mile rapids her seams opened, and she sank. Two men named Smith and Holloway swam ashore, the other two, whose names are unknown, being drowned.

Will Be Put Into Commission.

Complete arrangements have been made to put the cruiser Chicago in commission at New York on the 1st proximo. The Chicago has been out of commission for nearly three years, during which time she has undergone almost a complete transformation.

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THE NEWS OF OUR OWN STATE.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Young Woman Cremated by Explosion of an Oil Can.

At Decatur Mrs. Claude Palmer was burned to death by her clothing catching fire from the explosion of an oil can in her hands. The accident happened when she began preparation for the noon meal. The fire in the stove would not burn well and she poured some kerosene out of a can on it. Not seeing success she poured on oil a second time, when the blaze flashed up and entered the can. There was an explosion and burning oil was scattered in every direction. Mrs. Palmer's dress was ignited and she jumped into bed to smother it out. The bed caught fire and only made matters worse. Then she ran out into the yard with fire all over her, where she was caught by some workmen and rolled in a puddle of water in the street and the flames extinguished, but she was so terribly burned that death came shortly afterward. Mrs. Palmer was only 17 years old and had only been married a week.

Mine Inspector's Recommendations.
State Mine Inspector J. DeB. Hooper has submitted to the governor the customary biennial report of his office. The most interesting portion of the report is that containing the suggestions of the inspector for legislation. One very important recommendation is that all underground mines be put under the jurisdiction of the mine inspector. Another recommendation is that the holders of first-class mine foremen's certificates be examined every two years so as to satisfy the mine inspector that they are keeping abreast of the times and their duties.

Big Catholic Hospital for Birmingham.

At a meeting of the Sisters of Charity Hospital association in Birmingham, subscriptions to the amount of \$6,844.19 were reported. It was reported that the temporary quarters for the hospital would be ready Friday, and that Sister Benedicta would assume charge. It was reported further that the first building to be erected for the permanent hospital would cost \$50,000 and that the total cost of the building and their equipments would be in the neighborhood of \$200,000. Father Lannon, of Emmetsburg, who was at meeting, said that he had determined to name the institution St. Vincent's Hospital.

New Branch of Illinois Central.

President Stuyvesant Fish and Vice-President J. T. Harahan, of the Illinois Central railroad, spent Saturday in the neighborhood of Winfield, Marion county, inspecting the work which is being done on the Canton, Aberdeen and Nashville railroad near there, ten miles of which is under construction. The Illinois Central is behind the project and the new road when built through from Aberdeen to Winfield will give that company a line into the Alabama coal fields. It is believed that contracts for further work on the line will be let soon and that the visit of the officials is a bearing in that direction.

McKinley Invited to Montgomery, Ala.

The Alabama senate Saturday passed a joint resolution inviting President McKinley "in the name of the general assembly and people of Alabama to extend his visit to Montgomery and to be present in Montgomery on the 17th day of December, as the state's guest or at such other time as may suit his pleasure and convenience."

New Coal Mine to Be Opened.

Articles of incorporation have been filed in the probate judge's office at Birmingham by the Warrior Coal Mining company. The capital stock is \$50,000 and the incorporators are R. H. Pearson and H. P. Thornton. The company will mine coal in the vicinity of Warrior.

Accidentally Killed.

Luther Moore, a young man aged 24 years, was accidentally killed last week four miles west of Athens by being run over by a loaded wagon, driven by his father.

BRIEFLY MENTIONED.

Smallpox is reported to be causing trouble in some parts of Pike county.

Richard Steel, a prominent citizen of Stead, died Saturday morning.

A couple of young ladies of that city will get out a Thanksgiving edition of the Enfantina Times for the cause of charity.

Cotton picking is about over and cane grinding and corn gathering are engaging the attention of the farmers in Barbour county. Considerable wheat has been sold and the indications point to a pretty fair acreage this fall.

Major-General Joe Wheeler has been invited and will probably accept, an invitation to be at Decatur Thanksgiving to deliver an address to and assist the Decatur High school cadets in their ceremony of formal organization and raising a monster silk flag over the school building.

General Buell Dead.

Gen. Don Carlos Buell, whose fame on the battlefields in both the Mexican and civil war is remembered, and who has given to the country three American soldiers, died at his home, four miles from Rockport, Ky., Saturday. General Buell was born at Marietta, O., December 23, 1818. In the Mexican war he was promoted for gallantry to brevet major, and when the civil war began he was a major-general. At Shiloh he saved the day for Grant. He resigned his commission in the army in June, 1864, and has lived in retirement ever since.

Brazil Has a New Cabinet.

A special dispatch from Rio Janeiro says a new cabinet has been formed, as follows: Minister of finance, Senor Murinho; minister of war, Senor Mallet; minister of foreign affairs, Senor Demaghalles; minister of marine, Senor De Silveira.

Eleven Men Killed.

During a dense fog Friday a Pennsylvania train ran upon a gang of workmen on the Hackensack Meadow, near New York, and eleven men were killed.

Electrically Charged Body.

Benjamin Berdell, a wandering clock-repairer, is death on flies. Three years ago, when at Rahway, N. J., during a storm he was picking cherries, when the tree was struck by lightning. Berdell received a severe shock. It transformed him into an electric man. Anyone who shakes hands with him now receives a severe shock. By pressing the blades of a knife between his thumb and finger during a storm he charges the metal so thoroughly that heavy weights can be lifted. When flies alight upon him they drop dead. When he is in a dark room sparks flash from his flesh and his eyes shine like incandescent lamps. Whenever a storm approaches Berdell becomes highly charged with electricity and it is dangerous to touch him. He says that he feels no inconvenience except that he will not go near a moving locomotive for fear of being drawn against it and killed.—New York Press.

The Reason Why.

A good story is told of an English naval officer, whose ship was stationed off the coast of Ceylon, and who went off for a day's shooting along the coast, accompanied by a native attendant well acquainted with the country. Coming to a particularly inviting river, the officer resolved to have a bath, and asked the native to show him a place where there were no alligators. The native took him to a pool close to the estuary. The officer thoroughly enjoyed his dip, and, while drying himself, he asked his guide why there were never any alligators in that pool. "Because, sar," promptly replied the Cingalese, "they plenty 'fraid of shark."

A Milwaukee judge recently granted a divorce, with the provision that the wife pay the husband alimony.

Creeping Consumption

Do not think for a single moment that consumption will ever strike you a sudden blow. It creeps its way along.

First, you think it is a little cold; nothing but a little hacking cough; then a little loss in weight; then a harder cough; then the fever and the night sweats.

The suddenness comes when you have a hemorrhage. Better stop the disease while it is yet creeping. You can do it with

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

You first notice that you cough less. The pressure on the chest is lifted. That feeling of suffocation is removed. A cure is hastened by placing one of

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster over the Chest.

A Book Free.
It is on the Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Write us Freely.
If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice, can possibly receive, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt, truthful answer.

DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

The Potash Question.

A thorough study of the subject has proven that crop failures can be prevented by using fertilizers containing a large percentage of Potash; no plant can grow without Potash.

We have a little book on the subject of Potash, written by authorities, that would like to send to every farmer, free of cost, if he will only write and ask for it.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

Chickens EARN Money

IF YOU GIVE THEM HELP.
You cannot do this unless you understand them and know how to cater to their requirements, and you cannot spend your time and dollars learning by experience, so you must buy the knowledge acquired by others. We offer this to you for only 5 cents.

YOU WANT THEM TO PAY THEIR OWN WAY

even if you merely keep them as a diversion, in order to handle Fowls judiciously, you must know something about them. To meet this want we are selling a book giving the experience of **Only 25c.** of a practical poultry raiser for a man who put all his mind, time, and money to making a successful year. It was written by a man who was a business—and if you will profit by his twenty-five years' work, you can save many Chickens annually, and make your Fowls earn dollars for you. The point is, that you must be able to detect trouble in the poultry yard as soon as it appears, and know how to remedy it. This book will teach you. It tells how to detect and cure diseases, to feed for eggs and also for fattening; which fowls to save for breeding purposes; and everything, indeed, you should know on this subject to make it profitable. Sent postpaid for twenty-five cents in stamps.

Book Publishing House
134 Leonard St., N. Y. City.



THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.
LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is tenfold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co., Manufacturers. Sold by Druggists and Dealers, 75c. per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A naturalist of eminence says that land birds make their journeys in the daytime and water birds at night.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cured, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. \$1. All druggists.

It is customary in China to congratulate a fat man, because it is taken for granted that he must be rich.

COLUMBUS, Ga., Aug. 24, 1877.
DR. C. J. MOFFETT.—Dear Doctor: We gave your "Fasting" (Fasting Powders) to our little grandchild with the happiest results. The effects were almost magical, and certainly more than a credit to your medicine. We are most grateful to you for anything we ever used. Yours, very truly,
JOSEPH S. KEY, Pastor of St. Paul Church, (Now Bishop Southern Methodist Church.)

Piso's Cure For Consumption relieves the most obstinate coughs.—Rev. D. B. MORGENTHAU, Lexington, Mo., February 2, 1894.

It has been estimated that a single plant of the Russian thistle six feet in diameter produces \$10,000 worth.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c. or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

The female brain commences to decline in weight after the age of thirty; the male not until ten years later.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

It is calculated that the men and women of today are nearly two inches taller than their ancestors.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartics cure constipation forever. 10c. 25c. J. C. C. C. fall druggists refund money.

The only two animals whose brains are said to be heavier than that of a man are the whale and the elephant.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. \$2 trial bottle and treatise free. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 381 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

There are 23 glaciers in the Alps said to be over five miles in length.

In a square inch of the human scalp the hairs number about 1,000.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. J. C. C. C. fall to cure, druggists refund money.

A single oyster in season produces about 1,000,000 young.

The nails on amputated fingers continue to grow.

Lyons & Co.'s "Plek Leaf" Smoking Tobacco stands at the top for its delicious aroma. Good as can be made. Try it.

Resignation is the name of the angel who carries most of our soul's burdens.

Beauty is Blood Deep. Clean blood means a clear skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic, clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c. 25c. 50c.

Howard Conkling, candidate for congress in the Twelfth New York district, is a nephew of the late Senator Roscoe Conkling.

Italy's Poor. Marvelous economy is practiced by the poor of Italy in looking after the wants of the inner man. Coffee grounds from the wealthy man's kitchen are dried and resold to the poor. In a similar way oil is twice and sometimes three times used, the drippings after each successive frying being gathered from the pan and sold to the poor.

There are 47,668 coke ovens in the United States, of which no less than 26,910 are in Pennsylvania.

The Origin of "Windfall." The origin of "windfall," dates from the time of William the Conqueror. It was then a criminal offense to cut timber in the forests. Only such could be gathered as the wind had blown down; hence a heavy wind-storm was hailed by the peasants as so much good luck; and from this comes the modern application of the expression.

Mark Twain is said to show the effects of his recent efforts and to be aging rapidly.

Eating Snails.

The stories about Frenchmen eating snails are believed by many people to have no foundation in fact, but snails are eaten, and to a very considerable extent, in France. Nearly 100,000 pounds weight of snails are sold daily in the Paris markets to be eaten by dwellers in that city. They are carefully reared for the purpose in extensive snail gardens in the provinces, and fed on aromatic herbs to give them a fine flavor. One such garden in Dijon is said to bring in to its proprietor several thousand francs a year.

Many Swiss cantons also contain large snail gardens, where they are reared with great pains. They are not only regarded as a great delicacy, but are considered very nutritious. Hygienists state that they contain seventeen per cent of nitrogenous matter, and that they are equal to oysters in nutritive properties.

Snails are also extensively used as an article of food in Austria, Spain, Italy and Egypt, and the countries on the African side of the Mediterranean. Indeed, the habit of eating snails as food has existed in various parts of Europe for many centuries.

Protection for Railway.

On the new Russian military railway from Europe to Andijan, on the borders of the Chinese empire, a tree-like shrub called the sassaoul had to be planted all along the line through the desert to prevent the rails being covered by sand. For further protection a ribbon of wild oats runs along both sides of the railway.

Before a fire brigade can start for a fire in Berlin the members must all fall in line in military fashion and salute their captain. This proceeding wastes at least three minutes.

How to Get Strong

A system which has become run down by the trying weather of the past summer is not in a condition to meet the severe winter of this climate and will easily fall a prey to disease unless a proper tonic is used.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the best medicine in the world for building up and strengthening an enervated system.

Do not confuse these pills with ordinary purgative pills. They do NOT act on the bowels, thereby further weakening the body. They build up the blood and strengthen the nerves.

Major A. C. Bishop, of 715 Third Ave., Detroit, Mich., is a well-known civil engineer. He says: "When I had my last spell of sickness and came out of the hospital I was a sorry sight. I could not regain my strength, and could not walk over a block for several weeks. I read some notices in the newspapers regarding Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, which convinced me that they were worth trying and I bought two boxes. I did not take them for my complexion but for strength. After using them I felt better, and knew they did me words of good. I am pleased